SUBSCRIBER'S : : PAPER : :

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

THIS COPY is Non-Salable. Any person selling it is liable to prosecution.

VOL. XL.—No. 242 ATLANTA, GA., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 13, 1908.—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SOUTHERN MEN BANDED TO GET $68,000,000

Representatives from the South Organize to Secure Cotton Taxes.

CONGRESS TO BE ASKED TO GIVE MONEY OUTRIGHT

There Will Be No Need to Employ Attorneys or Lobbyists—Southern Congressmen Themselves Will Act as Lobyists to Secure the Refund.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, D. C., February 12.—(Special.)—The southern members of congress are going to make a determined effort to fight through the present session a bill providing for the refunding of the $68,000,000 of cotton taxes paid during the years from 1863 to 1868.

Tonight a meeting was held, attended by one representative in congress from each of the eleven southern states affected by this bill, and a permanent organization was formed. Later eleven southern senators will be urged to join the special committee, and work in a systematic and determined way for the passage of the bill.

It is the purpose of the movers to have congress appropriate the money outright to pay to all holders of cotton tax receipts. There will be no need for the employment of lawyers or lobbyists to push individual claims or any necessity for a reference of claims to the court of claims.

In this instance the southern members of congress are lobbying for the passage of the measure through congress. They may not be successful at this session, butt hey believe with systematic work they will be successful next session. This was the tone of all the talks made tonight. A resolution has been introduced calling upon the secretary of the treasury for a statement of the amounts paid under the acts of congress levying the tax, including the names of those who paid the tax and the amount paid.

The state legislatures throughout the south will be asked to adopt resolutions memoralizing congress to pass the bill. Georgia has already taken this step.

The chairman of the congressional committee is Representative Frank Clark, of Florida, who introduced a bill on the first day of this session calling for a refund of the cotton tax and who supported his measure in a masterly argument on the law and the evidence a few days ago. Representative Bell, of Georgia, is secretary. These two, with Representative Heflin, of Alabama, constitute a subcommittee to look after the details of the work.

CORDIAL WELCOME GIVEN TO ST. LOUIS VISITORS

Mayor Rolla Wells and Other St. Louis People Visited by Mayor Joyner.

Mayor Rolla Wells, of St. Louis, accompanied by Murray Carleton and Horatio N. Davis, directors in the St. Louis Republic, with George L. Allen, spent yesterday in Atlanta.

They were at the Piedmont for some time, where Mayor Joyner and Secretary Dan Carey paid them an official call.

It was renewing old acquaintanceship for Mayor Joyner, for Mayor Wells was in charge of the executive department of St. Louis when Mayor Joyner, then Chief Joyner, visited that city during the world's fair.

The party was en route to Augusta, where they go to play golf on the excellent golf links in that city. Mayor Wells expressed himself as delighted with Atlanta, and stated that his trip was purely one of pleasure, as he was taking his winter vacation.

DEATH OF MRS. MARY HODGE.

She Was One of the Pioneers of City—Funeral Services This Afternoon.

Mrs. Mary Hodge, 80 years old, one of the pioneers of Atlanta, died last night at the residence of J. B. Withers.

Mrs. Hodge had quite a large circle of friends in the city, and was highly respected by all. The owners of the Withers Foundry and Machine works were her relatives. She leaves one sister, Mrs. R. E. Woodbury, and one brother, John T. White.

Funeral services will be held in the private chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The body will be taken to Mt. Zion church, Douglas county, Friday for burial.

Rich Haul by Pickpockets.

Mexico City, February 12.—Four American pickpockets robbed Paymaster Mariano Urdanivia, of the Zepadores battalion of $5,490, as he was leaving the National bank with the money to pay the troops. The theft was witnessed by a detective, who caught two of the men, and recovered all but $100 of the cash. The Americans gave fictitious names. The two who escaped are being tracked.

Recorder for Statesboro.

Statesboro, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the town council last night W. H. Blitch was appointed city recorder. There were several candidates for the place. It is understood that Mr. Blitch's salary will be fixed at $100 per month.

GIRL DEFENDER OF THE ALAMO STRIKES I LAC

Miss De Zavala, Who Held Famous Fort Alone, to Capitulate.

SHE'LL MARCH FROM FORT WITH HER COLORS FLYING

And Allow the State Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds to Take Charge Until Final Action is Taken by the Courts.

San Antonio, Tex., February 12.—Miss Adina de Zavala, lone defender of the Alamo, has capitulated. Attorneys for the woman said tonight that she would retreat from the historic building tomorrow morning and allow W. G. Day, state superintendent of buildings and grounds, to assume control.

According to the terms of the agreement it is understood that Mr. Day will control the building and that portion which is rented until the courts take final action.

Mr. Day did not enter the building at all today, and Miss de Zavala held the old fort defiantly against all comers.

WHIPPED MAN TO LOSE WIFE

Mrs. Bailey Brings Suit for Divorce at Carnesville.

CRUEL TREATMENT ALLEGED

In Her Petition Mrs. Bailey Alleges That Dr. Bailey Was Wont to Chastise Her at Will—Dr. Bailey and the Canon Postoffice.

Carnesville, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Canon looms up with another chapter to the whipping of Dr. Bailey. His wife has filed a petition for divorce in Franklin superior court, Colonel J. C. Bond representing her, and the ground for divorce being cruel treatment.

It is alleged he would chastise her and that his treatment was very cruel.

It is alleged that Dr. Bailey has made matrimonial ventures prior to the present, which did not result happily.

There is also strong feeling against Dr. Bailey on the part of the friends of the postmaster of Canon. The postmaster and his friends allege that Dr. Bailey reported to the department that gross irregularities existed in the Canon office and that these charges were unfounded.

HARDWICK TALKS OF TARIFF

Georgian Also Touches on Trusts and President's Message.

Washington, February 12.—The tariff, trusts and the president's message were discussed in the house by Mr. Hardwick, of Georgia. He first took up the tin plate industry and demonstrated from the reports of the British board of trade, issued in 1904, that the difference in the price of tin plate in Wales and New York amounted substantially to the cost of the transportation added to the duty during each year since 1890. Mr. Hardwick furnished British statistics showing that wages in the United States had increased at a slower rate from 1881 to 1900 than in any foreign country.

The democrats, he said, had been delighted with the president's crusade against monopolies, but he predicted the president would not accomplish anything until he reached the heart of the evil and got at the source of the monopolies.

L. W. FLAGLER PASSES AWAY.

Prominent Young South Carolinan Dies of Pneumonia.

Kingstree, S. C., February 12.—(Special.)—News has been received here of the death of Lonnie W. Flagler, at Indiantown, S. C. Pneumonia was the cause of his death. Mr. Flagler was 26 years of age. He was a member of one of the most prominent families of South Carolina, and was one of the most popular young men in this section. He was the son of the late Robert W. Flagler, of Williamsburg county. Mr. Flagler was well known in Georgia, having resided at Dalton, Ga., with his aunt, Mrs. J. C. Bivings, for several years. During the Spanish-American war he was a member of the Second Georgia regiment, volunteers, being in Captain Walter Perkins' company. The funeral will take place here.

LICKED BY MOB, STATE TROOPS MAY BE FIRED

Mississippi Legislature Called on to Decide as to Disbanding Militia.

RESOLUTION OFFERED TO DISBAND THE MILITIA

Senator Harper, in Offering Resolution, Recounted the Thrashing Given the Troops by the Mob at Brookhaven and Lynching of Negro.

Jackson, Miss., February 12.—Because of the lynching of the negro Eli Pigot, at Brookhaven, Monday last, the Mississippi legislature will be called upon to decide whether or not to disband the state militia in times of peace. Senator Harper, of Grenada, offered a resolution calling for this in the senate today, specifying that it was in view of the Brookhaven lynching.

Pigot, charged with criminal assault, was taken from the custody of the military companies of Jackson and Brookhaven and shot to death, his body being hanged to a telegraph pole.

FIVE PERSONS TORN TO PIECES

By Explosion of Mixer in a Starch Factory.

FIRE FOLLOWS EXPLOSION

Explosion Believed to Have Been the Result of a Spark From Defective Electric Wiring. Plant Was Wrecked by Explosion.

Providence, R. I., February 12.—Five persons are believed to have been killed by the explosion of a mixer in the starch factory of C. S. Tanner late this afternoon. Three other persons were injured. The building was wrecked by the explosion and fire following, completely wrecked the plant.

The dead:

RICHARD GOMES.
JOHN DAUTT.
TONY ——.
MIKE ——.

All these were workmen. Another man, A. L. G. Chase, who was in a chandlery store, which occupied a corner of the building, is supposed to be buried in the ruins. The explosion is believed to have been due from a spark from defective electric wiring, igniting the starch mixer prematurely.

ALABAMA COAL PRODUCTION.

Increase of 1907 Over 1906 Was 1,541,973 Tons.

Birmingham, Ala., February 12.—State Mine Inspector Gray today gave out the official figures on the coal production in Alabama for the year 1907. The report shows that the total for the state for that year was 14,393,748 tons. The total for 1906 was 12,851,775, showing an increase for the year 1907 of 1,541,973 tons. Of the total for 1907 Jefferson county alone produced 7,572,740 tons or more than half the total.

SAID TO BE 133 YEARS OLD.

Remarkable Old Negro Died at Troy, N. Y.

Troy, Ala., February 12.—Squire Mitchun, an old negro who claimed to be 133 years old, died at the county hospital here last night. He was born in South Carolina on February 15, 1775, and was set free by his master in 1862, when he was 87 years old.

Mitchun claimed to remember when Washington died. He also claimed to have helped cut the three notch trail through this section when Jackson made his campaign against the Indians. The old negro had been blind since last summer. He will be buried at the hospital cemetery.

G. M. A. TEAM AND OLYMPIANS

Fine Basbetball Game Will Be Played at G. M. A. This Evening.

A basketball game will be played this evening at 8:30 o'clock at the Georgia Military academy between the Georgia Military academy five and the Olympians. The Georgia Military academy team lines up: May and Manson, forwards; Moore, center; and Whiteley and Taylor, guards.



"HUH! AIN'T GOIN' TO BE NO CORE!"

VOTE ON BISHOP MAY COME TODAY

Salary of the New Bishop Was Fixed at $4,000.

MISSIONARY RALLY HELD

Dr. C. H. Strong, of Savannah, Preached the Opening Sermon at the Annual Convention of the Episcopal Diocese of Georgia.

Augusta, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) The eighty-sixth annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of Georgia is in session here today. Dr. Charles H. Strong, of Savannah, preached the opening sermon. The meeting today was taken up with preliminary arrangements, appointment of committees and other details. Over one hundred delegates are in attendance.

A strong south Georgia delegation is backing Dr. Strong as first choice for the bishopric, and secondly Rev. Shirley Carter Hughson, of Charleston, who is a member of the Order of the Holy Cross, and a man of recognized ability. Local contingent favors the election of Dr. C. C. Williams, of Mobile, Ala., formerly pastor of St. Paul's church here.

Indications point to the fact that Dr. W. D. Maxon, northern candidate from Detroit, who has been prominently mentioned for the position of bishop, will not be seriously considered.

Every possible effort will be made to obtain unanimous action and the vote will hardly be taken until the Thursday afternoon session.

Fixing Bishop's Salary.

The only matter outside of routine business which came up at the afternoon session was the matter of fixing the salary of the new bishop.

Captain H. C. Cunningham, chairman of the finance committee, reported that the committee recommended that the salary be fixed at $4,000. The recommendation was put in the form of a motion and precipitated a discussion which lasted more than an hour, and as a result of which the recommendation was fully adopted by a majority vote. Captain Cunningham, in advocating the $4,000 figure, declared that certain money annually forthcoming for missions, but which was not all used for that purpose, might be used in helping pay the bishop's salary.

Rev. D. W. Winn and others took an opposing position, declaring that all the money supposed to be used for missions was needed for the purpose of missions. Finally a substitute motion was offered fixing the salary at $3,600, and providing the bishop be furnished with a house. The substitute was put and lost, a division being called for and showing those opposed to the substitute more than two to one in the majority. Then the original recommendation was put and carried, after which the session adjourned.

A meeting of the women's auxiliary was also held yesterday morning in the Sunday school rooms of the church, and work outlined for the coming year.

Missionary Rally.

An enthusiastic missionary rally was held tonight at St. Paul's church, at which most of the visiting clergy and delegates and a large congregation of Augustans were present.

The addresses were timely and eloquent, and it is the general belief that the coming year will be one of the most important and progressive in the history of Georgia missions.

COFFIN PLACED IN ANANIAS CLUB

Comptroller Ridgely Follows Example of Roosevelt.

BANKS NOT VIOLATING LAW

Ridgely Says Coffin's Charge That National Banks Habitually Break the Law Is Utterly False—Coffin Called Sensation Monger.

Washington, February 12.—W. B. Ridgely, the comptroller of the currency, today made public his reply to the criticism of his bureau, made by John M. Coffin, formerly deputy comptroller of the currency, as published in a New York newspaper last Sunday morning.

"Mr. Coffin charged,, said Mr. Ridgely "that Sec. 5200 and 5208 of Revised Statutes of the United States are daily violated by every large national bank, and makes the statement that stock gambling could be suppressed, or at least eighty per cent of it obliterated by a strict enforcement of the above named sections."

Mr. Ridgely reviews Mr. Coffin's connection with the Beaver National Bank of New York, as its first president, and states that as a result of violations of the law, the bank is now in voluntary liquidation.

Charges Are False.

Mr. Ridgely goes on to say:

"Not only the charges, but the statements made by Mr. Coffin in the article referred to, are really made without any knowledge of the facts, and are intentionally false and untrue. Section 5200 is the section of the bank act which prohibits any national bank from loaning an amount equal to more than one-tenth of the capital stock of such association, actually paid and unimpaired, and one-tenth of its unimpaired surplus fund (provided, however, that the total of such liabilities shall in no event exceed 30 per cent of the capital stock of the association), to any person, association, company, corporation or firm. Whatever may have been the fact in regard to the enforcement of this provision at the time when Mr. Coffin was deputy comptroller of the currency, and in a large degree responsible for its enforcement or nonenforcement, since the passage of the amendment to this act on June 22, 1906, a most vigorous and determined effort has been made by me as comptroller of the currency to enforce this section of the bank act. It is true that in former years it was a very common practice for some New York and other banks in the country to make loans in excess of the 10 per cent limit, but owing to the steps taken by the comptroller's office in the last few years to enforce this section, such violations of the law are now very infrequent."

No More Excessive Loans.

The comptroller quoted from the reports of the national bank examiner in New York tending to show that violations of section 5200 in regard to excessive loans have been practically eliminated from New York banking, and then says:

"In regard to the violations of section 5208, prohibiting the overcertification of checks, Mr. Coffin's statements are equally false or based on wrong information. I am convinced from the examinations I have made and the explanations and assurances given me by many bankers of the highest character and standing that illegal or overcertification of checks are extremely rare. When they are discovered, as in a recent case, the facts are reported to the department of justice and the offenders are indicted and brought to trial. The sections of the law Mr. Coffin complains are daily violated, are, as a matter of fact, strictly enforced, the same as all the rest of the law is enforced—quietly and as a matter of duty without any fuss or parade and regardless of the letters of Mr. Coffin or any other sensationmonger. The proposition that the leading banks of New York city are so foolhardy as to daily violate the law and render themselves liable to imprisonment as criminals, as would be the case if the laws were so violated, is too absurd for serious belief

WILL NOT GRANT LOW RATE ASKED

No Concession for Theatrical People.

NEW MILEAGE AGREEMENT

Will Solve the Problem—Statement of Prominent Passenger Official Is Further Evidence That States Have Come to an Understanding.

No theatrical rates will be granted by the roads composing the Southeastern Passenger Association, which adjourned yesterday, according to a prominent member of the cinder colony who attended the meeting.

This statement is not official for the reason that each road will act independently on this question and will make individual statements in regard to this subject later.

According to this railroad man, the passenger men discussed this petition of the Southern Association of Theater Managers and held that in view of the fact that several southern roads would soon put on a 2,000-mile interchangeable mileage book at two cents a mile that the roads could afford no further concessions at this time. He stated that, according to the Hepburn law and the decisions of the interstate commerce commission, it would not be possible to grant a party rate to the theater managers and not grant it to the public. Realizing this fact, the theater men Tuesday, in Washington, through Attorney Ligon Johnson, of Atlanta, petitioned the interstate commerce commission to grant the theater folks this party rate asked of the Southeastern Passenger Association. When the theater managers appeared before the executive committee of this association they declared that it would be impossible to secure good attractions for the southern circuit unless come concession in the matter of rates was secured.

They do not ask that this party rate be applied exclusively to them, and are willing for the public to share any concession, but do urge that in traveling in such large groups "wholesale" rates should be applied to them.

The state fair committee did not appear before the association at this meeting, but will do so on February 26, when these passenger men will return for further business.

Congressman's Concern in Trouble.

Norwalk, Ohio, February 12.—On petition of A. M. Beattle, a large creditor and one of the largest stockholders, G. Ray Craig and A. S. Prentiss today were appointed receivers for the Laning Company, printers, of which Congressman J. F. Laning is president. The liabilities are about $150,000 and the assets, it is declared, will be at least $300,000 in excess of the liabilities.

HOUSE FIRED; BOARDER PUT UNDER ARREST

D. R. McBride and Miss Marie Sullivan at Theater When Flames Were Discovered.

MISS SULLILAN SPENDS NIGHT AT THE STATION

She Will be a Witness in the Case Against D. R. McBride, Against Whom Charge of "Suspicion" Has Been Docketed. House Filled With Inflammable Material.

An attempt was made last night by incendiaries to burn a home at 114 Greenwood avenue, while every one was absent, and as a result D. R. McBride, a lodger, spent the night at police station, having been arrested on suspicion, and Miss Marie Sullivan, the daughter of the owner of the house, was placed in charge of the matron, as she is wanted for a witness. No case has been made against her.

At the time the fire was discovered Mr. McBride and Miss Sullivan were at the Bijou theater. The arrest of Mr. McBride was made by Officers Arthur and Bailey on the return of the couple near midnight.

Officers who examined the house after the fire department had extinguished the flames, say that every precaution had been taken to make the job a complete one, and transform the building into a pile of smoking ashes.

The two closets had been filled with paper saturated with kerosene and other inflammable material. Candles, which were intended to set fire to the materials, were found burning.

Mrs. Emma Sullivan, the owner of the house, is ill at the Grady hospital.

APPEAL BY GOVERNMENT.

Another Attempt for Damages for Esparta-Magnolia Collision.

New Orleans, La., Febaruary 12.—Another attempt was made by the government today to obtain damages for the celebrated Esparta-Magnolia collision two years ago, in which President Roosevelt was placed in great peril. The president was on the Magnolia, a small government boat, bound for the mouth of the Mississippi river, when the steamer Esparta ran down and almost sank the Magnolia.

Recently the United States district court denied the government's suit for libel for the Magnolia's damages and today an appeal was argued before the circuit court of appeals.

Two Men Murdered for $30.

Lake Charles, La., February 12.—A $30 robbery caused the brutal murder of two laborers on the Watkins railroad, about sixty miles north of here, early today. The names of the men have not been learned. The robbers cut the throat of one and shot the other in the back.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, February 12.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

Georgia—Local rains Thursday; Friday partly cloudy, slightly colder in north portion; fresh east winds.

Eastern Florida—Local rains Thursday and probably Friday; light to fresh east winds.

Western Florida—Cloudy Thursday; Friday rain, light to fresh east winds.

Alabama—Local rains Thursday and probably Friday; light to fresh east to southeas; winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Partly cloudy Thursday; Friday rain, light to fresh southeast to south winds.

Western Texas—Local rains and colder Thursday; Friday generally fair.

New Mexico—Rain or snow and colder in south; snow in north portion Thursday; Friday fair and warmer.

Oklahoma—Thursday increasing cloudiness; snow or rain and colder at night or Friday.

Arkansas—Partly cloudy Thursday; Friday rain; colder at night.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy in west, rain in east portion Thursday; Friday, rain and colder.

Kentucky—Partly cloudy and colder in west; rain in east portion Thursday; Friday cloudy and colder.

Eastern Texas—Rain Thursday or Thursday night and probably Friday; Colder Friday in the interior; fresh southeast to south winds.

Local Data.

Lowest temperature	44
Highest temperature	51
Mean temperature	48
Normal temperature	44
Rainfall in 24 hours, inch	.02
Dficiency since first of month, inch	.57
Deficiency since January 1, inches	1.24

Reports From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p.m.	Temperature High.	Rain, 12 hours inches.
Atlanta, cloudy	50	51	T
Baltimore, cloudy	38	40	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy	62	74	.18
Galveston, rain	58	68	.52
Jupiter, cloudy	72	78	.00
Key West, clear	72	...	.00
Mobile, cloudy	62	64	.00
Montgomery, cloudy	58	58	.00
New Orleans, cloudy	62	72	.00
Palestine, cloudy	54	60	.00
Tampa, pt. cloudy	74	78	.00

T indicates inappreciable rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY,
Section Director.

AN UNHEALTHY WINTER

After-Effects of the Grip—How to Get Rid of Them.

The winter has been pleasant in many ways, but not conducive to health. Infectious diseases have had many victims. The grip especially has been very prevalent and among its after-effects are weakness, impaired digestion, loss of appetite, nervousness and sleeplessness.

After the Grip as well as all other blood-poisoning, prostrating diseases, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most effective and successful medicine. It purifies and vitalizes the blood, gives strength where it is needed, and restores the conditions of health. Hood's Pills are the cathartic to take with it, if one is needed.

All Run Down—"I had the grip and it left me very weak and all run down. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me well and strong." Mrs. Ellen M. Small, Exeter, N. H.

Unequaled—"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has completely cured me of the grip." I. E. Davidson, Kappa, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold everywhere. In the usual liquid, or in tablet form called **Sarsatabs**—One hundred doses one dollar.

BUCKET SHOPS NOW BARRED

Mississippi Senate and House Pass Anti-Bucket Shop Bill.

Jackson, Miss., February 12.—What is known as the Boddie anti-bucket shop bill passed the senate today by a practically unanimous vote. It had previously passed the house and now only awaits the signature of the governor to become a law. This bill is sweeping in its provisions and provides for the immediate suppression of the institutions. The committee had recommended a substitute for the bill which contained a provision allowing persons, members of a regularly constituted exchange, to operate such places, provided its business contemplated the actual delivery of commodities dealt in, but this was killed and the original bill passed.

The only amendment to the original bill adopted provided that this act shall not be construed so as to render unlawful the conduct of a commercial exchange for the bona fide purpose of receiving by wire and posting of market quotations, provided no purchases or sales for future delivery on margins are permitted.

SEND BULLETS AFTER VICTIM

Three Negroes Hold Up C. P. O'Ferrell and Rob Him.

Three young negroes late last night held up a young man, C. P. O'Ferrell, while he was returning home, and after robbing him of all personal effects, knocked him down and, giving a few parting kicks, they opened fire with revolvers. Their victim was not hit.

O'Ferrell, while walking along Boulevard, between Highland and East avenues, was confronted by the negroes, who demanded all of his wealth, and without waiting for him to surrender, knocked him down, searching his pockets.

The matter was reported at once to the police authorities and has been placed in the hands of detectives for investigation.

LARGE NURSERY ASSIGNS.

It Owns 22 Peach Orchards in Georgia and Alabama.

Winchester, Tenn., February 12.—J. W. Shadow, proprietor of the Cedar Hill Nursery and Orchard Company, of this place, has made a voluntary assignment in favor of Hugh Morton, trustee, for the benefit of his creditors. The estimated cash value of the assets are $60,000, and the liabilities are $42,000. Included in the assets are twenty-two peach orchards in Alabama and Georgia. The Cedar Hill nursery did an average annual business of $250,000 and employed a large number of hands. The business will be continued by the trustee, and it is said the obligations can be met within a year.

FORMER NEW ORLEANS CHIEF HELD FOR CRIMINAL COURT

The Five Detectives Who Went With Him to Leveque's Office Discharged.

New Orleans, February 12.—Former Inspector of Police Edward S. Whitaker, charged with shooting at Joseph Leveque, a local newspaper man, with intent to kill, was held for the action of the criminal district court when the preliminary hearing in the case was concluded this afternoon. After arrangements were made for a bond of $2,000 he was released.

Five detectives who accompanied Whitaker when he went to Leveque's office were discharged. Whitaker testified that as inspector of police he ordered the detectives to go with him to arrest Leveque and they were discharged on these grounds.

Whitaker resigned as inspector soon after the shooting occurred.

Relics of a Great Composer.

(Among life's hardest ironies is the fate that often befalls the manuscript of a genius. Of no one is this truer than of Beethoven. When this greatest of composers was alive he was incessantly in financial difficulty. After his death all his manuscripts were sold at auction—over 200 of them there were—yet they brought hardly $500. This would be at the rate of two dollars and a half apiece. The other day the manuscript of his G major sonata for violin and piano, written in R 2, was sold by a man in Leipsic to a man in Florence for 42,500 marks, or $10,200.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is **Laxative Bromo Quinine** E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

SECRETARY TAFT TALKS OF LINCOLN

Answers Question "What Would Lincoln Do Today?"

LINCOLN WITH ROOSEVELT

In His Policy Against Dishonesty In Business, Says the Secretary, and Also With McKinley in Putting Islands of the Sea Under American Flag.

Grand Rapids, February 12.—The Lincoln Club banquet tonight was a brilliant success with a galaxy of speakers, never equaled in Michigan political banquets. It was held in the Klingman furniture exposition building and more than 2,000 persons occupied seats at the tables. The hall was elaborately decorated and as a compliment to Ambassador Jusserand, of France, French colors were mingled with the American.

President Roy H. Watkins, of the Young Men's Republican Club, and President Charles Holden, of the Lincoln Club, opened the banquet with greetings. United States Senator William Alden Smith was toastmaster and introduced the guests of the evening. The speakers were Ambassador Jusserand, Congressman George Edmund Foss, Secretary of War Taft, Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., of Massachusetts, and John Barrett, director of the bureau of American republics at Washington.

Taft on Lincoln.

Although all of the speakers were greeted with enthusiasm, it was Secretary Taft who received the greatest outburst of applause. His subject was "What Would Lincoln Do Today?"

After alleging that Lincoln today would be a republican and a protectionist, Secretary Taft said:

"Where would he stand in respect to our Philippine policy and expansion? Would he, as the anti-imperialists, take the position, were he living today, that the republican party in its action in respect to Porto Rico, Cuba and the Philippines, had departed from the principles that actuated him in becoming a republican and in retaining that party in national control? Mr. Lincoln relied greatly, in his discussions on the slavery question, upon the terms of the declaration of independence. He maintained that the words 'All men are created free and equal,' included the colored as well as the white man, but affirmed with great emphasis that he did not mean that the men who were thus declared equal were necessary fitted at once to be voters or take equal part in the government. What he contended was that they were at once entitled to the bread they earned and should be given the right of life and the pursuit of happiness.

"Lincoln was not a man stiffly dogmatic. He was a man who allowed the application of his principles to be controlled by the fitness of things. Had he been in the seat occupied by McKinley when the problem was opened to him, after the Spanish way, as to what should be done with respect to the Philippines, there is nothing in his career, nothing in any of his speeches properly understood, which would have prevented him from taking exactly the same course which McKinley did.

"I affirm that the policy adopted by William McKinley and embraced by the republican party under which is proposed, by a gradual extending of self-government to the people of the Philippines as they shall become better educated by practice and by the school system, is following the true spirit and proper interpretation of the principles of the Declaration of Independence. No man would have been quicker to scout as impracticable dogmatism, the bitter criticism, the unreasonable opposition and the almost traitorous sympathy with the opposition to our government in the Philippines displayed by the anti-imperialists and their democratic followers than Lincoln.

Lincoln and the Corporations.

"Finally, can there be any doubt where Abraham Lincoln would have stood on the issues which peculiarly distinguish the administration of President Theodore Roosevelt? I refer to the struggle which he and his administration have made for the elimination from our business and political fabric, of the corrupting influence, of the unlawful business combinations and the demoralizing effect of disobedience to law by our great railroad and transportation companies.

"The one thing that distinguished Lincoln in all his life was the contention in favor of the equal administration and protecton of the laws. From the soles of his feet, through all that long frame to the top of his head, he was democratic in the true sense of the word, and apposed to privilege and class immunity. He was not an enemy of wealth lawfully accumulated. He welcomed and encouraged internal improvements, and of course cherished prosperity developed by business enterprise, and the combinations of capital, but he always exalted in the consideration of every issue the rights of the individual and especially of the humbler members of society who were least able to protect themselves. Therefore we may know with certainty that cannot brook contradiction that in the struggle to make all business lawful, to take away from great corporate combinations the illegal privileges and immunities that official investigations have shown in many instances to prevail, Lincoln would have made the same good fight which has endeared Roosevelt to the same plain people of the country, who upheld the hands of the martyred president through all the great trials of his administration."

Wants the Recipe.

(From The Philadelphia Press.)

Pittsburg club women are in some excitement over the discovery that in that city many women are mortgaging their homes to buy automobiles. This is done to make an appearance of wealth and social position, which to many women seem about all there is of life, even if they are mere imitations. Pittsburg is not the only place where this ambition is conspicuous, and everywhere there are people who would rather have an automobile than an unencumbered home. When the club women have reformed this sort of thing out of Pittsburg—for, of course, they are going to do it—we request that they send on their recipe.

Squared.

(From The Chicago News.)

Pretty Girl (in crowded car)—Oh-o-h, you horrid man! You stepped on my big toe.

The Man—I beg your pardon, my dear young lady. But I can't realize how a person having such a beautiful little foot as yours can possibly have a big toe.

FACTS ABOUT WATERWAYS GIVEN BY GEO. E. PLUMBE

At the recent dinner of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, George E. Plumbe, of the Chicago Association of Commerce, who is an expert on inland waterways, gave a very interesting address. His talk was interesting in that he gave facts and figures which have not yet been used in the argument for the great canal proposed to be built through Georgia. He laid great stress on the point that an inland waterway will turn Georgia into one of the most prosperous states in the whole country.

Mr. Plumbe said in part:

"There are periods in the commercial, financial and economic conditions of a nation when, without any preconcerted action, the same thought will, at the same time, be uppermost in the minds of the vast majority of thinking men throughout an entire continent. Ten years ago the subject of the improvement of the waterways of the country occupied the attention of those only who saw the utter inadequacy of existing transportation facilities to keep pace with the growing development and prosperity of the country.

"The reason for this awakeneing is the fact that the people are recognizing this new law of life, that the value of everything, from the real estate upon which the home is builded to the milk and eggs upon the breakfast table, is governed in price principally by transportation charges. Yea more, they understand that transportation has become an element in the life of every one, like water, air and light, without which no human being can exist an hour.

"When God created this beautiful land of ours he seamed its plateaus with watercourses, made ways for its streams through mountain ranges, and gave them as a perpetual heritage to our forefathers for them and their descendants. These He designed as highways for the easy interchange of their products for the mutual advantage of all. He made the Mississippi and the Missouri to flow to the south and the Cumberland and the Tennessee to trend to the north that both peoples should have equal advantages in the transportation of their commodities and their luxuries.

Reduce Rates on Railroads.

"Improved waterways invariably reduce the rates of carriage by rail. Before the harbors on the great lakes were so improved as to give a 21-foot stage of water it cost 29.61 cents to transport a bushel of grain from Chicago to New York by lakes and the Erie canal, and 46.10 by the all-rail route. With these harbor improvements the water rate fell to 5 1-4 cents, and this brought the rail rate down to 10.60 cents. The water rate was thus reduced 5-6 and the rail rate 3-4. This reduction resulted in a direct saving to the farmer in the six states bordering the lakes of more than $12,000,000 annually in freight rates alone.

"It is not correct to assume that all waterways offer to commerce the same facilities and equal rates of carriage. The canal commissioners of the state of New York recently discussed this subject in a report made to the governor in which they said: 'In our judgment water transportation is inherently cheaper than rail transportation. It varies slightly with the size of the vessel and the restrictions of the waterway. On the ocean, where the water is entirely unrestricted and the size of the vessel is maximum, it averages about one-half a mill per ton-mile; on the lakes, where the vessels are not so large and occasional restrictions are encountered in the waterway, it is about six-tenths of a mill per ton-mile; on the canals of New York, where the boats are very small, the waterway greatly restricted and obsolete methods are employed, it is about 2 mills per ton-mile. All these rates have varied in the past and will vary in the future, but there is every reason to believe that they will maintain a corresponding ratio, the ocean, lake and canal rates being from one-third to one-fourth of those by rail.'

"The claim that the railroads have built our great cities cannot be sustained. The truth is that our great cities have built our railroads. Despite the fact that Chicago has thirty-four railroads terminating within its borders, its lake tonnage is now greater than the foreign tonnage of Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Galveston combined. The railroads are not now, nor have they ever been, more than supplementary to the waterways of the world.

Increase Georgia's Wealth.

"Georgia has many noble streams, and a variety of resources beyond the range of estimate. With one exception it has more miles of navigable internal water courses than any other state in this union. It is that you improve your waterways so as to bring tide water to the interior of your state, thereby increasing your industrial enterprises, doubling your population and quadrupling your wealth.

"No state in the union would profit more largely than Georgia from the rehabilitation of its magnificent streams, once navigable and carrying the growing commerce of the state. In 1860 your commonwealth had a population of 964,201, and in 1906 it had grown to 2,017,877, showing an increase of over 100 per cent. The assessed valuation of your real and personal property has not kept pace with the growth in population. A portion of this may be accounted for by the perilous times you passed through during the war, but the whole difference cannot be due either to that or the lack of energy, courage and ambition of your business men nor to the failure of the immense natural resources of your state.

"I believe it is due almost wholly to the lack of transportation facilities and their mismanagement and the disloyalty to your interests of those in control of such as you possess. Railroad combinations and unjust and unreasonable freight rates have resulted disastrously to your material advancement.

"The adjustment of freight rates in the south formerly made and still in effect, has for its purpose to so divide this territory and its business as to best suit the convenience of the carriers, directly ignoring the rights of both the shipper and the people. It was ordained that the rates of conveyance on all merchandise and goods imported from foreign countries should be less to the south from the Atlantic seaboard cities than from the western markets, and that the products of the fields should be less from the western than from the eastern cities. The purpose of this was to compel the south to buy their merchandise in the east so as to offset the fact that they must buy their products of the field in the west. In this way a pool was created which enabled the carriers to divide the traffic among themselves, irrespective of any right and in defiance of all protests on the part of the shipper and the people at large. Inland waterways are antagonistic to this theory.

"You will come to your own only when, by the improvement of your streams, you can sell your products and purchase your commodities and luxuries wherever it may be to your advantage, north, east or west. Such a movement, once realized, will unbind your shackles and readjust your transportation rates upon the basis of equity and fairness. Recognition of the laws made by the Creator when He gave you these magnificent waterways are the only statutes you can, with confidence, invoke."

MORTUARY

William A. Edwards.

William A., the infant son of Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Edwards, died yesterday morning in a private sanitarium. Funeral services were held in the private chapel of Harry G. Poole last night at 8 o'clock. The body will be taken to Marietta, Ga., this morning for burial.

R. B. Purcell.

Funeral services of R. B. Purcell were held yesterday morning in the private chapel of Harry G. Poole. The body was taken to Norcross, Ga., for burial. Ceremonies at the grave were held by the Atlanta lodge, No. 14, Odd Fellows, and Powhatan tribe, Red Men, No. 8.

W. P. Moore.

Funeral services of W. P. Moore will be conducted at the residence, 100 East Ellis street, this morning at 10 o'clock. Burial will be in Westview.

J. F. Stanley.

Funeral services of J. T. Stanley will be conducted this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock at the undertaking establishment of H. M. Patterson & Son. Interment will be in Hollywood cemetery.

Mrs. Nancy E. Crawford.

The body of Mrs. Nancy E. Crawford was taken to Waco, Ga., early this morning for funeral ceremonies and burial.

A. E. Wilson, Jr.

Funeral services of A. E. Wilson, Jr., were held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock in the private chapel of Greenberg, Bond & Bloomfield. Burial was in Westview cemetery.

Walter McCullough.

Funeral ceremonies of Walter McCullough will be held this morning at 11 o'clock at Rock church, Campbell county. Burial will be in the cemetery at that place.

Mrs. M. S. Tolbert.

Funeral services of Mrs. M. S. Tolbert were held yesterday morning in the private chapel of Greenberg, Bond & Bloomfield. The body was taken to Clarkston, Ga., for interment.

Allen J. Stewart.

Allen J., the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Stewart, died yesterday at the residence, Conley, Ga. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

Solomon Newsome, Davisboro, Ga.

Davisboro, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Solomon Newsom, one of the wealthiest and most prominent planters of Washington county, died at 11 o'clock yesterday morning of pneumonia. Mr. Newsom was a young man in the prime of a splendid manhood. His death occurred at his home, 3 miles from this place. He leaves a wife, but no children. The burial will occur at the family burial ground on Thursday.

T. P. A. OFFICERS ON VISIT.

Will Spend Friday at Columbus, Returning from Florida.

Columbus, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—W. R. Johnson, of Knoxville, national president; W. H. Kerchoff, of St. Louis, business manarger, and Cary King, of Rome, president of the Georgia division of the Travelers' Protective Association, will spend Friday in Columbus, en route to their homes from a Florida trip. They will be suitably entertained by Post C of that association, assisted by committees from the board of trade and city council.

Oregon Apples Sold at $1 Each.

(From The Los Angeles Times.)

The recent sale of a number of boxes of winter banana apples at Hood river at $8 a box has brought up the question of record prices for apples. The horticultural annals of the state show that in 1856 one box of Spitzenberg apples grown in the Williamette valley and shipped to San Francisco netted the shipper $60, or $45 a box. In 1855, 6,000 boxes of apples grown in Oregon were sold at prices which netted the shipper $20 to $30 a bushel. In 1854, 500 boxes were sold at from $60 to $90 a box. The first lot of apples grown on grafted trees were sold in Portland by the grower, Henderson Luelling, at $1 an apple.

Omega Oil for Bronchitis

When a cold settles on the chest, it should be treated at once. Delay may lead to Chronic Bronchitis or Consumption. Get a bottle of Omega Oil as soon as you can and stop the trouble before it goes too far.

FIVE BANDITS GET $23,000

Dynamite Is Used to Rob a Bank in Missouri.

Rich Hill., Mo., February 12.—Securing $23,000 in cash after dynamiting and totally wrecking the $9,000 building of the Farmers and Manufacturers' Bank, in this city, five bandits, heavily armed, terrorized the citizens here early today, and after exchanging shots with the sheriff's posse, escaped to the rough country south of here. No one was injured by either the shots or the explosion.

Many persons arrived in time to see the robbers riding away.

Some of the citizens opened fire on the fleeting bandits and the robbers returned the fire.

CASE MUST GO TO JURY.

Alleged Capital Grafters Plead in Vain for Discharge.

Harrisburg, Pa., February 12.—The defense in the capitol conspiracy trial made a futile effort today to have Judge Kunkel issue binding instructions to the jury to discharge the defendants, Contractor J. H. Sanderson and former State Officers Snyder, Mathues and Shumaker, on the ground that the commonwealth had not proved there had not been collosion and fraud between them in the furnishing of the capitol.

The arguments continued throughout the morning session, and were in undertone so that they could not be heard by the jury. Counsel was specially insistent that the court instruct the jury to acquit Mathus. Just before recess the court declined to approve the motion for the defense, and ordered the attorneys to proceed with the case. Exceptions were filed by the defense.

INSTANT RELIEF FROM CATARRH

Send for a Trial Sample of This Great Remedy, and Convince Yourself of Its Merit.

When we say that Eclipse Catarrh Cure gives instant relief from that disagreeable, offensive disease from which so many suffer, we are ready to prove this assertion to your entire satisfaction. No matter how long you have been afflicted, no matter how badly stopped up your head may be, the sample which we will send you will give immediate relief, clear up the clogged air passages, throw off the offensive accumulations, and soothe and heal the delicate, irritated membrane.

Eclipse Catarrh Cure is a vegetable preparation of wonderful curative powers. It promptly reaches the remotest air passages, where the disease is located, and effects a permanent cure in even the worst cases.

Mrs. E. A. Bryant, Rome, Ga., Writes:

"I want to tell you how much good your medicine has done for me. Before I used your remedy I suffered so much with Catarrhal deafness I could hardly hear at all, but now I can hear as well as I could before I had Catarrh.

"I am now sixty-eight years old, and have never had anything to do me as much good as your medicine.

"I advise everyone who has catarrh to get and use the 'Total Eclipse Catarrh cure.'"

Send for Week's Treatment.

We are anxious for every sufferer to try this great remedy and will send for twenty-five cents in stamps a liberal trial treatment and a pipe to all who will send us their name and address. We have hundreds of letters from grateful patients whom we have cured and will send you also our booklet containing these testimonials and full information about the disease. Do not delay, but write today. Address Eclipse Medicine and Manufacturing Company, Atlanta, Ga.

TO AMEND ALDRICH BILL.

Tillman Wants Only $9,000,000 a Month Withdrawn From Circulation.

Washington, D. C., February 12.—An amendment to the Aldrich currency bill was introduced today by Senator Tillman. It provides that the emergency currency to be issued under the terms of this measure shall not be withdrawn from circulation more rapidly than at the rate of $9,000,000 a month, which is in accordance with the present law. The pending bill removes this limitation. Miss Tillman objected to the banks being permitted to inflate the currency by issuing $500,000,000 in bank notes and then confract it at will.

A Popular Play, Indeed.

Shakespeare's "Julius Caesar" has been translated into German nine times, into French seven, into Italian six, into modern Greek three, into Latin and Swedish twice and into Croatian, Danish, Dutch, Frisian, Polish, Roumanian, Russian, Magyar, Portuguese and Yiddish. There are seven or eight English acting editions of the tragedy. But one attempt actually to alter and improve it has ever been made. This was in 1722, when John Sheffield, duke of Buckingham, divided it into two parts at the death of Caesar, calling it "The Tragedies of Julius Caesar and Marcus Brutus,' and made many other changes. To enrich this poor play, or, rather, these poor plays, Pope furnished some choruses, but they had the usual effects of ill adjusted ornaments—they served only to make the meanness of the thing they bedecked the more conspicuous.

COAL MINERS ON STRIKE.

Duquoin, Ill., February 12.—About 1,000 coal miners went on strike there today. Their grievances is dissatisfaction with the alleged inferior grade of blasting powder being sold them for use in the mines. The name of the mine has not been learned.

PLANTER HAS SENT SEED TO ALL PARTS OF WORLD

Referring to the story in The Constitution that Georgia cotton seed had recently been shipped to Mexico, stating that this was the most foreign point to which it had ever been shipped, James F. Jones, a well known planter at Hogansville, writes to the Constitution, saying that he has sent the seed to East Africa, to China, to South America and other points.

His letter is as follows:

Atlanta Constitution, Gentlemen: Let me correct you in the assertion contained in The Constitution that Mr. R. B. Smith, Monticello, Ga., had shipped a lot of Georgia cotton seed to Mexico, which is the most foreign destination of Georgia cotton yet on record.

I refer to the records of the British legation, the Chinese legation, French legation, Egyptian legation and German legation, where you will find that since 1881, when the first cotton exposition Georgia ever organized took place, that I have shipped hundreds of bushels of Georgia cotton seed ("Jones' Improved") to east Africa, British territory, Albiers, on the Mediterranean coast, French territory, to China and German Africa.

The present season my seed are passing through New York for the United States of Colombia, South America. So you see I have overlapped Mexico, although I am putting now, and have been for years, quantities of seed on both sides of the Rio Grande and up through the state of Texas. This is more to inform you and your readers that your notice of Mr. Smith's shipment to Mexico is comparatively speaking in our neighborhood to where seed have been sent from my farm here in Troup county, Georgia.

Should you favorably consider my statement, please let all the cotton growers of Georgia know of it through the columns of The Constitution. I am proud of Mr. Smith's success, and all of us should be proud of what Georgia cotton seed has accomplished.

JAMES F. JONES.

A New Perfume for the Bath.

A deliciously refreshing perfume for the bath is the salts of genuine eau de cologne. A tablespoonful, or possibly double the quantity if one likes the odor especially strong, put in the bath tub makes the water soft and delightful to use. Eau de cologne is marvelously refreshing at all times, and this extract of salts in the bath will do much to take away the fatigue of a long day or start one off in the morning invigorated and more than ready for the day's work.

The various toilet waters are all delicious for the bath if used in small quantities, but none can equal this new salts of eau de cologne.

WHAT IS POWER

Nature supplies force. Wind turns the wind-mill. The brook turns the water-wheel. Coal runs the engine and food runs the man. Some things contain little force, some things much.

One substance full of power is

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Nature put the power there. It is a wonderful flesh-producer. This is not only a matter of nourishment but of new vigor and activity in the tissues.

All Druggists: 50c. and $1.00.

BURGLAR FOUND BY MRS. SMITH

Her Screams Frightened the Negro Away—Large Crowd in Chase.

Upon entering an upstairs room at her residence, 137 Capitol avenue, Mrs. W. T. Smith yesterday afternoon discovered a negro in the act of burglarizing a drawer of the bureau.

Mrs. Smith screamed and the negro hastily made his escape through the rear of the house, closely followed by Charlie Adams, a boarder, who had been summoned by her screams. Neighbors were attracted to the scene, and aided in the chase, but the burglar made his escape.

Mrs. Smith sustained a severe nervous shock, and medical attention was summoned. A description of the negro has been furnished the police.

SUPERSTITION AND THE CAT.

Some of the Mysteries Connected With the Animal.

Of all the domesticated animal companions of man, there attaches to the cat alone an air of mystery, says The Kansas City Star. This is doubtless due to the animal's weird looking eyes, its peculiar habits, stealthy movements, night prowling and its strange vocal accomplishments, ranging from soft musical "mewing" to the "wailing shriek" described by Poe, "half of horror and half of triumph; such as might have arisen only out of hell, conjointly from the throats of the damned in their agony, and of the demons that exult in the damnation."

There is still current in America, and in these days of education and enlightment, a great mass of folk-lore and curious beliefs about cats. Many of these have been collected by the American Folk Lore Society. The multiplicity of these "human documents" shows that enlightment and education never run fast enough to escape from the company of the black cat.

In eastern Kansas is found somewhat prevalent the belief that if one kills a black cat some member of the household will die soon.

In New England and eastern Kansas it is an omen of good fortune to be followed by a black cat. But to the followed by a black cat at night is unlucky in Cape Breton and New Hampshire. In the last named localities it also is unlucky if a lack cat comes to one's house, while in eastern Massachusetts and Pennsylvania it is an omen of good luck.

In Massachusetts it "brings good luck" to throw a dead black cat over the left shoulder and turn around twice.

In Alabama the spirit of an old maid after death takes the possession of some black cat. In the same state to cut off the end of a black cat's tail and bury it under the doorstep is to keep sickness out of the family.

The belief that it is bad luck to kill a cat is general, and in Pennsylvania and Iowa is found the superstition that if a farmer kills a cat some of his stock will die.

The black cat also makes "good medicine." Here are some specimens of "cat-cure" lore:

The blood of a black cat will cure a spavined horse.

Blood from the tip of the tail of a black cat without a single white hair will cure a sty.

Apply the freshly removed skin of a cat as a remedy for shingles.

Pitfalls of English.

Of all modern languages English is undoubtedly the most difficult to acquire. In addition to the ordinary pitfalls of forms and idioms that entrap the foreignor struggling for mastery of a strange tongue, there is one so peculiar to ours that nothing even remotely similar presents itself in any other language, whether ancient or modern.

This is the paradoxical word, the word which has two meanings diametrically opposed to each other. It is not enough that, with all the wealth of words borrowed from half a score of other languages, we must impose a double and often a multiple burden on some poor little monosyllable word like "get," for instance, whose meanings are legion. Our language must needs confound the student at the gates with the paradox. To give a few examples:

The word "let" means to "allow" or "permit" and likewise to "prevent," "hinder" or "refuse," meanings diametrically opposite. "I will let you do it' in the former sense is hardly more common in use than the phrase "without let or hindrance," and Shakespeare has it, "By heavens, I'll make a ghost of him that lets (prevents) me!"

"Cleave" means to split asunder as well as to "adhere" or "bind" closely. Scott makes Marmion threaten to "cleave the Douglas' head," while holy writ enjoins upon the husband to "cleave unto his wife."

Another example is "furid," which means both a "dull red" and also a "pale green" hue, tints that are exactly opposed in the scale of color. While the former is the more common meaning, the latter is more scholarly correct, as the word is derived through the Latin from the Greek adjective meaning "greenish hued."

Again, we have "fast." A horse that is "fast" may be in rapid motion or standing tied stock still. In either sense, whether of motion or immobility, the word emphasizes the idea.

Examples of this bewildering pitfall of our tongue might be multiplied indefinitely. It may be said of the English speaking world as it was said of the old Romans—that their supremacy is due to the fact that they do not have to learn their own language.

Clancy's Employer.

Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts, was a tireless worker when he started on anything. He and his secretary, Clancy, says the Baltimore Sun, oftentimes sat in the library until almost daylight when the general wanted to finish up anything.

During the night sessions of the senate toward a close of congress a senator called on General Butler one morning at 3 o'clock. The same senator called again when the senate adjourned the following morning at daybreak and found the general and Clancy still at work.

"Don't you ever stop?" the senator asked.

"No," General Butler said. "Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do."

"General, I never knew before just who my employer was," Clancy said, bowing.

"Correct Clothes for Men"

Our $10.00 Sale of Suits and Overcoats

We have about **50 Suits** and **40 Overcoats** worth $15 to $18.50, that we are closing out for **$10.**

The patterns are new, neat and stylish, the models are this season's.

Don't fail to avail yourself of this opportunity; it's money in your pocket.

Essig Bros.

"Correct Clothes for Men"

26 Whitehall St.

ELLEN GLASGOW'S *The* Greatest Novel

Ancient Law

"A distinct advance in the work of an author who ranks with the best of our women novelists."—*N. Y. Times.*

All bookstores $1.50.

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO. NEW YORK

The Eleventh.

Archbishop Usher was once washed ashore from a wreck off the coast of Ireland. Almost destitute of clothing, he wandered to the house of a church dignitary and asked for shelter and "How many commandments are there?" inquired the other, thinking to detect an imposter.

"I can at once satisfy you that I am not the ignorant imposter you take me for," replied the archbishop. "There are eleven commandments."

"No," was the sneering comment; "there are but ten commandments in my Bible. Tell me the eleventh and I will relieve you."

"There it is," said the archbishop; "'a new commandment I give unto you, that ye love one another.'"

A Thought of Comfort.

My little boy has been so bad today.
My little boy that is my hope, my all;
And as the daylight brightness drifts away,
A heavy shadow o'er my heart will fall.

So bad today! so slow to heed, so quick to go
Into each path I would not have him tread;
The very winds that over him did blow
Seemed twisted crosswise as they passed his head.

And yet I love him, oh, so tenderly!
My little sinner as he lies tonight,
With tear-wet lashes where my kiss should
Be to put each evil dream to flight.

So fondly I recall each warm caress,
Each trick of babyish sweetness, all his own;
And, with a mother's passing tenderness,
The sins and wanderings of the day condone.

I wonder, ah, I wonder if some night
When we lie down from all our toil and fret,
One who hath tenderer heart and clearer sight,
Will thus our wayward ways forget.

Will He recall that we are but, at best,
Weak children, whom his Father hand hath framed?
Forgetting part, forgive the rest,
And love us, where another would but blame?

—Eva Williams Malone, in Knoxville Journal and Tribune.

Dr. Hathaway & Co.



Old Reliable Doctors

Specialists in Diseases of Men

Pelvic Diseases of Men, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Sores, Ulcers, Varicocele, Stricture, Hydrocele, Contracted Discharges, Gleet, Frequent and Difficult Urination, Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness, Piles, Fistula, Rectal Diseases, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Prostate Gland, or any Special Urinary Disease or Weakness peculiar to men.

IF YOU ARE SICK GET THE RIGHT TREATMENT AT THE BEGINNING.

We Will Diagnose Your Case and Advise You Honestly. Personal Attention to All Patients.

Consultation and Examination Free

If you cannot call state your case and send for terms. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.

Suite 35 Inman Bldg., 22 1-2 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Full of "Dope" Without "Hope"

NINE YEARS AGO, BUT NOW HE IS Full Of "Hope" and Without "Dope"

AND HAS NO DESIRE FOR WHISKEY

Mr. C. A. Langston, a Merchant of Bakerfield, Mo., Says His Experience Is That the James Treatment Will Permanently Cure any Case of Drug or Whiskey Addiction and Recommends It to Those Who Need Treatment.

It is now nine years since I took the James treatment. When I went to the James Sanatorium at Memphis, Tenn., for treatment I was full of 'dope' and without 'hope'; since taking the treatment I am full of 'hope' and free from 'dope.' I was advised not to take any treatment and was told there was no cure for me, and that to take treatment of any kind would be throwing money away. I therefore went to the James Sanatorium as the court of last resort. When I presented myself for treatment my legs and feet were so terribly swollen that almost anyone would have pronounced it a case of elephantiasis. During the treatment I can truthfully say there was not one day that I was as uncomfortable as I was when my system was loaded with sixty grains of morphia and one pint of whisky, which was my daily allowance previous to the treatment. Since leaving your Sanatorium nine years ago I have been daily engaged in business, and at no time have I ever wanted 'a drink' or 'dope,' and consequently have not taken either. My health is perfect, I now weigh 150 pounds and enjoy every day of my life. I feel I owe my life to you and your remedies, I believe that you and your sanatorium are doing more for suffering humanity than any other institution of the kind on earth. I am, as you will see from the letter head, a merchant in this city, and I believe I have the respect of my townsmen and enjoy good credit.

"Hoping that this letter will induce some poor unfortunate to come to you for relief, and wishing you continued success, I am your true friend,

"C. A. LANGSTON.

"Bakerfield, Mo."

FREE DRUG CURE

Chas. B. James, 133 Poplar Ave., Dept. 28, Memphis, Tenn.—Please send to my address all charges paid, a free trial bottle for patient using (state here number grains used each 24 hours).....grains of (state kind of drug here) .....
State here if used by mouth or hypodermically .....
Name .....
Town .....State .....
Nearest Express Office .....

JAMES HOME CURE REMEDIES.

For Drug Addictions, Alcoholism, Tobacco and Cigarette Habits will be furnished at the following prices:
Whiskey, Wine or Beer $12.50
Tobacco, Cigarettes or Snuff..... 5.00
Prices for Hypodermic or Internal Home Treatment for Drug Addictions will be furnished on application, with a free sample treatment. Express charges prepaid, when requested.
Booklets on Drug Addictions, Alcoholism and Tobacco and Cigarette Habits, containing testimonials, etc., sent sealed under plain cover. Correspondence confidential. Address Charles B. James, or James Sanatorium, 133 Poplar avenue, Dept. 28, Memphis, Tenn.

SOUGHT $80,000 BY BLACKMAIL AND HE GOT 20 YEARS IN PRISON



FRANZ VON VELTHEIM.

London, February 12.—Carl Ludwig Von Veltheim, a German-born naturalized American, who posed as a baron, and was known also as Frank Kurtz and Carl Sneiderich Mauritz, was sentenced at the Old Bailey today to twenty years' penal servitude, having been convicted of attempting to blackmail Solly B. Joel, a wealthy London and South African financier and mine owner, out of $80,000.

Von Veltheim was arrested four months ago in Paris. He has served in the Germany navy and army, was once in the Bulgarian army, and has had many adventures in Australia, America and Japan. He went to Cape Town in 1897, and the following year shot and killed Wolff Joel, a brother of Solly Joel, at that place. He was arrested and tried, but was acquitted. Some years afterward a body recovered from the Thames was identified as Von Veltheim's by his wife, but later the adventurer was discovered serving on the Bechuanaland police.

BRYAN CAUSES CLASH IN HOUSE

Hamill Replies to Attack Made by Leake.

BRYAN AND THE DECALOGUE

Hamill Thinks It Bad Taste for a Democrat to Criticise Bryan Because the Latter Tries to Keep the Ten Commandments.

Washington, February 12.—For the second time this week politics cropped out during the discussion of the Indian appropriation in the house of representatives. Today Mr. Hamill, of New Jersey, got the floor for five minutes, presumably to talk on the bill.

"My colleage, Mr. Leake, last Monday, made some remarks derogatory to the conduct of William Jennings Bryan," he said, and before he could continue, Mr. Sherman, of New York, arose, and said amid general laughter:

"I must make the point of order that this section of the bill does not appropriate for William Jennings Bryan."

There were demands that Mr. Hamill be allowed to proceed.

On condition that Mr. Leake should be permited five minutes to reply, the permission was accorded.

Resuming his remarks, Mr. Hamill declared that the sentiments as expressed by Mr. Leake "are not the sentiment I entertain or the sentiments that prevail in Hudson county, which we both represent, or which prevail, for that matter, throughout the state of New Jersey."

Bryan and the Decalogue.

Mr. Bryan, he said, should not be criticized because of his knowledge of the decalogue.

In his opinion it was amazing that Mr. Bryan should be openly opposed on the floor of the house because he showed an acquaintance with the ten commandments. It was refreshing, he said, to find a man who not only boasted and possessed an acquaintance with the ten commandments, "but who throughout the entire course of his public career has consisently put the precepts of the commandments into practice."

Shouts of democratic applause greeted Mr. Hamill's announcement that while he agreed with the statement that Mr. Bryan's knowledge of the commandments would fit him to occupy a pulpit with preeminence, "I can also assure the house, reflecting at the same time their own knowledge, that the same acquaintance will enable him to occupy with eclat the office of president." The principles Mr. Bryan espoused, he said, were so undeniably sound "that his opponents have appropriated many of them and made them the popular features of their policies."

If, said Mr. Hamill, it was true, as charged by his colleague, that Mr. Bryan was engaged in the practice of corralling delegates to the Denver convention, it was the very same practice indulged in "by the illustrious gentleman whom my friends on the other side of the chamber boast of as their political chieftain."

Leake Attacks Bryan.

All eyes then turned toward Mr. Leake, who said, amid republican applause, that he had been misunderstood and that the Congressional Record would bear him out that he had cast no aspersions on "the peerless one."

His tone in referring to Mr. Bryan was so sarcastic that he was again applauded by the republicans. Mr. Leake said it was his honest opinion that his views reflected the sentiment of his district, his state and the country. There were, he said, principles of the democratic party which had been departed from since 1896, "and yet in this year when we see an opportunity of victory we are still trusting to the distinguished gentleman from Nebraska." Mr. Leake spoke for the doctrines of Thomas Jefferson, and reverting to Mr. Bryan provoked vociferous republican applause and general laughter when he said:

"I believe that Mr. Bryan is sincere, honest, and I believe that he is truthful, and I believe further that he cannot represent the principles of democracy before the American people. I believe that he cannot preach the doctrine of home rule in the states. I do not believe he can preach the doctrine of American individuality, for when he rises as our leader he is wound around by his heresies of free silver, by his doctrine of governmental ownership and by his guaranteeing of the bank deposits of the United States, and by all those other socialistic tendencies."

Country Needs Democracy.

The country, he declared, "needs democracy now—needs the establishment of the principles of democracy in our national legislation and needs to get away from the principles which Mr. Bryan stands for."

Mr. Leake, after asserting that the republicans were a party of expediency and the democrats a party of principle, said that he had been accused of being a republican. He declared that he did not believe that the republican party was based on sound principles and the safety of the country must rest on the old, everlasting principles of democracy as enunciated by Thomas Jefferson.

General applause and laughter greeted Mr. Leake as he took his seat, and after a momentary silence it broke out with increased vigor.

John Sharp Williams, leader of the minority, brought the colloquy to a climax and a close. "I have observed," he said, "that the risibilities of the other side were considerably stirred by the clash of two individuals on this side. The republicans seem to rejoice in the fact that there is no rod of iron on the democratic side to assure absolute unanimity of opinion. I recognize, as in contrast, that the republicans are generally united, notwithstanding the fact that now and then when one of them rises, he is warned by another of them to get out of the way or be run down."

Dr. DeForest to Wed.

New York, February 12.—The engagement of Miss Nora Stanton Blatch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Blatch and granddaughter of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, to Dr. Lee De Forest, vice president of the American De Forest Wireless Telegraph Company, was announced last night. The ceremony will take place before the spring.

The cure for the blues—Cascarets. A million boxes go out every month to carry a world of sunshine. Are you getting your share?

Cascarets act as a bowel tonic, not as an irritant.
They are vegetable. Their action is natural. Their effect is the same as the effect of some foods.
They are gentle; no griping.
They are pleasant; no dreading.
They are convenient; no waiting.

One old way was castor oil.
The effect was to grease the bowels, and for a single day. Oil never causes the bowel muscles to act.
Other ways were pills, salts and cathartics. The effect was the same as pepper has in the nostrils. They flooded the bowels with fluid.
Those fluids were digestive juices. And the waste today means a lack tomorrow.

We knew that the method was wrong. That the after-effects only weakened the bowels.
But we had no gentle laxatives in the old days. So we waited as long as we could, then took a big dose of physic.
The method today is to take one Cascaret at a time—just as soon as you need it. Then the bowels are always clean.

Cascarets are candy tablets. They are sold by all druggists, but never in bulk. Be sure you get the genuine, with CCC on every tablet. The price is 50c, 25c and

Ten Cents per Box 204

HANCOCK CASE GOES TO TAFT

Fate of Army Major Rests With the Secretary of War.

Washington, February 12.—All the papers in the courtmartial proceedings against Major W. F. Hancock, who was found guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, have been sent by President Roosevelt to Secretary of War Taft for consideration and recommendation.

He has fixed February 20 as the day for taking up the case. In the meantime, it is not improbable that the influences which were to have been directed at the president will be turned upon the war secretary, and it is hoped that he will recommend executive clemency, as did the courtmartial.

It is believed that the recommendation of Secretary Taft will control the president and if the secretary endorses the court's recommendation for clemency, it will probably result in Major Hancock being saved the humiliation of dismissal from the service.

The friends of Major Hancock, including his former wife, are well pleased at the turn the case has taken. They feel sure that he stands a better chance at hands of Secretary Taft than he would have at the hands of President Roosevelt, who is known to have expressed himself as favoring dismissal.

MUSCOGEE JURY INDICTS THREE

Charged With Forging and Circulating Columbus Clearing House Certificates.

Columbus, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—E. C. Davis, of Rome; J. J. Weaver, of Juniper, and W. O. Bowden, of Flat Rock, were indicted today by the Muscogee county grand jury on the charge of forging and circulating counterfeit Columbus Clearing House certificates.

It is understood that the counterfeit certificates were made in Atlanta and that the paraphernalia has been captured.

TWO OFFICERS ARE SUSPENDED

Detective and Patrolman Are to Be Tried Today at Macon.

Brown House, Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) City Detective Nat Harrison was suspended this morning by Chief of Police Sam Wescott upon a charge that the officer was soliciting business for a law firm. An investigation in his case has been set for tomorrow morning before Judge Miller, mayor. Another suspension, that of Patrolman Simpson, will also come up for hearing. The patrol officer was also suspended this morning, the charge against him being drunkenness on duty.

The charges against Detective Nat Harrison proved a sensation in police circles. The law firm will enter a strong protest against the charges and the officer will also claim innocennce. It is alleged that Harrison had been doing business for the law firm for twenty per cent on the dollar for all collected fees.

Chief Wescott brought the matter to the attention of the detective several days ago and at the time, so it is stated, warned Harrison against further practice of the kind. The charges this morning arose out of the arrest of a negro hackman named Freeman, who had been taken up for operating a "tiger" is his hack. Harrison states that he was asked by the negro if there was a lawyer that could be secured and the officer responded by naming over several attorneys. Numbers of witnesses have been summoned and the case will prove an interesting one.

BANQUET AT SAVANNAH.

Landing of Oglethorpe Celebrated by Georgia Society of Colonial Wars.

Savannah, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The landing of Oglethorpe and the establishment of the first settlement in Georgia was commemorated by the Georgia Society of Colonial Wars with a banquet and annual meeting tonight at the DeSoto. Mr. F. F. Jones, the governor of the society, presided.

The membership of the society is restricted, as the eligibles are descendants of those who may have engaged in wars antedating the revolution.

BUY YOUR VALENTINES

At Delbridge & Rice, 74 North Broad street. They have a large stock of pretty and tasteful valentines that will cause your intended to smile the "smile that won't come off." They are very beautiful, and the price is very, very low. Buy your valentine, and then view the exhibit of the International Correspondence Schools.

WILL WIRE OFF SALOONS.

Saloon Men Will Not Observe City Court Ruling.

Montgomery, Ala., February 12.—Saloon men of the city and other Alabama cities will not observe the ruling of the city court of Montgomery to the effect that all buildings where liquor is stored must be closed at 9 o'clock at night. They will wire off saloons from restaurants, but no more.

Sig Gardner in Bankruptcy.

Savannah, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Petition in banqruptcy has been filed by Sig Gardner, one of the best known haberdashers and outfitters in the state. His liabilities are given as $40,000 and assets about half that amount. Mr. Gardner is known throughout the south among the members of the B'nai B'rith.

THREE ARE NOW LEFT IN RACE

Capt. Thompson Hiles Withdraws from Mayoralty Race at Rome.

Rome, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The municipal race in Rome daily assumes different and unexpected phases. This morning marked the withdrawal of Captain Thompson Hiles, who states that he is unwilling to enter a race where, on account of the number of candidates, it would be practically impossible for any one of them to receive a majority of votes cast. Mr. Denny comes out in a card this morning and announces his platform, and says he is in the race to stay until the last vote is counted. T. W. Lipscomb has a very strong backing, and is in the race to the finish. Dr. Wicker is still confident of election, and has a strong following. It is not probable that there will be any further withdrawals prior to the primary election on the 18th inst.

FOR ROOSEVELT AND TAFT.

Resolutions Are Passed by Republican Commitee of Colorado.

Denver, Col., February 12.—Resolutions endorsing the course of the national administration and favoring the nomination of Secretary of War Taft for the presidency, were unanimously adopted today by the republican state central committee of Colorado.

Joplin, Mo., February 12.—The republicans of the fifteenth Missouri congressional district, in convention here today, elected delegates to the national convention at Chicago, instructed to vote for Secretary Taft for president. Attorney General Herbert S. Hadley was endorsed for governor of Missouri.

CAPTAIN AND CREW ARRIVE.

Were Picked Up in Midocean by Steamer Ovida.

Scranton, Miss., February 12.—Captain Hemberg and crew of eleven men of the Swedish bark Norrkoping, 593 tons, bound from Trinidad to Hamburg, with asphalt, and which was wrecked at sea, reached this port last night on the Swedish steamship Ovida. They were picked up in midocean. The Swedish consul at Mobile has been notified.

Captain Hemberg made an attempt to board his vessel, but was prevented by sea pirates, who took charge of her after he first abandoned her.

Floyd's Committee Meets Saturday.

Rome, Ga., February 12.—(special.)—The Floyd county executive committee will meet Saturday to settle on a date for the county primary for the nomination of three members of the legislature and county officers. It is probable that they will fix June 4, the same date as the state primary. It is understood that all of the present county officials will be candidates for re-election. It is doubtful if any of Floyd's representatives will stand for re-election.

No use theorizing as to whether coffee is harmful.
Stop it and use
POSTUM
10 days to get facts.
"There's a Reason"

Sweaters Half Price

Special lot of Men's Sweaters reduced to Half in price.

Sweaters that were $1.50 to $3.50 now,

75c to $1.75

Sweaters in white, red, navy and stripes. All sizes.
Display in the window

Four and Five-Dollar Bath Robes

$2.50

Full length, full width, liberally cut bath robes, with full ample sleeves, wide sailor collars or hoods. Made of heavy Turkish Crash and Terry Cloths, stripes and conventional designs in two-color effects.

Boys' Bath Robes in the same colors and materials that were $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 reduced to

$1.50

MUSE'S

3-5-7 Whitehall St.

KNOX MAKES PLEA FOR WATERWAYS

Pennsylvania Senator Says Question Is Pressing.

DEMANDED BY PANAMACANAL

If the People of the United States Are to Reap Full Benefits of the Canal, the Waterways of This Country Must Be Improved.

Pittsburg, Pa., February 12.—Senator P. C. Knox spoke tonight before the Pittsburg chamber of commerce on "The Future of Commerce."

Senator Knox's Address.

He said in part:

"The future volume, stability and expansion of American commerce depend largely upon the energy and courage of the people, upon their confidence that their government will not disturb unnecessarily the normal laws affecting trade, upon their belief in the government's efficiency to protect them in their rights, and upon its willingness to energetically and liberally expand their opportunities.

"No subject of national policy has been more distorted by partial views, more disfigured by misapprehension, or more dwarfed by the conflict of local interests than the governmental work of improving our harbors and waterways, and yet upon no other one factor does the future expansion of commerce so largely depend.

"The stage has been reached when local jealousies should be cast aside, and these limited and partial views enlarged to the perception that whatever expenditure is necessary to bring to its utmost economic capacity every harbor capable of commercial utility and every river able to furnish a route for industrial or agricultural products and material, is the most remunerative investment that can be made with national funds. Old methods may have invested these works with local and log-rolling characteristics. The true national policy is to embark on the creation of an inclusive system of harbors and waterways which shall be developed to its utmost economic possibility.

Duty of Government.

"The duty of the government to improve its waterways and harbors is made exigent by the great expenditures in progress on the Isthmus of Panama. Besides the vast general inducement for bringing all our harbors and rivers to their full economic capacity, the direct bearing of this work in securing to our own people their fair share of the benefits from the interoceanic canal is so intimate and weighty that it cannot be neglected with justice to this nation or without discrediting our own intelligence and consistency.

"Will the government of this nation, through its legislative branches, fix upon itself the amazing incongruity of spending a certain $300,000,000, and a possible $500,000,000 in digging the Panama canal and denying to the seacoast harbors of the United States two or three score millions to enable them to enjoy the full benefit of the canal? Do we wish, while spending that sum outside the United States, to withhold or even stint the probable $200,000,000 or possible $300,000,000 that will at once secure to the canal the vast traffic of the Mississippi basin, and give to half our population the due return from their contribution to that work? I cannot believe that, with its true nature comprehended, congress can perpetrate that logical impossibility.

"It is time to lay aside not only local selfishness and sectional jealousies, but narrow views of the limitation and delay of improvements on account of an erroneous conception of economy for the realization of the vast gain from a waterway scheme truly national in its scope.

"The relief of the railways by transferring a good share of their low-class freights to the waterways is not adverse to their permanent prosperity. It is a short-sighted notion that they must oppose that change. European experience has established the law that with waterways carrying the slow and heavy freights, which most congest the railways and on which their net return is the most narrow, the growth of industry and population more than compensates them in the growth of their high-class freight, express, mail and passenger traffic.

Great for the Nation.

"In all the range of material benefits for this nation there are none of such magnificent possibilities more certainly attainable than this. The conception of the fields of the northwest linked by waterways with the coal of Pennsylvania, the cotton fields of the gulf, the ports of the Pacific and the cities of the coast; the picture of great tows and fleets of steamers, bearing grain, coal, iron, cotton on the streams from the lakes to the gulf and from Nebraska to New York; the full enjoyment of the Panama canal for the productive interests of the Mississippi basin and the Atlantic coast alike; the agriculture of that vast region doubled in its production by the rewards of intensive cultivation and the multiplication of near markets, surpasses the ability of the human mind to grasp in its entirety. But that it can be realized in fact is beyond dispute, when we set about it with the full knowledge of its compelling importance and with the deep resolution to attain it, by measures bold without rashness and earnest only to achieve the utmost national welfare.

NO MONEY FOR BANKHEAD.

He Will Not Receive Pay as Inland Waterways Commissioner.

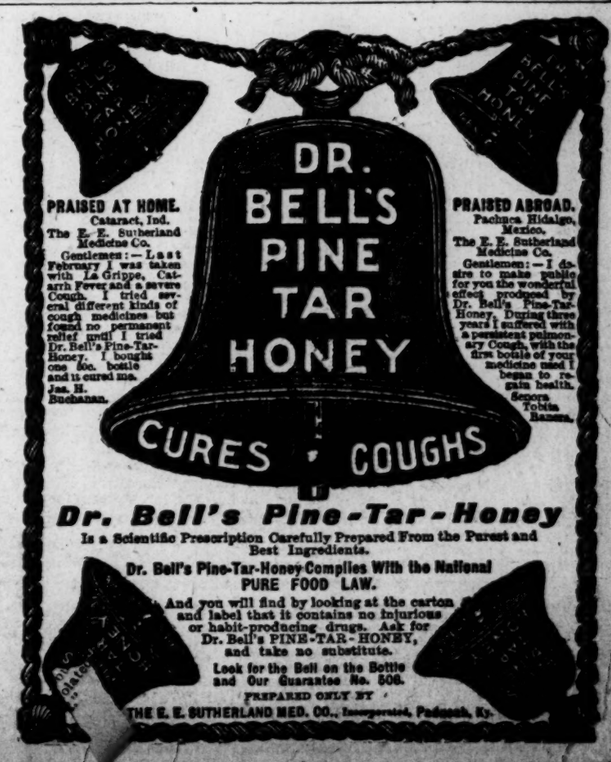
Washington, February 12.—A complete agreement of the conferees on the urgent deficiency bill was reported in the house of representatives by Mr. Tawney today. By the terms of the agreement the appropriation of $1,873 to pay Senator J. H. Bankhead for his services on the inland waterways commission, was eliminated. The house managers receded regarding the appropriation of $60,000 for conducting the trial of the Hyde, Dimond, Benson, Schneider land conspiracy trial in the District of Columbia, and the federal government will bear the expense of the trial. It is expressly provided in the report, however, that the government, if necessary, shall pay the expenses of the witnesses for the defense in traveling to and from this city.

Wu Ting Fang Coming.

Tokio, February 12.—Wu Ting Fang, minister from China to Washington, will sail for America tomorrow on the Pacific mail liner Siberia, accompanied by thirty-two students. He spent two days at Yokohama. During his stay here he called at the American embassy and had a long talk with Minister Thomas J. O'Brien.

Mast & Co. Fail.

Cincinnati, Ohio, February 12.—P. P. Mast & Co., agricultural implement manufacturers, of Springfield, Ohio, was today thrown into the hands of receivers by action begun last night in the United States circuit court. The assets are given as approximately $1,000,000, and the indebtedness at $400,000.



E. M. CHARTIER ROASTS PROPRIETORS OF SOUTHERN BUSINESS COLLEGE

In Letter to Bagwell Business College, Famous Author Says Statement That He Has Forsaken Chartier Shorthand Is False.

Declares It to Be the Best System in Use Today.

Bagwell Proposes Plan by Which Associated Charities Will Receive $1,000 and Shorthand Controversy Will Be Settled.



E. M. CHARTIER.
Author of famous Chartier System of Shorthand, taught exclusively in Atlanta at Bagwell Business College.

In a personal letter to J. O. Bagwell, president of Bagwell Business College, Mr. E. M. Chartier, author of the famous Chartier system of shorthand, declares that he has been misrepresented by a recent article published by the Southern Business College in which it was stated that he had forsaken his system.

"False" and "unscrupulous" are the terms which Mr. Chartier applies to the statement. The letter follows:

PARIS, Tex., February 6, 1908.

Mr. J. O. Bagwell, Atlanta, Ga.:

Dear Sir—In a recent issue of an Atlanta paper I notice that the Southern Business College is like a drowning man grasping at a straw. Having, seemingly, insufficient merit in their stenographic department to commend them to the public, they seek to uplift and sustain themselves upon what they represent to be the shortcomings of Chartier shorthand.

Although I have, for reasons best known to myself, withdrawn from the Chartier-Spencer Publishing Co., **I still declare Chartier Shorthand to be the best system in use today.** This fact has been demonstrated by the hundreds of the leading schools of America that have adopted the system during the past four years.

We must expect, I am truly sorry to say, to meet unscrupulous men in the business college world as well as elsewhere, who would stoop to misrepresentations to gain profit. The Southern Business College made the statement that this was the third system of shorthand that I have invented within the past two years. **This statement is false. Chartier Shorthand is the first and only system in which I have had a hand.**

With best wishes I am, very truly yours, E. M. CHARTIER.

In the above letter we have submitted absolute proof that the proprietors of the Southern Business College have attempted to deceive the public by making untruthful statements about Chartier Shorthand.

We leave the public to draw its own conclusions as to whether any institution that will stoop to such methods is worthy of the confidence and patronage of the people.

$1,000 for Orphans.

Bagwell Business College will deposit $1,000 in any bank to be given to the Associated Charities of Atlanta if it can not be shown in public contest before disinterested judges that students of Chartier shorthand are more competent stenographers after one, two, three and four months' study than students of the Graham and the Pitman systems, provided the Southern Business College will deposit a like amount under the same conditions.

We trust that the charitably inclined friends of the proprietors of the Southern Business College will use their influence to induce them to accept the above proposition. If these gentlemen are sincere in their statements about Chartier shorthand they could not possibly have any objection to entering the contest, as they would have no risk to run and nothing to lose. By doing so they would be the means of giving $1,000 to the orphans and unfortunates of Atlanta.

For further information address J. O. Bagwell, President, 198 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

CHARLES HADEN SPEAKS ON FOREST PRESERVATION

At the banquet of the Yellow Pine Sash, Door and Blind Manufacturers of the South at the Piedmont yesterday the question of the preservation of the forests was an important theme.

Charles J. Haden had been invited to speak on that subject. Mr. Haden and his associates are among the largest owners of timber land in the southeast.

He said in part:

The chief benefit of the forestry agitation will, no doubt, come in arousing the people to a sense of the value of their timber holdings. If once appreciated, the forest will be protected. It is no doubt wise that the government should buy and hold tracts of timber to provide for possible future timber famines, notwithstanding such famines may be remote. If the habit of calling on the federal government to build expositions, irrigate deserts, dig canals, own railroads and exploit fresh fields of paternalism is to continue, the raw materials for these purposes should be preserved. The government's need of timber for public uses even within the old constitutional bounds is enormous. Warships, forts, arsenals, naval stations, rivers and harbors, are great consumers of timber and our country could hardly afford to depend upon imported materials. Still the government could not be expected to buy up enough forest to protect the water supply of the entire Appalachian watersheds. While the old proverb, "Uncle Sam is able to buy us all a farm," may be true, it would be rather immodest to require him to irrigate the donations.

If the danger of exhausting streams and the consequent damage to health is as imminent as the experts tell us (I am not sure of this), then the states and the federal government, under the police provisions of their respective constitutions, should proceed to regulate the destruction of the forest. This is done by all the European governments. "Private rights end where public good begins," and the individual must yield the privilege of vandalizing his private woodlands for the good of the commonwealth. It would be a stretch of the police power in our republic, but the power itself is limited only by the exigency. Under this power individual land owners in more than one of the American states have been compelled to drain offensive swamps to protect public health. The inevitable result would be to raise the price of lumber. If the landed proprietor is restrained from cutting more than a proper number of the full-grown trees, then he must get a price commensurate with his limited and expensively-produced output. Compared with other products, southern lumber has never commanded an adequate price. A rise in the lumber market would correspondingly increase the use of fire-proof building materials. The saving in insurance would in time offset the increased cost of using brick, stone, cement and slate. Hence in the roundup the preservation of the forests under government regulations would inure to the good of all.

Under Sentence of Death.

"Leaves have their time to fall," wrote the old poet, and he might have added that trees are, also, under nature's sentence of death. Experienced woodsmen will bear witness to the fact that nearly every tree which has reached the approximate maximum growth of its genus will be found decaying at the core. The forest monarch dies from the heart outward. When full-grown it is ripe for the ax. Its growth is so slow that to be cut a few years more or less prior to maturity is a matter of slight difference. Each year it remains beyond its maturity it encumbers the ground. The quantity of plant food necessary to maintain it is drawn from the supply needed by the smaller trees growing near by. Thinning out has the same effect with trees as with crops—it speeds the growth of those left. Therefore, posterity profits by harvesting of trees in due time. Germany has worked out this principle with great success in its Black forest. The sawmill operator should, as far as possible, own the soil from which he cuts his trees. If he cuts only trees that are ripe, he is no vandal. He does nothing more nor less than the farmer who harvests the wheat in season, or the sheep owner who shares wool in the spring. Under modern methods turpentining may be continued in the forest indefinitely, allowing intervals of rest. The yellow pine of the south has suffered from abuse more than from use.

The destruction of the oak of the uplands is not so serious as it once was. Formerly the tree was stripped of its bark for tanning purposes and the body allowed to waste. Now, in most instances, the entire tree is used. One of the most serious problems is that of the wood pulp for use in the manufacture of paper. At present this supply is drawn entirely from the northern forests. It is said that one "yellow back" newspaper in New York consumes 30 acres a day. Such desecration of raw material causes the observant man to exclaim in the language of the apostle, "Why so much waste!"

The plea for posterity is open to demurrers. Under the law the holder of a life estate may use enough of the growing timber for improvements and maintenance of the farms. That is about all this generation is doing. The buildings and railroads in which these trees are being used will descend by inheritance to the unborn. Already the consumption of timber in bridges and trestles is fast decreasing. Cement is taking its place.

There is undue alarm about a timber famine. Europe is very old, yet house-building lumber from the Baltic sea is freighted to London and sold at prices as low as American lumber of corresponding quality is sold in New York. The mountains of old Abyssinia are still forest-clad. South Africa could supply Europe for two centuries. The tributaries of the Amazon river (with an all-water route to the United States) could furnish North America with its hardwood supply unto the third and fourth generations. If the tariff on lumber were removed foreign lumber would inundate our markets.

The agitation is not premature, however, for the earlier an intelligent system of dealing with the forest question is put into operation in the south the greater will be the eventual aggregate pecuniary results. The value of our timber resources can hardly be measured in figures; it is a wealth for ourselves and those who live after us, and should be preserved and made to yield the largest possible returns.

Steamer Anslem Abandoned.

New Orleans, La., February 12.—Instructions to abandon the British steamer Anselm, aground on the coast of Honduras, were issued today by the United Fruit Company, owners of the vessel. The Anselm was over twenty years old. She went ashore last week.

Ayer's Pills

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this formula for a liver pill. Do as he says about using these pills. He knows.

COMPLETE FORMULA, AYER'S PILLS
Each Pill Represents

Jalap	½ Gr.	Podophyllin	¼ Gr.
Ginger	½ Gr.	Gamboge	¼ Gr.
Aloes	½ Gr.	Oil Peppermint	¼ Gr.
Colocynth Pulp	½ Gr.	Oil Spearmint	1/60 Gr.

Excipient—Sufficient quantity.

We have no secrets! We publish the formula of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co. Lowell, Mass.

CORN PAINT

when preceded by the words "East India" is an absolute cure for the worst corn. It cures by removing quickly and harmlessly the corn and its every root.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIA CORN PAINT

Druggists or by mail 25c. THE ABBOTT CO., Savannah, Ga.

RAYNER ROASTS ALDRICH BILL

Senator Points Out Dangers of the Republican Measure.

ROOSEVELT ALSO ATTACKED

Maryland Democrat Thinks That the President Has Gone About Many of His Reforms in the Wrong Way and Caused Needless Alarms.

Washington, February 12.—Senator Raynor, of Maryland, spoke at length in the senate today on the currency bill, condemning the present system of banking in the United States, and incidentally declaring that the president, by his methods of fighting the encroachments of predatory wealth, had done much to intensify the panic through which the country has recently passed.

Turning to Senator Aldrich, Mr. Raynor asked how it happened that the committee had stricken from the bill the provision requiring the banks located outside of reserve or central reserve cities to keep a reserve equal to 15 per cent of their deposit liabilities and hold at all times at least two-thirds of such in lawful money.

Why It Was Omitted

The chairman of the finance committee replied that it was omitted in order to avoid unnecessary opposition to the bill in its main features.

"There was," he added, "great opposition to this from country banks, especially in the south and west, and the committee let it go to avoid discussion."

He believed that was a subject that should be taken up in a separate bill.

"Will the chairman tell us when he will take up such a bill?" interrupted Mr. Tillman.

"I will answer that quick," said Mr. Raynor. "He will do it when a tariff bill is taken up."

Mr. Raynor wanted to know who asked for this change.

Looking towards the democratic side, Mr. Aldrich said Senator Taliaferro, of Florida, had moved to strike it out.

A colloquy then took place between Mr. Raynor and Mr. Taliaferro, the latter insisting that he had just told the former that he had moved to strike out that provision which he disapproved because, in his judgment, it crippled the country banks in loaning their money.

Faults of Currency System.

Mr. Rayner said he realized that the bill will pass, and declared that the opponents have the consolation of knowing that "it is simply and solely an emergency measure." After outlining what he considered to be faults with the currency system of this government, he said:

"The truth about the situation is that the money in this country is not equitably and fairly distributed and that it is concentrated at points that dominate the banking interests of the land that the people who need the money, and the country banks, the country towns, mercantile and farming interests and honest business enterprises are all unable to procure it when the necessity arises for its use, and are all sacrificed to gratify and appease the demands that are concentrated around the financial centers of the country. We will never have any permanent relief until we strike at the root of the evil and reform our entire banking system from its foundations in the interest of the American people against the special interests."

Reserve Scheme Dishonest.

While opposing the Aldrich bill, Mr. Rayner went on record also against a credit currency, an asset currency and a central bank of issue. The great trouble with the pending bill is with the reserves, he said, and he declared that the law regulating them is "simply an undisguised and stupendous deception and fraud." He said that the reserve scheme as now operated works dishonestly and disastrously upon the rights of the American people and that the deposits of money in country banks, with the juggling that finally carries it to the reserve cities, contributes to make the worst system in the civilized world.

"Why the savages upon the banks of the Senegambian river," said he, "with elephants' teeth and the bark of the mulberry tree as a circulating medium, have a better system of finance than this."

If the country and city banks have on hand only 6 per cent and 1½ per cent respectively of the reserve deposit, Mr. Rayner wanted to know who does have the money. Answering his own question, he said he supposed the stock market has it to a large extent.

Frightful Iniquity.

Continuing, he said:

"So, gentlemen of the south and west, when you want to move your crops, do not apply to the banks, because they have no money, but apply to the New York Stock Exchange for permission to do so. Is it not frightful that this iniquity should continue, condemned by every intelligent financier and honest man in the land? You will understand that in the seasons when money is easy the reserve is forwarded to New York as quickly as they can for interest and then when the hour of contraction comes the New York banks are unable to send the reserves home again because the money is all loaned out."

Mr. Rayner asserted that the absence of a provision correcting the evils pointed out in the reserve system amounts to a disfiguration of the Aldrich bill, and that the measure in its present form will work more effectively in the interest of large dividends to the stockholders of national banks than it does in the interests of the American people.

"I appeal to this body," he said, "not to pass a bill which peremptorily declines to make any change whatever in this system of reserves, and permits this blundering and flagrant injustice to permanently disgrace the statutes of the United States.

Rayner Blames Roosevelt.

"And now I say, with great reverence and respect, both for the office and for its occupant, that the president of the United States has also, with the best intentions, unconsciously contributed to the misfortunes that have overtaken us. I unite with him in the warfare that he is waging against the violators of the law and the oppressors of the people.

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts

now are taking precedence over all other flavoring extracts.

KNOCKED DOWN; STORE ROBBED

Aged Veteran Was Assaulted by Negro Youth at Macon.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—H. E. Elliott, an aged veteran, who operates a small store on Ross street, was knocked down in his store late last night and robbed by a negro boy about eighteen years old. The negro entered the store to get some oil, and while the proprietor was in the rear, the boy dealt him a fierce blow, knocking him unconscious. The negro then secured $10 and the store key and made good his escape.

B. F. Sutton, who was just entering the store, found the situation too late to stop the fleeing negro, and he made good his escape. The police have been working on the case with no very encouraging results. The old merchant is a veteran 85 years of age, and the stroke came near proving serious for him.

Druggist Case Was Continued.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The case against Druggist L. B. Holliman, of East Macon, for alleged violation of the prohibition laws, was continued before Recorder Urquhart this morning on account of the illness of the accused man. The druggist will be present and defend himself at the first opportunity. Number of druggists of the city are much interested in the outcome of the case.

Compromise in Wachtel Case.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—A compromise has been secured in the case of Charles Wachtel's Sons, and within a few days the business will be in operation again. The creditors got 40 per cent of their claims. At a meeting this morning terms were reached, and the matter will be passed upon by the court, so that there will be nothing further in the way of operating. The Wachtels have long been connected with the business interests of Macon, and their friends are pleased at the plans for business again.

Professor Stewart at Macon.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Professor Joseph S. Stewart, of the University of Georgia, was at Mercer this morning and was heard in a very interesting address to the students. He proved an interesting speaker, and he was enthusiastically received.

Sam B. Hunter a Candidate.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Sam B. Hunter, of Macon, is a candidate for the legislature from Bibb county. He will make his announcement within a short time, and work for the place will be started in real earnest. He stands among the popular class of young business men of the community, and his friends are much pleased at the chances he will have in the race.

OLD ST. VALENTINE.

If St. Valentine could but visit 74 North Broad street for a short time and see the elegant and tasteful display of valentines shown by Delbridge & Rice his first question would be, "How do you manage to sell them so cheaply? Why do you furnish so much for so little?" After you buy your valentine don't fail to see the I. C. S. educational exhibit.

TO TRY FIRST LOCKER CASE.

First Proceedings Against a Savannah Locker Club Today.

Savannah, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The first proceeding against a Savannah locker club was launched today when Phillip Coleman was put on the dock for selling liquor. It is alleged that his club, The Alpine, sold liquor indiscriminately, a man not on the list of club members having, it is charged, secured it. The case is to come up tomorrow.

WANT RATES REDUCED.

Savannah to Make Improvements Conditional on Reduction.

Savannah, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—At a meeting to be held in Atlanta on February 20 the Southeastern Tariff Association will be asked to give a guarantee that the insurance rates in Savannah will be readjusted and reduced if the city makes general and expensive changes and improvements in the water system that have been recommended by an expert, who has made a thorough investigation.

It will cost $50,000, at least, to carry out these recommendations, and the city authorities want some assurance that a rate reduction will follow if such an expenditure is made. It is believed the assurance can be secured.

When it comes to the Standard Oil Company and other kindred allies no man in this chamber would go to a greater length than I am willing to go in driving them, if possible, from the face of the republic. I know that their path has been a path of desolation. I know that they have swept down upon competition like a cormorant upon its prey and have built their thrones upon the wants of penury and the toil of unrequited labor. I differ, however, with the president in his method of assault.

"Malefactors should receive penal punishment and a whole generation of innocent people ought not to suffer for the sins of their oppressors.

One Day of Imprisonment.

"One day of imprisonment would do the work better than all the heaviest fines that can be levied upon the institutions they represent. Further with the president in his remedies, because he has suggested one after another, utterly impossible of accomplishment by the federal government. Take the child labor bill that in former messages has received his warmest endorsement. Laying aside its unconstitutionality, which I shall discuss when the occasion presents itself, it has terrified every manufacturing industry in the land, because it provides upon its face that if a single child is employed in a manufactory all the vast products of the establishment produced by adult labor may be excluded from the channels of interstate commerce. Take the capitalization of railroads. I have no objection whatever to this plan, but after the capitalization then what will you do with your innocent stockholders and bondholders? How will you separate and distinguish the watered issue from the lawful capital? What can the federal government do with those who have honestly and innocently acquired their investments? It can terrify them, and that is about all that it has done."

Mr. Rayner, closed with a declaration that the financial question should not be regarded as a party issue.

RATHER ROUGH ON LEGISLATORS

Van Cleave Says Most of Them Ought to Be Hoeing Corn.

TAFT KILLED BY STRADDLING

Manufacturer Says Secretary Has Straddled the Labor Question and Will Be Defeated for Nomination — Legislators Are Sharply Assailed.

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 12.—That Secretary Taft has straddled the question of organized labor, and has, therefore, lost the nomination for president, is the opinion of James W. Van Cleave, of St. Louis, expressed in his invective against some of the methods employed by the American Federation of Labor in his speech on "The Industrial South," before a representative gathering of Chattanooga's manufacturers.

In his address, Mr. Van Cleave told of the wonderful growth of the south since the civil war, telling of the successes of the day, and of the dangers which were besetting manufacturers and which should be guarded against. Among the problems which he said had to be solved was that of labor. He also paid his respects to the average legislatures in the southern states, declaring that manufacturers should pay closer attention to political questions, and see that the right kind of representatives were sent to pass the right kind of laws.

His reference to what he considered the probable defeat of Secretary Taft followed a quotation from a press dispatch to the effect that Samuel Gompers intended to enter the political field and organize a party composed of members of the American Federation of Labor. He said he would be only too glad if the party was organized, as it would prevent such men as Taft from being afraid of the chimera of organized labor.

Among other warnings given manufacturers by Mr. Van Cleave was one to protect their interests against the passage of unjust laws. He said that this could be done by sending the best kind of men to the legislature. He advised them to pay more attention to political subjects and to elections.

"I was in a legislative hall recently," said Mr. Van Cleave, "and I saw fifty men whom I would not pay $40 a week to sell stoves for me, and yet they were sent to the legislature. Many of those who are making our laws for us should be working in the mill or hoeing corn."

"BILLIE" BATES PAROLED.

Was Dressed as a Boy and Beating Way on Trains.

Montgomery, Ala., February 12.—"Billie" Bates, the girl who dressed as a boy and was sent from Houston county to the mines after conviction of riding on trains unlawfully, has been paroled by Governor Comer, along with Joseph Bates, her brother.

When the two were tried at Dothan it was thought that both were men, as both wore trousers, but on arrival at Flat Top mines it was found that "Billie" was a girl, and not a bad looking one at that. Many citizens in different parts of the state interested themselves in the case and urged the governor to release the girl. They were tramping from Jacksonville, Fla., to Terre Haute, Ind.

WILL CONSIDER COMPLAINT.

Grievance Committee to Consider Case of Two Augusta Attorneys.

Augusta, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) The grievance committee of the Augusta Bar Association will meet tomorrow to consider the case of Attorneys O. A. Picquet and A. L. Franklin, against whom a complaint has been made in connection with their manner of conducting the Glover case. The actual trial of the case will be held before the bar association Friday or Saturday of this week. Mr. Franklin is a police commissioner. Mr. Picquet is the city recorder.

Costly Black Pearl for a Speech.

New York, February 12.—When Charles J. Hughes, Jr., a Denver lawyer, finished his forty-five hours' address before the arbitrators who are hearing the Denver waterworks case here, he was presented with a black pearl by David Moffat, of Denver, whom he is representing. The pearl is said to be worth $15,000.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Cost Nothing to Try.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but, on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

Send your name and address today for a free trial package and see for yourself. F. A. Stuart Co., 200 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

CORSETS

A 50-Cent Special

There is piled up on a counter of our Corset Department a lot of Corsets that we are going to sell today at close-out prices. The styles, lengths and sizes represent practically everything in the department. It is an odds and ends lot. There are long Corsets and short, black ones and white, slightly soiled ones and fresh, special makes and regular. Some are R. & G.; some the W. B. Every one is a special value, worth from twice to several times as much as we ask for it.

Choice 50 Cents

Hose Supporters, a special value, 15 cents each; 2 for 25 cents.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

PASSION FOR STEALING CAUSED HIS DOWNFALL

Alton, Ill., February 12.—Pacing the length of his cell in the city jail today, Henry Schuelle, a wealthy and long respected building contractor, in custody on a charge of burglary, confessed that for years he had been entering the stores of his neighbors at night and stealing. He knew he was doing wrong, he said, but he was unable to overcome the desire to steal. The dual life of Schuelle was revealed by Jeremiah Kennedy, owner of a dairy and cigar store, friend and neighbor of Schuelle, who caught Schuelle in his cigar store at night.

"I have walked the floor at night until beads of perspiration rolled down my face, fighting against the insatiate desire to steal," declared Schuelle, "but I always lost."

He said that he always gloated over the stolen goods for a day or two and then would burn them or throw them away.

SHAW PROPOSES MORGAN FOR ROOSEVELT'S SUCCESSOR

Detroit, Mich., February 12.—The Journal today prints an interview with former Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw, in which Mr. Shaw states that he would like to see J. Pierpont Morgan president of the United States. "Of course, that remark might be, will be, I might say, misunderstood," continued Mr. Shaw, "but I will tell you this: Mr. Morgan is a much misunderstood man. If he were president he would give an administration that would rank with the best in the history of the country. Mr. Morgan is a big man, morally and mentally. If he was in the white house he would sink his own interests entirely and devote himself to the paramount questions confronting the country, bringing to bear the calm, strong judgment that has made him such a power in the world of finance. Understand, I don't regard him in the holy light that certain people have tried to throw around him because of his course in the recent panic. For every dollar that was given to the imperiled banks and trust companies Mr. Morgan exacted 52 of gilt-edged security. But I know the man and I admire him, and if he was president he would fill the place as he has filled his financial niche—as the biggest man in the country."

Short Stories of Local Field.

LATE YESTERDAY AFTERNOON AN involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the federal court against J. J. Flowers, doing business as the "Flowers' Department Store," on Edgewood avenue. With this petition came another asking that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the business. These petitions were filed by John Silvey & Co., alleging an indebtedness of $807.75; the Proctor Coal Company, alleging a debt of $9; Brown & Allen, alleging a debt of $6.15, and Barnett-Goldstein Company, of New York, alleging an indebtedness of $49.

REV. L. G. PADGETT, A PROMINENT worker in the Christian and Missionary Alliance and who has for some time been engaged in missionary work in Brazil, will occupy the missionary hour at the Atlanta Bible school, 93 Cooper street, Friday evening, February 14, at 7:30 o'clock, speaking on the work and conditions in his field.

ROBERT STAMPS, CONNECTED WITH the Hoyt soda fountains in the Andrews building on Marietta street, and who is widely known in the city, was yesterday operated upon at the Grady hospital for appendicitis, Dr. McRae performing the operation. Mr. Stamps rallied strong from the operation and his physicians are sanguine of an early and complete recovery.

A VOLUNTARY PETITION IN BANKruptcy was yesterday filed with the clerk of the United States court by William H. Hahr, of Atlanta. The petitioner, who is a salesman, declares his liabilities to be $1,495.53, while his assets are $140.91.

SECRETARY DONNELL, OF THE CIVIL service commission for the fifth district, will hold an examination on March 25 to secure eligibles from which to make certification to fill vacancies in the position of assistant superintendent of seed warehouse and seed distribution in the bureau of plant industry, department of agriculture.

CHARLES P. JONES, A MERCHANT OF Nyson, Fayette county, has filed with the clerk of the United States court a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. The amount of liabilities and assets has not been figured up on the application. A. O. Blalock was named as receiver.

LAWTON RILEY WILL LECTURE AT the Atlanta Bible school, 93 Cooper street, near Whitehall, tonight at 7:30 o'clock. Seats will be free and an earnest invitation to be present is extended to all, particularly to young men, in whom Mr. Riley feels a special interest, being himself one of them.

Woman Suffragettes Jailed.

London, February 12.—Nearly fifty women suffragettes, who yesterday made a raid on the house of commons, were arraigned in police court today and sentenced to pay a fine or one month's imprisonment. All but two of the women preferred to go to jail rather than pay the fine.

Ice Cream Men in Session.

Pittsburg, Pa., February 12.—The seventh annual convention of the National Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers is in session here. More than 300 delegates are in attendance.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brentwood

MURDER CAUSED BY MINCE PIES

They Are as Dangerous as Liquor, Says Attorney Sutro.

ANTIS HAVE THEIR INNINGS

Whisky People Appear Before House Judiciary Committee and Oppose Legislation to Protect Dry Territory—Legislation and Morality.

Washington, February 12.—The anti-prohibitionists had their innings when representatives of the National German-American Alliance appeared before the house committee on the judiciary to oppose in general the sixteen bills introduced at this session for the suppression of the liquor traffic and, in particular, the Littlefield bill proposing federal and in the enforcement of local option excise laws. Those who spoke against the bills were Attorney P. A. Wildermuth, of Philadelphia, counsel to the Pennsylvania branch of the Alliance; Ernest C. Stahl, of the New Jersey Staats Journal, vice president of the alliance, and Attorney Theodore Sutro, of New York, president of the New York branch, and former commissioner of taxes.

A running exchange of thrusts between Mr. Sutro and Representative Littlefield, who is a member of the judiciary committee, enlivened the hearing and gave alternate comfort to the allies of each. Among those in attendance were several members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union and half a dozen clergymen from as many states.

Morality and Legislation.

Mr. Sutro assumed the familiar ground that "you cannot legislate morality into the people," and he flung into Mr. Littlefield's, figurative, teeth, the assertion that Maine, Mr. Littlefield's state, exemplified in a great measure the soundness of the claim that "prohibition does not prohibit."

"Then," said Mr. Littlefield, "do I understand your argument to be that morality cannot be inculcated into the people by legislation? Do you stand on that? Answer me directly, please."

"I stand on that, yes," said Mr. Sutro, "but I want my meaning understood by this committee. I—"

"In other words, he wants to fix a loophole to crawl out of," suggested a voice.

"No," said Mr. Sutro, "he does not, but I do not propose to be misunderstood and take advantage of. What I stand on is this: The only way to make temperate men and women is to teach them moderation as they grow up from boyhood and girlhood, and the only genuine, constitutional way to keep them temperate when they have grown up, if they are not strong enough themselves to be moderate, is to make overindulgence—drunkenness—a crime, a misdemeanor. And that is the province of the state, not the central government. If the law can say to a man, 'Thou shalt not take a sip of wine or beer or whisky or brandy,' it can by the same authority say to him, 'Thou shalt not take a mouthful of mince pie and a tumbler of ice water.'

Mince Pie and Murder.

"Gentlemen of the committee, overindulgence in intoxicants is not the only excess conducive to crime in this country. I give it as my firm belief that as many murders have been committed by dyspeptics made dyspeptic by too much mince pie and ice water as by men inflamed to violence by strong drink."

When the laughter had subsided Mr. Sutro, returning to the statement that prohibition does not prohibit, delivered this inquiry:

"If prohibition is effective, why, not so long ago, were many members of this horrible house of representatives in the habit of going downstairs into the house restaurant and calling for a 'cup of tea' with a large wink in the left eye and being served with strong waters? I will ask the gentleman from Maine (Mr. Littlefield) to answer."

Again when the laughter had subsided, Mr. Littlefield said:

"Ask the other members of the committee that. It was before my time."

The commitee has not reached a conclusion on any of the prohibition bills.

TARIFF REFORM WINNING SLOGAN

So Says Richardson, of Alabama, in Speech in House.

REPUBLICANS DISCREDITED

They Have Broken Pledges to Face, and the People Are Tired of the Dingley Rates—Trusts Can Be Controlled by Tariff Revision.

Washington, February 12.—The attitude of the republican party on the tariff question and the president's recent special message to congress, in which he called attention to the necessity of certain legislation, were the themes of a lengthy speech in the house today by Mr. Richardson, of Alabama. He congratulated the democrats of the house and the country on the joint debate in congress during the last fortnight and said that it had in a remarkable manner cleared up the political atmosphere and forcibly defined the position and views of both of the great political parties on vital political and economic questions.

Tariff Reform the Issue.

Tariff reform, said Mr. Richardson, is the issue that would clarify the political atmosphere. "Let us stand for free raw material," he explained, "and the victory is ours."

He charged that on that point the republican party was weak and stood discredited with the people by its broken pledges. He did not hesitate to say that the tariff was an issue that appealed to the people more than the Panama canal, the railroads, the currency, the freedom of the press, imperialism, or the question of unharmed malefactors so soundly denounced by the president in his last message.

The debate of the last week, he said, had demonstrated the "weakness and utter inefficiency of our boasted gold standard financial system." He spoke of the multiplication of soup houses, failing banks and other advices, and reminded the republicans of their exclamation during the panic of 1893, when a bank failure was reported, that "another bank had gone democratic."

Mr. Richardson charged that the banks that failed last fall had gone republican. The "stand-pat" leaders who dictated and directed the policies of the republican party, he asserted, declared with great earnestness and solemnity that not a single schedule of the Dingley tariff should be revised or considered until after the presidential election, "and then only by its friends." No sane man, he declared, pretended to believe that, and he did not think that the leaders who made such declarations could expect the country to take them seriously.

The Trusts and the Tariff.

The great trusts of the country, he said, had fallen under the present tariff system and these "friends" were now engaged in a hide-and-seek game to extend the friendly powers of arrogant corporations and combines "by seeking to allay the fears of the consumers by promises so often disregarded in the past few days."

The whole situation was, he said, that the republican leaders did not believe it to the interest of the republican party to have revision of the tariff at this time, although, he charged, public opinion, supplemented by republican dissatisfaction, "has forced a reluctant consent to hammer into the next republican platform a promise to revise after the election."

Regarding the president's message, Mr. Richardson said it was in a class by itself, and was in response to the criticisms that the newspapers had freely passed upon him and the policies of his administration. Many of the recommendations of that message, he declared, if carried out at once by his party, would undoubtedly be of benefit of the country. Mr. Williams, the minority leader, he said, had pointed out clearly the portions of the message that democrats could and did cheerfully endorse, but, he alleged, "the message undoubtedly seeks to make the control of the trusts the paramount issue in the present campaign."

Why Not Give Guarantee?

If, he inquired, the president was truly sincere in the vigor and zeal of the rights he pressed in his message, or the protection of the individual rights of the citizens against the rapacity of trusts, why did he not recommend to his party that a guarantee be given to every American citizen of the right to buy at home the products of American manufacture as cheap as these products are sold in foreign countries? If that was done, he said, the trust problem would be solved. The message, however, he said, was a strong plea for the continuance of the republican party in power, and really made no direct recommendation for the relief of the burdens of the people.

"It is, of course, highly sensational," he said, "and stamped in every word and line with the extraordinary unique and startling personality of the president." He credited the president with being "an expert in the game of politics," and said that his command of language left him without a rival among the noted public men of the country. The message as a political system for the betterment of the country, he said, was a "falsum fulmen," and as a work of statesmanship was a fault. The country, he continued, needed a reformer, but there must be no hysteria in such work. It should be deliberate and not sensational.

In conclusion Mr. Richardson said he believed that the "predatory wealth," "predatory poverty," "swollen fortunes" and the "criminal rich," together with the "trusts," were still forces abroad in the land, and that they ought to be controlled, and would be "when the true and imperishable democratic principle of equal rights to all and special favors to none is handed out as a 'square deal' to all alike."

HOME COUGH CURE.

Go to your druggist and get one-half ounce Concentrated oil of pine; two ounces of glycerine; half a pint of good pure whiskey; mix it up, glycerine and oil first, then add the whiskey. Use in doses of a teaspoon to a tablespoonful every four hours shaking the bottle each time.

The Concentrated oil of pine comes put up for medical use in half-ounce bottles enclosed in tin screw top cases which protect it from heat and light. If you do not find it sealed you know that you are not getting the real article.

There are also several patent medicines put up to resemble the Concentrated oil of pine and called by similar names. This stuff should be avoided. The Concentrated oil of pine is the only truly soluble pine preparation known to science. It also makes wonderfully effective liniment by putting teaspoonful of the raw oil into a saucerful of hot lard applying hot. This is invaluable in cases of cold in the chest or sprains and bruises.

EXCHANGE NOT UNANIMOUS.

Minority Report at Augusta Against Dealing in Futures.

Augusta, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) An effort to get the members of the Augusta cotton exchange to adopt resolutions condemnatory of the Burleson bill against dealing in futures when brought before that body has proved only partially successful. While the exchange as a body agreed upon and passed the resolutions there was filed a minority report by a number of the leading factors that surprised many who do not know how deeprooted is the prejudice against futures.

Phinizy & Co., Baker & Smith, Spears & Pilcher, Salinas & DeVaughn, Davison & Fargo, Garrett & Russell, and Luke & Co. were the signers to the minority objection, which recited that the signers, feeling sure they voiced the sentiments of their patrons, protested against any action of the exchange that discourages efforts now being made in congress and state legislatures to pass laws against what is commonly known as "dealing in futures." It is likely that the minority report will go to Washington along with that of the majority.

Will Not Accept Majorship.

Augusta, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) The troubles of the local military are not over by any means. It was hoped that when Captain G. P. Elliott was elected major of the unattached battalion things would rapidly assume shape, and order come out of what is pretty nearly chaos. But a bomb has been thrown among these hopes by the announcement that Captain Elliott will not accept the majorship, and will quit the military altogether after the inspection. He is now acting commander of the Oglethorpe Infantry.

5,000 PEOPLE HEAR SPEECHES

Special Educational Train Continues on Its Trip.

GOV. SMITH NOT PRESENT

Was Detained in Atlanta by Illness. Crowds Visit Georgia State Agricultural College Train at Each Stop on the Trip.

By Sidney Ormond.

Over 5,000 persons of all ages, kinds and conditions thronged to see the special educational train of the Georgia State Agricultural college yesterday, and when the special rolled into Atlanta last night the party on board were thoroughly fagged out, but perfectly happy over the enthusiasm and interest displayed all along the route.

It was a splendid day's work. Hundreds of people gained valuable information; hundreds of skeptics were converted to the fact that Dr. Soule and his assistants are something more than theorists, and the agricultural college a valuable asset instead of an expensive luxury.

The coming of the train had been heralded far and wide, and farmers from the country-side flocked from all directions to the stations and towns where it stopped.

At Douglasville, Villa Rica and Temple the stores and schools were closed, and the population turned out en masse. At Tallapoosa, the last stopping place, the crowd at the station quickly grew from 300 to approximately 1,000. At this place business was practically suspended during the hour or more that the train remained.

It was impossible to accommodate the crowd in the cars, and Dr. Soule, Professor Jarnagin, Colonel Hudson, commissioner of agriculture, delivered speeches from the platforms and from wagons.

It was no idle, curiosity-drawn crowd. The people were seriousminded. They came to learn. And learn many valuable things they did.

Through the stress and storm of a strenuous day Dr. Soule, Mr. Compton, Mr. Chase, Colonel Hudson, Mr. Reade, Professor Jarnigan worked like Trojans. Aat times when the car was packed like sardines they could scarcely turn around, but they spoke and explained things in a manner as unruffled as if they were talking to a handful of people.

Dr. Soule made a deep impression everywhere. When night came and the train rolled into Atlanta he exclaimed:

"I had no idea the work I had cut out, but I am glad of it. It demonstrates my theory that the people of the state are interested in and eager for education. I fully expect to see the interest keep up and increase during the entire trip."

Governor Smith Was Sick.

Early in the morning, before the train left Atlanta, it was learned that Governor Hoke Smith was ill and could not acompany the party. At Douglasville a telegram was received from him expressing his regret that he would not be on the trip. The party of the day before was augmented by Colonel T. G. Hudson, commissioner of agriculture.

While not as clear as might have been asked, the day was a decided improvement over Tuesday. Still, at several towns the citizens complained the weather had kept back many people in the country, who otherwise would have come.

The principal speeches of the day were made by Dr. Soule on "The Cotton School," while the address of Chancellor David C. Barrow on "The Georgia State College of Agriculture" was read by Mr. Reade in the absence of Chancellor Barrow. Colonel Hudson delivered a number of speeches at all the points stopped at and aroused a good deal of enthusiasm among the farmers and merchants.

The points stopped at were Austell, Douglassville, Villa Rica, Temple, Bremen and Tallapoosa.

Today the train will go as far south as Cochran, touching at McDonough at 8 a. m., Juliette at 12 noon, Macon at 2 o'clock and stopping over for the night at Cochran.

Second Day's Trip.

The crowd at the first stop, Austell, numbered about 250. Among the most interested visitors was Mr. Irvine, of the firm of Irvine & Headden, who are the producers of Henry Grady Improved Seed Corn. This corn, it will be recalled, was originated through a box of corn anonymously sent to The Constitution office many years ago, and which has since become famous.

At Douglasville all the stores and schools were closed in honor of the coming of the train. The Douglasville academy, in charge of Professor W. E. Denley, turned out to inspect it. Prominent among the citiens who spoke highly of the movement were Hon. T. R. Whitely and O. T. Selman.

At Villa Rica there was a gathering of over 500.

At Temple, where about the same number were on the siding, the feature was the school children, in charge of Mrs. L. Z. Bozar, and Misses Mary Lou Carmichael and Inez McDaniel, two most attractive looking young women.

The stop at Bremen was not scheduled and was caused by a delay. There were a number of people waiting and Colonel Hudson entertained them in a pleasing manner.

Talapoosa turned out en masse and business practically ceased while the train remained. Fully 2,000 people heard the speeches and examined the car.

Big Crowd at Austell.

At Austell the train was boarded by the following citizens and farmers: Stevie Garrett, J. T. Huff, J. Q. Allison and R. C. Rowan, Lithia Springs; G. C. Forsyth, of Douglasville; W. L. Shuey, of East Atlanta; W. W. Barrett, of Gainesville; S. Sanders, of Oakdale, and W. J. Headden, E. R. Perkerson, Earl W. Westmoreland, George B. McKenney, C. E. Moss, J. D. Perkerson, A. B. Davis, G. W. Strickland, J. M. Strickland, Luther Adair, C. D. Rutherford, W. M. Butler, T. J. Perkerson, John Duncan, M. M. Norris, C. C. Duncan, J. S. Strickland, A. M. Noston, T. J. Starnes, Paul Mosely, G. W. Floyd, J. B. Humphries, James Tuper, B. H. Veal, Dr. L. G. Garrett, N. G. Moody, A. H. Irvine, J. A. Humphries, J. W. Barnes, C. D. Clark, W. L. Kerley, Rev. Harry Meek, W. K. McKenney, Thomas Norton, Jim Morgan, R. T. Cate, G. W. Brown, G. C. Moore, W. A. Maxham, W. B. Westmoreland, W. H. Winters, Thad Humphries, J. K. McKenney, A. L. Brewer, W. I. Kirley, E. A. Humphries, F. A. Hessing, T. M. James, J. M. Roper, Claude Mozley, John T. Willson, James Cureton, C. C. Perkerson and others.

Gathering at Douglasville.

Among the throng of farmers and citizens who boarded the special at Douglasville were noticed many men of prominence in local and state affairs. An incomplete list of the gathering showed the names of C. B. Hallard, of Powder Springs; R. O. Boatright, of Villa Rica; H. W. James, of Lithia Springs; T. B. Clomps, of Hiram; F. E. Walton and W. J. Tidwell, also of Hiram; J. B. Cowan, of Winston, and others of that town, among them Sam Smith, B. F. Hagin, J. T. Lee, J. L. Donnells, W. F. Gable, J. H. Mason, Elbert Donnell, H. O. Walters, Wyly M. Tyson, E. E. Pope, J. C. Nation, A. L. Hamhuckle, L. W. Mason, J. Bearden and R. M. Johnston. Citizens of Douglasville and farmers of that vicinity were represented by the following: T. S. Abercrombie, W. J. Camp, J. P. Hannah, R. D. Burson, J. J. Crisler, F. M. Lony, C. F. Selman, J. J. Holles, W. A. Hambry, A. L. Campbell, J. S. Mitchell, Jr., C. M. James, J. H. Duren, A. J. Watkins, W. E. A. James, C. R. Baggett, W. E. Dendy, James McIntosh, J. M. McElreath, W. W. Selman, John Vansort, J. L. Mitchell, T. F. Mitchell, A. P. Winn, Glen Selman, L. C. Upshaw, E. F. Mehaffey, J. B. Brannon, Thad McCall, L. S. Smith, C. M. Huey, R. G. Smith, J. E. Rainwater, E. F. Pope, S. T. Gilland, A. C. Queen, R. M. Kelvey, S. W. Smith, R. E. Hagin, J. A. Pittman, J. D. White, James Davis, E. M. Hagin, M. H. Davis, L. R. Durham, W. W. Hamil, J. T. Cunningham, J. M. Baggett, J. F. Prickett, J. H. Burnett, G. T. McLarty, J. F. Price, L. B. Hudson, R. Johnson, H. C. Davis, F. F. Rainwater, H. E. Kirkley, T. S. Butler, E. L. Abercrombie, A. W. McLartey, Baxter Smith, Curtis White, T. F. Brown, J. N. King, T. J. Smith, L. E. Eagle, L. Hunter, Arthur Wilson, J. R. Crowder, J. M. Meadow, C. W. Hesterell, W. H. Fargason, James Smith, L. W. Laton, J. T. Scoggins, J. I. Walton, M. B. Watson, F. N. Gresham, Charles C. Gass, S. J. Walton, T. H. Selman, John R. Hudson, J. J. Forsyth, E. A. Morris, H. J. Mills, N. B. Duncan, John M. Hackett, J. W. House, J. T. Duncan, E. B. McWhorter, W. R. Keaten, A. J. Mitchell, G. W. Griffith, I. L. Walton, M. J. Herrod, Henry Ward, H. W. Enterkin, W. A. Vansant, D. W. Price, H. P. Wright, G. C. James, J. T. Burnett, J. F. Coker, J. A. Miles, J. G. Vansant, D. P. Fargason, W. P. Webb, W. K. Durham, J. H. Smith, C. H. Hunter and L. B. Redding.

Representative Gathering.

At Villa Rica the train was met by a representative gathering, among whom the following were recognized: Wilson Vansant, M. M. Rainwater, J. O. Cooglar, W. E. Coggins, Claude E. Windsor, G. M. Edwards, C. A. Roberson, H. J. Phillips, C. P. Stovall, T. V. Lee, J. W. Smith, C. I. Gray, H. L. Smith, H. E. Smith, M. F. Exum, Charles Davis, Tom Tyson, Below Horton, W. G. Gilland, Frank Pouch, Jr., Enoch Reynolds, Sam Huckleby, A. Ashley, J. D. Kenney, J. B. Cole, E. A. Shivers, R. H. Chambers, W. L. Pouch, N. I. Styles, A. D. Powler, C. N. West, Henry Watkins, J. W. Watkins, C. E. Hogue, J. T. H. Chappell, V. B. Hesterly, H. B. Esterwood, Eugene Harper, W. H. Haley, E. F. Roberts, Thomas Carnes, J. C. Norton, Lee Pope, P. P. Lane, W. J. McBrayer, A. J. Brown, H. C. Raybun, R. L. McBrayer, A. J. McBrayer, J. M. Mosit, M. B. Jordan, J. N. Astin, A. B. Bagwell, W. B. Chandler, Jr., S. T. Haley, W. O. Furr, B. J. Teal, W. H. Hammick, C. E. Smith, Harrison Tolbert, C. W. Pilgrim, J. M. Dahl, H. R. Marchman, B. W. Treadaway, R. M. Archibald, A. I. Marchman, P. H. Hesterly, W. E. Bland, O. C. Crouch, H. A. Morrig, A. O. White, W. S. McCurdy, L. L. Richardson, B. C. Powell, J. S. Nichol, J. P. Henderson, E. W. Dorough, John T. Hixon, I. Z. Newbern, A. T. Cobb, I. M. Hall, L. Blair, F. M. Turner, E. F. Hixon, A. M. Morrow, J. F. Hicks, W. H. Bagwell, L. J. Esterwood, H. I. McLarty, S. E. Leathers, S. W. Tyson, Earl Mann, N. A. Hanley, J. T. Tolbert, R. A. Yates, W. B. Cheves, J. W. Wilson, M. D. West, H. C. Driscoll, Moral Boyd, J. W. Luther, T. C. Haslee, W. A. Stevens, C. A. Hart, W. A. McBrayer, John T. Pewen, O. L. Perrens, David C. Griffin, Braswell Boyd, C. L. Payne, W. C. Hamilton, W. J. Hall, W. M. Talley, W. R. Smith, G. L. McDuffee, W. B. Powell, W. M. Samples, C. L. McWhorter, W. R. Willoughby, W. F. Couch, Jesse Tolbert, Grady Tyson, J. N. Loyd, A. L. White, W. T. Bagwell, J. H. Kilgore, W. A. Cowen, W. Z. Howell, G. O. Luther, W. M. Boyd, J. Henry Pope, Thomas Edwards, D. M. Boyd, W. T. Jordan, J. C. Tyson, J. W. Smith, J. W. Gaines, Willie Roberson, J. S. Hamby, B. Harper, T. J. Boyd, A. Blair, A. Ayers, T. M. Hammick, W. H. Kenney, R. H. Hensley, J. C. Ayers, J. S. Hamilton, W. E. Hudson and E. Rogers.

Many Saw the Train.

As the special rolled up to the depot at Temple it was met by a representative gathering of citizens, among whom were the following: E. L. Moore, of LaGrange; James Helton, J. W. Tolbert, of Draketown; W. C. Smith, W. H. Goolsby, M. E. V. Spence and F. A. Weems, of Carrollton; J. M. J. Holland, T. J. Beall, J. R. F. Lewis, Boyle Redding, J. J. Hutchison, J. W. Holland, Ed Redding, J. J. Green, E. L. Green, of Bremen; Edker Cousey, J. C. Hixon, W. C. Adamson, Frank Treadaway, F. S. Parmley, R. M. Boyd, W. O. Pope, of Villa Rica; B. W. Dewberry, J. F. McBrayer, R. E L. Dewberry, W. J. Garrison, James Almon, J. W. Garrison, Sam Tyson, T. S. West, J. W. Briggs, J. T. Golden, W. N. Baldin, J. W. Karr, W. T. Alley, H. J. Neill, H. A. Hulsey, R. T. Ware, Charley Stovall, James Chance, G. W. Karr, E. W. Redding, T. W. Ferguson, L. A. Balden, H. H. Stallings, Wyatt Davis, J. D. Matthews, G. W. McDowell, L. C. Parham, F. A. Lovell, F. B. Kinney, I. K. Cochran, Dr. C. L. Baskin, W. L. Kenney, John Swent, J. V. Green, L. J. Barner, Rufus T. Williams, Will Pitts, C. M. Palmer, T. H. Morris, J. N. Sewell, W. L. Treadgill, D. H. Hamrick, J. R. McBrayer, J. S. Strickland, F. M. Payne, C. C. Chance, J. S. Sims, S. J. Barnes, D. C. Williams, W. E. Green, W. B. Chance, J. M. Pitts, W. W. Jacobs, T. C. Baskin, Dr. B. B. Moore, J. T. Davis, A. L. Newbern, J. M. Baker, J. H. Gordon, T. B. Williams, J. R. Coursey, T. W. Chance, M. M. Evans, J. L. Henry, C. R. Griffin, H. H. Sewell, A. F. Freeman, N. A. Windsor, O. C. Kinney, W. T. Redding, Tom McDowell, J. I. Redding, John Harden, V. V. Coursey, W. W. Lowell, J. M. Holsey, G. A. Sharp, T. J. Gray, A. H. Allen, H. W. Phillips, L. A. Walker, J. J. Redding, W. L. Brooks, S. A. Couch, Will Perry, D. C. Phillips, O. D. McCune, N. J. McCoisen, A. A. McKane, S. M. Wrenn, R. H. Gray, W. M. Allen, O. B. Muse, J. C. Wells, W. A. Enterkin, W. T. Rayburn, A. S. Cartwright, W. M. Cobb, W. B. Chandler, W. F. McAllister, J. E. Edmondson, John A. Steadham, John R. White, J. R. Martin, T. J. Brown, O. F. Morris, A. P. Taylor, N. T. Chance, C. Freeman, George Walker, C. W. Henderson, W. F. Walker, M. E. Griffin, Owen Lovell, Eddie Pritchett, W. P. Sewell, Will Barnett and C. H. Gatten.

Hundreds Throng the Depot.

Among the many who greeted the special at Tallapoosa were noticed A. P. Upchurch, S. D. Chandler, G. W. Harris, W. T. Carpenter, J. M. Smith, R. H. Parker, James Smith, of Waco; R. W. Bates, Barge; J. W. Plaster, Glass, N. C.; J. A. Sewell, Carrollton; Homer Lambert, Edwardsville; J. N. McClung, John Maddox, Dr. J. W. Newman, J. B. Gentry, A. D. Murdock, E. A. Cochran and J. R. Gorfhan, of Buchanar; M. B. Liner, D. P. Long, T. C. Johnson, H. F. Bowman, of Muscadine, Ala.; John Chandler, of Edwardsville; W. J. Dowdy, of Rome; John Harris, of Perry; J. W. Strickland, of Treat, and the following citizens and farmers of Tallapoosa: L. Burd, J. A. Bagwell, J. A. Davis, R. W. Vance, T. M. Kimball, W. H. Smith, H. W. Long, J. F. Mann, Andrew Alwine, B. F. Darling, A. J. Tumlin, A. J. Simpson, J. L. George, D. F. Adams, E. P. C. Fowler, S. S. Rambo, J. W. Bentley, M. H. Morgan, J. S. Garner W. G. Banks, J. R. Clackman, A. W. Waldorf, C. A. Swint, G. W. Watson, J. Holcombe, S. J. Nichols, G. W. Roberson, A. P. Cross, A. J. Stone, G. F. McElroy, W. T. Evans, John F. Stratton, H. R. Earle, C. J. Wisdom, A. F. Banks, J. A. Davis, T. J. Little, A. W. Cox, Ivey Payne, Gaines Harris, J. L. Tucker, Wylie H. Sims, J. J. Pope, J. J. Mann, J. B. Smith, J. W. Sewell, J. A. Brown, Charles A. Murray, C. W. Wilson, W. L. Miller, E. C. Gershbach, J. E. Stitt, W. C. Martin, N. B. Bagley, Arthur Windsor, F. M. Cremen, A. G. Goebel, Albert Weal, Cleven Harris, John Williamson, H. S. Moody, Floyd Founds, Will Garner, K. V. Brown, A. A. Wilton, D. L. Patton, John Ezell, Henry Pound, J. S. Sanders, J. C. Little, J. R. Wander, A. A. Camp, R. F. Pound, J. T. Cosby, J. M. Dodson, Colquitt James, W. J. Garrison, C. H. Johnson, Homer Pound, G. L. Taylor, C. N. Mitchell, Rev. H. Willoughby, S. N. Cole, J. E. McCrary, A. W. Smith, Raymond Bishop, Alvin Smith, J. C. Lawler, Z. E. Mize, J. M. Gray, F. T. White, A. L. Simpson, P. E. Taylor, W. C. Cornelius, James W. Bagby, Jeff Bagby, Alec Quick, G. W. Watson, E. T. Thompson, J. B. Mimshew, J. A. Pate, M. O. Hamby, J. L. Hilton, Frank Wardman, J. B. Smith, Isaac McBurnett, M. A. Green, C. A. Elkin, S. M. Speights, H. B. Sewell, J. D. Higdon, R. C. Reynolds, James Greeley, J. C. Crockett, W. Cummins, S. M. Watson, J. M. McBurnett, O. P. Cross, R. F. Pound, J. M. Little, W. J. Castle, J. H. McCurdy, T. J. Allen, R. A. McAlpin, J. W. Denmon, Murdock McDonald, William Ross, A. B. Cason, Cleve Mixon, J. R. Hughes, Edward Taylor, Robert Hamilton, J. M. Treadaway, Newton Prine, John Davis, N. B. Burnham, J. E. George, E. A. Pope, John Manning, S. T. Long, J. H. Bentley, A. P. Walton, Spurgin Edwards, E. P. Bowling, J. D. Ray, L. T. Haister, James F. Pope, W. S. Ray, John C. Bell, Rufus Mitchell, Irving Stratton, E. Thompson, J. A. Gamble, B. M. McBurnett, Thomas Ewing, A. A. Walton, J. A. Herring, S. M. Bennett, Shep Sorrell, Steve Kingsley, Cream Smith, R. E. Malone, J. J. Vance, A. A. Pound, S. S. McCollom, J. C. Dodson, J. W. Clark, W. D. Smith, W. M. Cantrell, T. E. Dorr, W. L. Garrett, W. H. Waldrep, D. H. Wisdom, F. A. Jones, Samuel L. Long, C. W. Jackson, J. G. Verner, R. D. Hutchison, L. J. Pound, J. B. Chapman, G. H. Adams, S. S. Banks, J. A. Daniel, J. H. Ezell, M. M. Munce, G. H. Wiggonton, J. L. Head, J. R. Smith, G. W. Kemp, C. L. Ray, W. H. Meager, J. W. Tumlin, J. W. Hart, Melvin Sewell, J. L. Bentley, Y. L. Carter, Judson Murphy, C. W. Jackson, G. W. Suddath, J. D. Weisner, E. F. Kilgore, Dave Pinkard, H. W. Gill. Mrs. A. Wood and Miss Florence Hitchcock, at the head of the Tallapoosa public school, were also noticed among those at the station.

Food for thought
Food for work
Food for brain

Uneeda Biscuit

The most nouriahing of all wheat foods.

5¢ *In dust tight, moisture proof packages. Never sold in bulk.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

THE CHAPPELL WAS INSPECTED

The New River Boat Was Officially Turned Over to the Owners.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The steamer A. E. Chapell was inspected by Lee R. Fitzgerald, of Brunswick, representing the government, here this afternoon and was officially turned over to the owners for business.

The new vessel will be ready for her trial trip tomorrow and on Friday President Small will set sail for Brunswick with a party of leading business men of the community. The boat will carry a light cargo of merchandise and fertilizer. River traffic on the Ocmulgee from Macon to the sea will be started with this trip.

EARLY GILLESPIE IS DEAD.

Funeral Services Will Be Conducted at 2 O'Clock This Afternoon.

Early Gillespie, the well known gas and electrical fixture supply man, died at the home, 441 Capitol avenue, yesterday morning, 3:30 o'clock, having been ill for a week with la gripe.

The deceased was one of the best known business men in the city, and left a large number of friends, both in the commercial and social world. He was a member of the Capitol Avenue Baptist church, being a deacon, and treasurer.

Mr. Gillespie married Miss Cornelia Van Ness, a sister of Rev. I. J. Van Ness, of Nashville, Tenn., several years ago. Besides his wife, he leaves one child, Ruth; his mother, and many other relatives.

Funeral ceremonies will be conducted in the Capitol Avenue Baptist church this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Burial will be in Hollywood cemetery.

$7.000 FIRE AT BUTLER.

Fire of Incendiary Origin Destroys Two Large Buildings.

Butler, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—A fire of incendiary origin destroyed two large two-story buildings here this morning, occupied by S. E. Brown, L. E. Davis, merchants; Miss Marion West, milliner, and O. M. Colbert, lawyer. The loss is about $7,000, with insurance of about $2,000.

Engaged in Fisticuff.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Ben L. Jones, former alderman and prominent business man, and James Rountree, of the firm of Rountree & McMillan, livermen, were participants in a fight today that caused both men summons cases at police court for tomorrow morning. Jones is charged with disorderly conduct and fighting, and Rountree is charged with fighting. The difficulty arose over a remark made by the one about the other. There was a hard fisticuff encounter.

Call in Certificates.

Rome, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The Roms banks have called in all clearing house certificates, and are redeeming them in cash as fast as they are presented. Most of the certificates have already been redeemed.

M'ELMURRAY ACQUITTED BY JURY IN SIX MINUTES

He Was Accused of Murder for the Killing of A. S. Ward, at McBean.

Augusta, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—W. W. McElmurray was tonight acquitted of the charge of murder, the jury being out just six minutes. He was accused of murder for the killing of A. J. Ward at McBean last summer, and set up a plea of self-defense, alleging that when he shot Ward he was advancing with a knife. There had been bad blood between the men for a long time.

The trial has consumed three days in the superior court, one being taken up in the effort to get a jury. All today was consumed in the arguments and charge of Judge Hammond. Those who argued the state's case were Solicitor General J. S. Reynolds and F. L. Scales, of Burke county. C. H. Cohen and E. H. Callaway made the pleadings in behalf of the prisoner.

Money for the Indians.

Washington, February 12.—The Indian appropriation bill, after days of consideration on the floor, was passed today by the house, practically in the form recommended by the committee. The bill carries a total appropriation of approximately $8,000,000.

Very Great Bargains

Men's $27.50 and $25 Suits and Overcoats

$16.65

Good assortment of sizes still left, though selling has been very rapid.

Plain and fancy fabrics, all wool and all right; were great value at original prices.

Boys' Heavy Suits and Overcoats All to Go at

⅓ Off

Every boy's Suit and Overcoat in the house is now marked down 1-3.

All are new goods, too; for this is our first season in boys' clothing.

All sizes.

Daniel Brothers Co.

L. J. DANIEL, President

45-47-49 Peachtree---Opposite Walton Street

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The Constitution

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY, TRI-WEEKLY

CLARK HOWELL .....Editor,
HOBY ROBINSON.....Business Manager,

Entered at the postoffice at Atlanta as second-class mail matter.

POSTAGE RATES.
United States and Mexico.

10 to 12-page paper	1c
13 to 24-page paper	2c
26 to 36-page paper	3c
36 to 56-page paper	4c

TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS.

DAILY, one year	$5.00
SUNDAY	2.00
Both, as above	7.00
TRI-WEEKLY, one year	1.00
WEEKLY, one year	50c
DAILY AND SUNDAY, by carrier delivered per week in Atlanta	12c
Outside of Atlanta	14c

For six or three months at same proportionate rate as above.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY, Constitution building, sole Advertising Managers for all territory outside of Atlanta.

THE WASHINGTON BUREAU of The Constitution is located in the Hibbs Building, Fifteenth street; Mr. John Corrigan, staff correspondent, in charge.

THE CONSTITUTION in New York: Visitors to New York wishing to obtain The Constitution will find it at Hoteling's Newspaper Agency, corner of Broadway and Thirty-eighth street, in the very heart of New York's hotel and theater district. It will be found there every day. If not, please drop a line to The Constitution.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Our traveling representatives are C. H. DONNELLY, W. W. BLACKBURN and C. S. MOORE, O. B. ATKINSON, W. H. OVERBY, and W. F. STOKES.
Be sure that you do not pay any one else.
CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., February 13, 1907.

There are "freeze flurries," also.

As Taft "swept" Ohio, Foraker was hard hit by the broom-handle.

Nobody has suggested that the "idle rich" be given thirty days and costs.

We assume that Mr. Foraker no longer affiliates with the "smile club."

But how do the republican delegates like the role of "a dead give-away?"

Probably Fairbanks wired the president as to Taft's tour: "Kindly omit my state."

Muldoon's training is child's play to the schedule T. R. has mapped out for "Big Bill."

Senator Davis can now testify that December is nipped sometimes, instead of May.

There are "spring songs in the air," but Spring seems to have red-flannel round her throat.

Still, Cannon, riding a hobby, is a more dignified figure than Fairbanks, who trails losely along.

Ten million for the south in war claims? We're "pulling through" all right, but—every little helps!

No "cracked dishes" for Oklahoma. The airs she is putting on since she learned to handle a knife and fork!

If Harry Thaw continues in his role of "model" prisoner, they may keep him there as an example to the rest.

So far no one has charged the night riders of Kentucky with ruthlessly breaking the heads of the whisky barrels.

The late blizzard gave both Peary and Wellman a fine chance to discover the north pole at reduced homerates.

A New York woman paid $12 for a husband. And it won't do for that man to say she didn't pay him a compliment.

The Forakerites are consoling themselves with the reflection that Taft's $5,000 horse is not as black as he is painted.

What a pity The Houston Post can't claim that the second defense of the Alamo was the work of one of those fighting "red-headed widows!"

The mint gardens of Georgia gleamed glorious in their blizzard-borders, and probably brought memories of sparkling Junes and juicy juleps.

Connecticut farmers have automobiles that bale hay and haul wood. Now that's getting right down to business, and is so much better than killing cows and millionaires.

Numerous articles about "The Near Rich" are appearing in the magazines. No doubt they were written during the panic, when a visitor called and jingled two dollars in his pocket.

The "booze brigade" at Montgomery complains because the bars close at 9 o'clock. What will they say next year, when these institutions will open at midnight and close at the same hour?

Interesting decision of the New York court of appeals: Railroads must heed instructions of "This Side Up." Think of the jugs that are fatally reversed in transit to prohibition territory!

TAFT AND HUGHES FORMALLY "O. K.'D."

The net result of the republican primaries just held in Ohio is virtually to place the official approval of his party in his home state upon the presidential candidacy of William H. Taft. Had republican Ohio not given overwhelming indication that the choice of Mr. Roosevelt was entirely acceptable, the big secretary would have been placed in an embarrassing position in his efforts to capture the delegations from other states.

The complete victory of Judge Taft must also put a definite quietus on the Foraker boom, a condition which will cause no discernible grief save in very restricted quarters. It became evident some weeks ago that the senior senator was prosecuting a hopeless fight. A quasi-indorsement, even, of his aspirations by the people of the Buckeye State would have encouraged further activity on part of a man who, despite his native courage and ability, has displayed a woeful lack of that national breadth and non-sectionalism of spirit essential nowadays in a president of the United States.

What Ohio has just done for Taft, New York has already practically done for Hughes. The wise and generous withdrawal of the secretary from New York, and the apparent consolidation of the various political elements of that state upon the governor, foreshadows his indorsement to the nation by the commonwealth which first brought him prominently into the public eye.

With the formal "O. K." of their home states upoh their respective candidacies, these two strong republican aspirants may be said to have fairly entered upon the first lap of the course which will end only in the Chicago convention. The conditions and indications conspire, thus far, to give Judge Taft a decided handicap.

There are other candidates, however, and the race is relatively young. While the arbitrament of politics sometimes turns, unexpectedly, on a hair-trigger, the present evidences are that the battle for supremacy before the republican convention will eventually narrow down to the partisans of these two men.

THE SECOND BATTLE OF THE ALAMO!

The story in the current news dispatches describing the siege of the historic Alamo by the minions of the court, and the dauntless defense of the mission by a fair young lady of Texas, recall, somehow, the stirring narratives in which the brave Molly Pitcher and the resolute Nancy Hart played the stellar roles.

In the latter instance, however, there is a picturesque distinction.

The volleys this time are of injunctions, not of bullets; the salvos of artillery, as they say in historical novels, are of the eternal feminine "I wills!"—and not of grapeshot; the charging brigade is not composed of cheering, lusty soldiers, but of subdued, cowed court bailiffs; and the prize for which such stubborn contention is made is not the glory of a stricken field or the independence of a people—but for the sacred honor of caring for a relic that is reminiscent of one of the most dramatic episodes in North American history.

We wish to take no side in the war now waging between the two factions of the Daughters of the Republic of Texas, for the distinction of official guardianship of the old mission about which clusters so many traditions of blood and bravery.

The intricacies of the law, which wind in and out like the guiding threads in a labyrinth, must be invoked for the final arbitrament.

But we do submit that the courageous and devoted young lady in question has summoned to her aid that higher law which so often appeals to the fudamental common sense of statute-ridden men and women; that "possession is nine points of the law."

She may be evicted by process of ouster, the blandishments of persuasion or the exigencies of hunger and thirst and exhaustion.

Whatever her ultimate fate, her courage and patriotism may not be brought into question. And the preservation of such original parts of the mission as remain intact is secure in the hands of her striving but equally zealous sisters.

Our traditions and their monuments are safe so long as the women of the land exhibit such determined activity.

Pink-Whiskered Victory.

The real significance of the acquital of Mrs. Dora McDonald in Chicago must not be lost sight of in the contemplation of the homicide with which she was charged as a mere vulgar crime.

The trial, its sensational developments, the acquittal, were mere incidents revolving about that masterpiece of resistance, Colonel James Hamilton Lewis.

Martin Littleton fades into memory-blurred insignificance; Delphin M. Delmas is a page of forgotten history; it is the "colonel" to the fore.

Without the aid of brain-storms, past, present or future, Colonel "Jim Ham" Lewis has surmounted as many and varied obstacles as confronted counsel for Harry Thaw, and Mrs. McDonald, whose passionate bullet snuffed out the life of Webster Guerin, walks forth, not to Illinois's Matteawan, but to freedom.

Littleton, victorious only over the electric chair, goes to Florida for needed rest; Lewis, conqueror of rope, prison doors and insane retreat, summons his yet unshattered nervous energy and awaits results.

A Chicago reporter thus pictures an incident of the closing argument, while Assistant State's Attorney Edward S. Day was addressing court and jury:

Attorney Day's derision of Colonel James Hamilton Lewis, chief of counsel for the defense, as successively "hot-air artist," "this famous colonel here," "the Chesterfield of Chicago," "the pettifogger," "this man who resorts to justice-shop tactics" brought the colonel's fury to a white heat. When finally the speaker charged Colonel Lewis with seeking to gain the democratic nomination for the governorship of Illinois out of the notoriety to be secured in the case, the attorney was unable to sit still.

Protests made quietly by Colonel Lewis were backed up by Attorney Patrick H. O'Donnell, who accused Day of having eaten out of Colonel Lewis' hand in former times. Day turned upon O'Donnell shaking with anger.

"This elongated citizen here would not dare say that to me out of this courtroom, and he knows it," he cried.

"I can make good on what I say," said O'Donnell, starting around the table which separated the two men.

Judge Brentano took a hand here.

"It would be well to avoid personalities," he said. "Continue with your speech, Mr. Day," and Attorney Day went on, still attacking Mr. Lewis.

Be it remembered that Colonel James Hamilton Lewis is a Georgia product. It is not so many years ago that he bade goodby to the Savannah bar, to seek his fortunes in the west.

This considered, it will not be difficult to picture those historic whiskers turned to incandescent pinkness, the red necktie grown more lurid under the taunts of the state's attorney; and yet we have it on authority here that the "colonel" was Chesterfieldian still in his retort. It was left for his associate to discharge the verbal blunderbuss that brought the intervention of the court.

Probably the trouble with Attorney Day was pique at the prospect of the "colonel's" success; but if he hoped to take any wind out of those effulgent sails he blew the wrong way.

It is upon such meat as this that Colonel "Jim Ham" has grown fat; coupled with the McDonald acquittal, he could want no better preliminary boost to his campaign for governor, or the democratic nomination, than the taunts of an attorney making war upon a woman, it matters not what her offense.

The pungent darts of the paragrapher, the stiletto of the caricaturist, the heavy gun of the bass-editor, and now the popgun of the defeated prosecutor, have all been hurled and thrown and fired upon the indomitable and untiring "colonel," but they have not downed him, and they cannot.

Of every such assault Colonel Lewis makes another rung in the ladder of his climb to fame, and he is now reaching up for the empyrean azure.

But isn't it rather strange that it has never yet occurred to any one to take the "colonel" seriously?

The Farmer's Insect and Animal Foes.

The Philadelphia Record thus summarizes a report recently sent to congress, in which is described the enormous toll taken of national agriculture annually by the feathered and furred tribes in this country:

Chief Merriam, of the bureau of biological survey, in a report just submitted to congress, estimates the damage done to crops annually by rats, squirrels and birds at $110,000,000. This, presumably, is a yearly loss quite distinct from that caused by the preying of mice and rats on property contained in storehouses and dwellings, which loss has been estimated by another investigator to attain a sum expressed by eight figures. The largest tribute from growing crops is probably taken by the birds; but the latter are good citizens and pay for what they take in services. They are the farmer's best allies in his fight against insect pests. The rat is a parasite pure and simple, and a carrier of disease, on whom relentlesss war of extermination ought to be made.

It may not be amiss, in this connection, to call attention to the excellent work already done and being further prosecuted by the Georgia experiment station, the state department of agriculture, the agricultural college at the state university and the state entomologist.

For many years these various agencies have been steadily and intelligently engaged on studies of the foes which threaten the fruit and vegetable products of the state. The result of their investigations has been sent out in bulletins and communications so plainly phrased as to be of infinite aid to the farmer in combating the influences that take tribute of his energies.

The progress already made is guarantee that, eventually, the losses thus sustained will be reduced to a negligible minimum, leaving the planter to concentrate his energies upon production pure and simple, or the eradication of foes that are not vulnerable to the attacks of science.

No, the president hasn't answered all his critics. There are several thousand words left in his vocabulary.

"Just From Georgia"

Violets and Snow.

I.

"Country's got to have its way"—
That is just the text;
Trimmed with icicles one day
And violets the next!
Just what it means why seek to know?—
Thankful for violets and snow!

II.

We live along, on hill an' plain;
We let the weather roll;
The honey in Life's cup we drain—
Each sighing—singing soul.
Time-worn philosophers, we go—
Thankful for violets and snow!

* * * * *

They "Age" Young.

Every actor in the Billville Society of Authors is grayheaded.

"It's rather strange," said a visitor. "They are all so very young. How do you account for it?"

"Why," said the old inhabitant, "it isn't exactly on account of too much thought, there being no evidence of it in their works. I think it comes from anxiety—in other words, waiting for literary recognition, and for checks from editors who pay only on publication."

* * * * *

Mules and Poetry.

The Sweet Singer of The Whitsett Courier makes this protest:

"We're not appreciated
By agricultural rules;
They want to plow the poets—
Keep 'em singin' to the mules!

"They surely have us quaffing
A very bitter cup;
If they had Burns they'd make him
Plow all the daisies up!

"They lack the lofty wisdom
Learned in the writing schools;
They'd plow a world of poets—
Keep 'em singin' to the mules!

* * * * *

When the Court Was Surprised.

W. W. Jacobs has been talking of his popular short stories to the editor of Answers. "It is only their surprises that make the stories take," he said, and he illustrated his meaning with the story of a lawyer defending a man accused of housebreaking:

"Your honor, I submit that my client did not break into the house at all. He found the parlor window open, and merely inserted his right arm and removed a few trifling articles. Now, gentlement, my client's arm is not himself, and I fail to see how you can punish the whole individual for an offense committed only by one of his limbs." "That argument," said the judge, "is very well put. Following it logically, I sentence the defendant's arm to one year's imprisonment. He can accompany it or not, as he chooses."

The defendant smiled, and with his lawyer's assistance, unscrewed his cork arm, and, leaving it in the dock, walked out.

Brother Dickey's Blizzard Song.

I.

Oh, Georgy lan' is dress in white, suh,
Sleet an' snow, an' ice ter fight, suh,
Lawd knows
I froze—
I all froze up in Dixie!

II.

De Blizzard say: "You cl'ar fergotten
I makes de country white ez cotton!"
Lawd knows
I froze—
I all froze up in Dixie!

III.

De sleet lak' shot in a red-hot battle;
My yers des ring, an' my bones—dey rattle!
Lawd knows
I froze—
Oh, de ol' man froze in Dixie!

IV.

I waitin' now fer a ol' time sunnin',
'Way down dar whar de blacksnake runnin;
Lawd knows
I froze—
Oh, de ol' man froze in Dixie!

* * * * *

The Philosopher and the Weather.

"In my day an' time—fur back yander"—said the Old Philosopher, "we didn't depend on thermometers to tell the weather—we told it by the grace o' God, an' thar never wuz no such weather as you see now! Faith, pra'r an' foresight run it, an' foresight come by faith. The nighest we come to a thermometer wuz a raincrow, an' to this day it's my firm beliefs that raincrows know more 'bout weather conditions than the government thinks fer. In them days, when rain wuz needed, we prayed fer it; an' ef it didn't come right away, we prayed ag'in, an' it allus come before we quit! But the ways o' Providence air not our ways, an' I rickollect how, when the whole settlement fell to prayin' fer raln, on one special occasion, a deluge come which mighty nigh washed the whole town away! After that we wuz more reserved, so to speak, in our petitions. Howsomever, I ain't a-faultin' the government or the new style o' weather we're a-havin'. I reckon thar's Providence in it, an' it may be sent on the country as a warnin' fer it to mend its ways."

* * * * *

Song o' the Wilderness.

"Git out o' the wilderness,"
Trouble says each minute,
But I'm the chap, I tell you,
That ain't a-gittin' in it!

I stay with the procession,
Wherever it may be,
I'm where the bands are playin'—
No wildernes fer me!

"Git out o' the wilderness;"—
I'm with the speedin' trains;
They've cut down all the timber
Till no wilderness remains!

F. L. S.

TONS OF MOLTEN METAL

Splashed Over Workmen — One Killed and 11 Others Injured.

Pittsburg, Pa., February 12.—Thos. O'Toole is dead and eleven other people were burned in a terrific explosion of molten steel at the Monongahela blast furnaces of the National Tube Company, McKeesport, near here, early today. The huge steel plate furnace, 100 feet in height, burst at the tap hole and fifty tons of liquid metal dropped to the floor, accompanied by explosions as it spread and splashed over the heads and bodies of the workmen nearby.

Letters from the People

Christ and the Wine.

Editor Constitution: Recently there is come on the stage of action a new organization of liquor dealers, called "the Model License League," which is endeavoring to make itself heard, if press dispatches are to be believed. The Associated Press of late seems to have been called upon to give special prominence to this body and its work. The very name is amusing—"Model License"—as if by the change of the name of a license to retail spirituous liquors or by dressing it up, it changes the nature and evil results of the saloon business. "The model license" implies "the model saloon." Is not that laughable? As if you could change the character of a beast by giving him a new name! A saloon is an evil institution, evil in its work, not to be tolerated, no matter what you call it, nor how you veneer it, or how you whitewash the thing.

But this Model Licence League has lately come out in a new role. A few days since it appeared as the instructor of the Christian church and the teacher of preachers, in propounding the question, "Why did Christ make wine?" The question evidently intended to show the inconsistency of the church and ministry in advocating the shutting up of the saloon by law and directly implying that our Lord by changing water into wine was in favor of the open salon. Nothing else can be made of the interrogatory and the way it was put.

First, let it be known it is rather late in the day for liquor sellers to be rising up to puzzle the church about its attitude on the liquor traffic. The whole of Protestant America is lined up openly, avowedly and specifically against this devilish business, and it has just dawned upon the Model Liquor League that the Christian church has never known nor discovered that our Lord was on the other side of this question because He changed water into wine at a wedding. Evidently these whisky sellers thought they had propounded a soxdologer, a veritable stumper, a query which would just paralyze the entire ministry and confuse the whole Christian church. Well, whether or not the question will be answered satisfactorily to the dull minds of whisky sellers, one thing may be put down as forever settled—the church of God in America and the ministry in general will never change their attitude upon the whisky business nor cease their opposition till it is driven from this fair land. There is no compromise in sight, neither will there be any let-up in the fight.

Secondly, in answer to this question, let it be said that a moment's study will show that Jesus Christ by changing water into wine could not possibly have intended to give indorsement either to modern wine drinking or to the worse evil traffic of selling intoxicants. No matter what sort of wine it was, it could not have been of the nature of the wine made these latter days, which makes folks drunk very easily.

Six water pots, containing two or three firkins apiece, filled with water, were changed into wine. A firkin is 9 gallons. Each water pot, then, would hold 18 gallons, and being six pots in all, would make over 100 gallons of wine. Put that much wine on tap at an average wedding feast in these latter days and you would find not a few intoxicated people, not all of them men. Does anybody think for a moment that our Lord turned loose over 100 gallons of intoxicating stuff on that memorable wedding occasion? I do not. The fact is, the wine of those days did not begin to compare with the drunkard-making stuff of these modern times.

Thirdly, admitting He turned water into wine, which was drank on that auspicious occasion, in the name of common sense, wherein can be found any encouragement at all for the making of fiery whisky and the manufacture of sloppy beer? If He had set out some modern rum, or changed the water into lager beer, then might whisky sellers have some room to talk. But there is no connection whatever between the changing of water into wine and the devilish, man-destroying business of making and selling intoxicants. And to put our Lord in the attitude of indorsing, approving and standing back of the present-day liquor business is simply blasphemous. It is to endeavor to put Him on the side of an evil against which the Christian sentiment of this country revolts. It is infamous in liquor sellers to thus try to bolster up their death-dealing, home-wrecking, soul-destroying traffic. Moreover, what they say indirectly shall not go on record without a loud, an earnest and a determined protest. They shall not thus slander our Lord by making Him an indorser of the whisky traffic.

Fourthly, it is recorded in close connection with the changing of the water into wine that our Lord went into the temple and found the traders and money changers in that sacred place, plying their questionable trade, and He was so outraged that He made a scourge of small cords, and drove them hence. Yes, and if He were on earth today and these whisky sellers were to undertake to line Him up on the side of the open saloon, no doubt He would repeat the transaction by getting a scourge this time of large cords and driving them from His presence. By every token He would never be found in the ranks of the saloon keepers, holding up their hands, indorsing their wicked business and discouraging the thousands of good men and true women who are against the saloon. Never. He who openly denounced the sinners in high circles in His day would not hesitate to openly condemn the arch-sinners of this day, the whisky manufacturers and the liquor sellers who are not only pursuing their trade, but undertaking to justify it.

He who was "separate from sinners" while on earth, and who was not of the world, and who antagonized sin of every kind, would hardly now, if in this world, gang with saloon men, give His influence to their traffic and seek to stay the hands of those His followers, who are endeavoring to save the manhood of America by driving this business out of the land. As He was and is now, so His true followers are endeavoring to be. They are on the same side of this question with their Lord and Master.

(REV.) CLEMENT C. CARY.
Griffin, Ga., February 12, 1908.

DEATH COMES TO D. J. DILLON

One of the Most Prominent Business Men in South Georgia.

News has been received in Atlanta of the death of one of Georgia's most prominent business men, D. J. Dillon, of Brunswick, Ga.

Mr. Dillon was 83 years of age at the time of his death, and had been connected with all of the important moves toward progress by the south Georgia city, where he had been living since 1870. He was born in Savannah in 1825, and moved from there to Screven county, where he married Miss Martha A. Williamson. In Brunswick he took great interest in public affairs, being alderman for several terms, and a member of the board of education.

The deceased leaves seven children.

Funeral services will be held today in the First Methodist church, Brunswick.

GOSSIP AT THE CAPITOL

Owing to the illness of Governor Smith, which has prevented his consideration of the case of Lee Holmes, the McIntosh county negro, sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Dr. E. A. Sands, of Tattnall county, the governor yesterday directed that another respite be given the condemned man. The execution was to have taken place tomorrow, but yesterday Executive Secretary C. M. Hitch prepared a respite of two weeks, which extends the negro's time until February 28. This action was taken in order that the governor may have time after his recovery to consider the papers in the case. The prison commission has recommended that Holmes' sentence be commuted to life imprisonment.

It is expected also for similar reasons another respite will be granted to Willie Rogers, the young white man sentenced to be hanged in Savannah for the murder of his wife. The present date of this execution is Friday, February 21, but the chances are that he will be given a week or two longer.

Will Take Up Mandate.

It has been decided that the state supreme court will hear on Monday the motion to make the mandate of the supreme court of the United States, in the case involving the taxation of 15,000 shares of Western of Alabama stock, held by the Georgia Railroad and Banking Company, the judgment of the Georgia court. The decision of the United States court was against the state.

Following the action of the state supreme court after the hearing on Monday, the state authorities will decide as to their further procedure in connection with this litigation.

Selling Bad Vinegars.

Commissioner of Agriculture T. G. Hudson yesterday issued an order relative to the sale of certain kinds of vinegars under the pure food and drugs act. He calls attention to the fact that a number of dealers in the state are violating the law by misbranding or misrepresentation, and warns them that such cases will be prosecuted.

For instance a number of cases have come to the attention of the department in which patrons calling for apple vinegar have been supplied from barrels marked in small letters "distilled vinegar." This, the commissioner says, is as much a violation of the law as misbranding.

Commissioner Hudson's order follows:

The result of the examination of samples of vinegar in our laboratory show that some dealers are not yet complying with the law. Seven cases of misbranding have been detected. The following dealers have violated the law: Brewer & Rogers, Griffin, Ga.; Edward Bros., Griffin, Ga.; H. L. Oliver, Griffin, Ga., and Paul Flint, Griffin, Ga.; Willis Cider Company, Augusta, Ga., and Allen & Baxley, Augusta, Ga.

In two of the above cases, after the inspector had bought the article as "apple vinegar" he found on the barrel in small letters the words "distilled vinegar." Dealers are violating the law in selling a product as vinegar or apple vinegar, even if the barrel is marked "distilled vinegar." The consumer must be notified of the character of the product he is buying. There seems to be a misunderstanding as to the term "white vinegar."

White vinegar is a misnomer and all such should be labeled "distilled vinegar." If it be labeled and sold as white vinegar, dealers will be violating the law as we recognize by the term vinegar a product derived from apples, unless it be modified by such terms as "malt," "white," "sugar," "glucose," or "distilled." These terms signify the source from which the vinegar is derived.

T. G. HUDSON, Commissioner.

Damage to Fruit Trees.

While there was no material damage to the fruit crop as a result of the recent sleet storm and freeze which covered a large part of Georgia's fruit area, it was learned yesterday at the department of agriculture that peach trees especially had suffered severely as the result of the weight of ice, which in numerous instances broke them down, and will necessitate considerably closer pruning.

A number of Georgians from sections of the state affected by the storm, called at the office of the department yesterday, and all brought reports of damaged fruit trees. While the extent of this injury is not yet known, it is the belief at the department that it will not materially affect the fruit crop, which will depend upon weather conditions from now on. At no point was it reported that the buds were far enough advanced to be in any wise affected by the freeze.

IN THE COURTS

Judge Calhoun will convene the city court this morning after a recess since Monday. Two alleged violations of the prohibition law will be investigated in the cases of Ed Backus, a white man, charged with selling whisky, and Dr. E. M. Roberts, charged with keeping beer in a public place.

In this case it is alleged that Dr. Roberts had beer in his laboratory, but he holds that this was not a public place.

Mrs. N. J. Jackson, who was bound over by the recorder for running a disorderly house on East Hunter street and enticing young girls there, will probably be tried. It was in connection with this case that Detective Simpson stated that if it were carried to a higher court it would never be tried.

Edgar H. Orr was yesterday appointed temporary receiver for the Atlanta Wiseola Bottling Company by Judge Ellis on the petition of E. F. Jackson and others, who claim over $300 indebtedness, alleged to be more than one-third of the entire liability of the company. Its assets are given as $600. Judge Ellis will hear the petition on February 14.

S. A. Oliver and others have applied for a charter for the Interstate Cotton College, with a capital stock of $25,000. The purpose of this college will be to teach its pupils how to grade, classify and handle the fleecy staple and other farm products. A charter for the National Beverage Company, with a capitalization of $50,000, has been asked for by A. D. Lewis and others. R. B. Blackburn is attorney for the petitioners.

Three suits to recover notes, amounting in all to over $61,000, have been filed by the Central Bank and Trust Corporation, receiver for the Neal bank. One is against the Ware-Hatcher Company, which owes an alleged debt of $60,000; another against R. M. Stewart, Jr., and W. R. Ware for $925.25, and another against A. T. Young and J. A. Young, of the Farmers' Exchange, for $230. All of the suits are returnable to the March term of court.

Alleging that his wife was quarrelsome, would not prepare his meals, refused to allow him to see his own children and made them call him "Mr. Griffin" instead of "father," W. S. Griffin has filed a suit for divorce against Mary Lucy Griffin. According to the petition this couple married in 1888 and separated in 1907.

GREAT INFLUX OF BUYERS.

New York Merchants Joyous Over the Outlook.

New York, February 12.—More than three thousand buyers and business men from all over the country are now in New York with orders for goods of every variety for the spring and summer trade. The great influx of buyers was expected by the jobbers here and is said by merchants to be an evidence of the return of confidence throughout the country.

Every hotel in New York that caters to the commercial trade is crowded and New York merchants are in a joyous mood at the prospect of an enormous spring trade.

THE PASSING THRONG

"While I was in Galveston a few days ago," remarked Frank H. Simmons, of Baltimore, one of the best known traveling men who works the south, "I was given an opportunity to inspect drawings by civil engineers of that great causeway to be built across the bay connecting the island upon which the city is located with the mainland. It is a stupendous undertaking. And while definite figures as to the cost have not been made finally it is known that it will run away up in the seven figures. The smallest estimate made was by General Roberts, a retired army engineer—$1,500,000—but that plan is not at all satisfactory. One of the railroads which will cross over the causeway has presented the most desirable design and it calls for a cost of five millions at the very least. When completed the bridge will be used for all kinds of vehicles, for street cars and for several railroads running into the city, so you may have some idea of the immensity of the structure. It will be over two miles long and will be constructed of concrete. There will be a draw, too, so that vessels may pass through or under it. The county of Galveston and the city have already appropriated large sums of money for the work and the railroads and the trolley lines will have to bear the balance of the cost. At present the only link between the city and the mainland is a single track wooden structure built upon piling. I happened to be in Galveston a year ago when a big part of the trestle was burned away and until it was rebuilt traffic between the city and the mainland was carried on by boats. During the past fiscal year the port's business amounted to considerably more than a half billion dollars and every particle of that was hauled over that single passageway, which has to accommodate railroad trains as well When finished it will make Galveston almost another town.

Dr. H. J. Powers, of Louisville, Ky., one of the leading medical practitioners of that city, is in Atlanta for a few days, a guest at the Piedmont.

Eric C. Gambrell, the young Georgian who killed himself Sunday last in Texas, was well known in Atlanta among the residents who were in years gone by students at Mercer university in Macon. Mr. Gambrell was a graduate of that school and was for years a resident of the Central City, his father, Rev. Dr. J. B. Gambrell, being at one time president of Mercer. Mr. Gambrell was for a long time engaged in newspaper work and was a pleasant, interesting writer. He has friends throughout the state, and his tragic death has caused genuine regret as well as universal surprise among all who knew him.

Gratton H. Stevens, of Kansas City, Mo., a successful attorney of that city, is in Atlanta, stopping at the Aragon. Mr. Stevens is en route to Florida and will remain in Jacksonville and at St. Augustine for a month or six weeks.

LIQUOR GIVEN TO BOY GETS DRIVER IN TROUBLE

Willard Holman, a driver of the Southern Express Company, was bound over to the state courts yesterday afternoon by Judge Broyles on the double charge of larceny after trust and giving intoxicating liquor to a minor. Holman, who is himself a boy of 17 years, according to the testimony of Cecil Lacy, a boy of 11 years, opened an express package on Monday while on a delivery and after having drunk a quantity of the liquid, offered the Lacy boy a drink, telling him that the booze would protect him from the cold. The little fellow had drunk the offered liquor and as a result became so drunk that passers-by seeing his condition called officers, who carried him to the barracks, where he told the story of his intoxication, which resulted in the arrest of the Holman boy. Several other little boys, also drivers for the express company, testified in the case. Judge Broyles in binding Holman over to the higher courts, warned officials of the express company present against the employment of boys to deliver shipped booze and declared that their employment in such capacity placed in their way a very strong temptation to steal and drink or sell the whisky entrusted to them.

MILITARY MEN ASKING AUDITORIUM QUARTERS

Several representatives of local military organizations came before the building committee of the auditorium-armory at its meeting in the Chamber of Commerce yesterday to ask for quarters in the new building.

Captain Ed King, of the Governor's Light Artillery, with Colonel Clifford L. Anderson, asked for a room for the artillery and this was given them by the committee. The war department agreed to furnish this company with a new battery of rapid-fire guns and new equipment, the total value of which will be $75,000, provided they secured quarters, with a watchman for the guns night and day, and had a company of 133 men. The fact that quarters will be furnished entitles them to this accouterment.

Captain Wilson, of the Governor's Horse Guard, asked for additional accommodations for his company and the request was referred to the architects.

Arrangements for converting the arena into a banquet hall seating 1,000 people were discussed and this will be done if practicable. Kitchen accommodations are included in the proposition, which, if carried out, will prove to be an ideal place for having large dinners. Other matters of detail came before the committee.

ALLIANCE CONVENTION DRAWS LARGE CROWDS

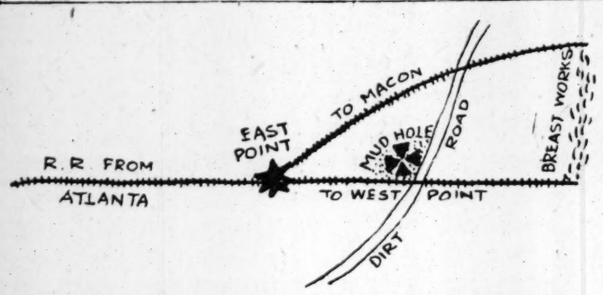
The attendance at the Christian Alliance convention has increased since the cars resumed running, and all the services are much enjoed.

The preaching of Rev. W. F. Minninger is unique. His style is different from other preachers and captivates his hearers. All the other speakers are above the average and their messages highly interesting.

The program for today is: 9:30 a. m., devotional, led by Miss E. E. Leach, of Jacksonville, Ala.; 10:30 a. m., Rev. W. F. Minninger will preach; 2:30 p. m., testimonies, led by W. P. Davis; 3:30 p. m., missionary address by Rev. L. B. Padgett, of South America; 4:30 p. m., children's service, led by Mrs. Forrest; 7:30, preaching by Mr. Menninger.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.
CORNER ALABAMA AND BROAD STREETS
Capital $200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $650,000.00
Commercial Accounts Solicited
4% Interest, compounded twice a year, is paid in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

SAYS CANNON IS BURIED ON THE EAST POINT ROAD



Where Cannon is Buried, from Drawing Made by Mr. Camp.

R. O. Camp, color-bearer of the First Georgia regiment, C. S. A., has furnished The Constitution an accurate sketch, drawn by himself, showing the location where a confederate cannon was lost during the war on the retreat from Atlanta to Jonesboro.

Color Bearer Camp is now living in Walton, Ala., but his memory in regard to this incident is still fresh, as his drawing shows. He declares that the cannon in question was being drawn in the retreat and at the point indicated the carriage broke down and the cannon fell to the ground.

The gunner and drivers had not the time or opportunity to repair it and to keep the yankees from finding it, dropped it into a nearby mudhole, where it was completely hidden from view.

The broken carriage was taken into the woods a short distance and destroyed.

Mr. Camp states that the cannon was a handsome one and if located, as he feels sure it can be from his sketch, it would make a handsome ornament for the state capitol grounds.

He says he is under the impression that the cannon was in the battery commanded by Captain R. L. Barry, of Atlanta.

WITNESSED AWFUL SCENE WHEN CHILD WAS KILLED

As William Smith, of 405 East Fair street, was walking over the Bell street bridge yesterday morning about 9 o'clock, he saw a little 8-year-old negro girl some thirty paces in front of him, going in the same direction toward East Hunter street.

A telephone wire had fallen and was lying across an arc light wire, the end dangling over the sidewalk.

Mr. Smith was looking at the child and saw her reach out and seize the wire, as any child would have been apt to do.

Then he witnessed a sight which at first startled him and then held him spellbound in his tracks.

The telephone wire was charged with the full voltage of the current of the arc light wire, and no sooner did the child take hold of it than the current shot with deadly force through her body. As Mr. Smith gazed at the girl he saw her spring into the air, then dance around as she wildly fought the wire as it swung about, striking her on the face and body. In a few moments the child fell to the ground. When Mr. Smith reached her side she was dead.

"I hope I will never witness such a scene again as long as I live," said Mr. Smith when talking about it afterwards. "I saw the little girl take hold of the wire and then whirled around, jumped into the air and danced about as if she had suddenly gone crazy. She beat the air with her hands as the wire struck her again and again. She must have kept this up for half a minute. I was at first so horrified that I hardly knew what to do. I could not go too near, for the wire was being swung into all directions as the child struck it with her hands. When she fell I hurried up to her only to find that she was dead."

The dead child was Sallie Turner, the daughter of Annie Turner, a washerwoman, who lives in the rear of 364 Decatur street. Annie washes for a family who reside at 40 Sydney street, and yesterday morning she sent her little girl after the soiled clothes. The route lay over the Bell street bridge, and it was at the south end of the bridge that the child seized the wire that caused her death.

Police officers went to the scene and the coroner was notified. The mother reached the place shortly after the accident and she stood on the opposite of the bridge from where her dead child lay, and looked upon the scene silent and awe-stricken.

Mr. Smith, the only person to witness the child's death struggle with the live wire, remained with the police until the coroner arrived, and the body was taken to an undertaker's.

IT WAS A COMPLIMENT TO THE LADY VISITORS

Why Mayor Referred Longino Resolution to Lady Board of Visitors of Schools.

Mayor Joyner thinks that perhaps some of the members of the board of lady visitors to the public schools may be displeased because of the statement made in The Constitution yesterday morning about his failing to find ladies to make an investigation and then referring the matter to the board.

The impression may have been created, the mayor thinks, that the board of lady visitors were second choice. The fact about the matter is that the mayor, after considering the Longino resolution calling for an investigation of the way certain employers treated their women workers, asked some ladies to serve on the committee and they declined because they thought some official body of the city ought to do the investigating. The board of lady visitors of the public schools is an official body and composed of ladies who have been noted for the good work they have accomplished in the schools, and the mayor thought they would be the very ones to take up the question. He still has the matter under consideration.

CONSULTING ENGINEER LOCATES IN ATLANTA

Milton W. Arrowood, of Chicago, is the latest addition to Atlanta's growing engineering colony. Mr. Arrowood is a well-known mechanical and refrigerating engineer and the author of several works on mechanical subjects, notably a recent book on ice plant operation and management, published by "Ice," the Atlanta trade paper. He is a graduate of the United States Naval Academy, and since his retirement from the navy has been actively engaged in the practice of his profession as consulting engineer. Mr. Arrowood was also at one time an editor of The Engineer, the big Chicago steam engineering publication, and will hold a similar position on "Ice" in addition to practicing his profession.

INSPECTED SIX PLANS FOR PEACHTREE BRIDGE

County Commissioners Getting Ready to Build New Bridge Over Belt Line Railroad.

The county commissioners inspected yesterday afternon six competitive plans for the new bridge to be built over the belt line railroad on the Peachtree road.

The consulting engineer, P. H. Norcross, met with the board. It was decided to take no action until two of the competitors modified their plans to cover some of the engineering points which had been overlooked.

The bridge is to cost about $30,000, of which amount the street car company is to pay one-third and the county two-thirds.

The board will meet again and decide upon the acceptance of one of the plans as soon as Mr. Norcross reports that all the plans have been made according to instructions.

Omega Oil Is Good for Any Pain that can be reached externally. Trial bottle 10c.

DEATH CALLS C. C. CALLAWAY

He Was a Brother of the Late Ed Callaway.

Forsyth, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—C. C. Callaway, a brother of the late Ed Callaway, died last night at 7:30 o'clock. His brother died two weeks ago. Both brothers were deeply attached to each other. Five brothers survive. They are: P. M. Callaway, Allen Callaway, William Callaway, of Forsyth; John E. Callaway and R. L. Callaway, of Atlanta.

The death of C. C. Callaway was due to Bright's disease. He had been in bad health for some time, though it was only recently that he was compelled to take his bed.

Besides his brothers, Mr. Callaway is survived by several nephews and nieces. They are: Miss Nettie Callaway, W. L. Callaway, E. G. Callaway and G. P. Callaway and Miss May Callaway, all of whom reside in Atlnta, and are children of John E. Callaway.

St. Valentine Gifts

BEST OF ALL—A DIAMOND RING.
"Good St. Valentine! Plead well my cause!
Tell her, the eternal fire burning in the
Depths of this pure gem doth signify
my love."
THINGS PERSONAL—TOILETWARE, MANICURE SETS, ETC.
Which from my lady's dressing-table,
"Doth mutely but eloquently tell the tale
of love."
THERE IS ENDLESS VARIETY IN OUR STOCK.

MAIER & BERKELE
31-33 Whitehall St.

THEY HELD UP THE PUMP. AND ARE IN LIMELIGHT



J. SAM SLICER.
Attorney Who Filed the Suit.

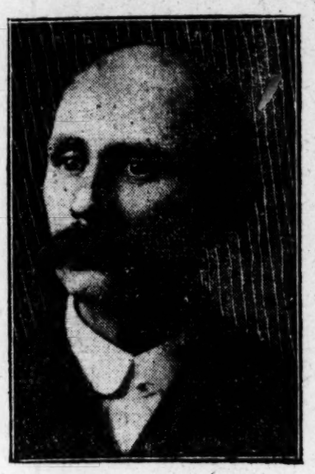


Photo by McCrary & Co.
JOHN M. BAIRD.
The "Mystery" Who Brought a Dead Pump to Life.

John M. Baird, the man who has held up the pump deal by an injunction against the city, has gotten right square into the limelight. It cost him $50 yesterday when he paid over to the city that amount for a license to carry on the business of the Gate City Fire Insurance Company in Atlanta from July of last year until July of this year. He paid this money in order to escape a trial in the police court which was set for yesterday afternoon.

The license inspector also looked into Mr. Baird's country produce business, but found that he was not liable for a license because he had received only one shipment of chickens last August, which he sold to S. C. Glass.

Mr. Baird is a farmer and lives in Fulton county. He has insurance offices in room 517 Temple Court.

He had pursued the quiet tenor of his way until he suddenly bobbed into the limelight with an injunction against the city. The city had made a contract for a pump to cost $134,000 after a year's hard work and after council had been in more than one tangle and wrangle. When the contract was at last signed, sealed and delivered everybody breathed easier.

Came Like a Bolt.

Then like a bolt of lightning out of a clear sky came the injunction filed by John M. Baird. Everybody asked, "Who is John M. Baird? Who is this man that has dared to tackle the great pump question, the livest and hottest municipal wire that has dangled to public gaze in many years?"

The bill was filed by Attorney J. S. Slicer and the case was set down for a hearing on February 17.

For many days there was scarcely anything but "Slicer-Baird" talk around the city hall and among city politicians.

For two citizens to hold up a whole city and tackle that famous pump was a deed which called forth a great deal of discussion. There are some who are saying:

"Well done, Slicer-Baird."

While others are saying:

"It's wrong to stop such a city improvement."

When the injunction is heard next Monday there will be a large number of citizens present to see the outcome of the daring Slicer-Baird deed.

APPROVAL GIVEN CONSOLIDATION

Commission Assents to Union of Savannah Telephone Companies.

The railroad commission yesterday issued an order approving the recently arranged consolidation of the Southern Bell and the Georgia Telephone and Telegraph Companies, of Savannah, under which the Southern Bell takes over the property of the Georgia company and agrees to carry out all its contracts.

The commission's action was taken in accordance with the expressed request of the city council of Savannah and of something like 1,000 Savannah citizens, largely business men, whose names were signed to a petition asking that this be done.

The Georgia company was represented at the hearing by President W. A. Bisbee and Attorney Walter G. Charlton, of Savannah, and the Bell company by Vice President W. T. Gentry and Attorney H. E. W. Palmer.

The commission's order assenting to the consolidation is as follows:

Office of the Railroad Commission of Georgia.—Atlanta, February 12, 1908:

Whereas, The Georgia Telephone and Telegraph Company contemplates the surrender of its charter and going out of business, and has agreed to sell its physical property in the city of Savannah, county of Chatham, to the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company upon terms mutually satisfactory; and

Whereas, The mayor and aldermen of the city of Savannah in council assembled have approved the sale of the physical property of the Georgia Telephone and Telegraph Company to the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company; and

Whereas, A large number of subscribers to both companies in Savannah have agreed to and approved said sale;

Whereas, The approval of this commission of said sale is requested;

Whereas, It appears that no objection whatever is filed by any person in the city of Savannah; it is therefore

Ordered by the railroad commission of Georgia, That in so far as it may be authorized by law so to do it assents to the sale of the said physical property of the Georgia Telephone and Telegraph Company to the Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company under the terms of the contracts submitted, and that said Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company be authorized to observe the terms of said contracts, this commission in no wise surrendering its jurisdiction over rates.

Provided, however, that it will be distinctly understood that in giving its assent to the above mentioned sale, the Georgia Telephone and Telegraph Company shall call in, cancel and destroy all of the outstanding stocks and bonds, mortgage or mortgages, trust deed or trust deeds of said company.

By order of the board:

S. G. McLENDON, Chairman.
GEORGE F. MONTGOMERY, Secretary.

SPECIAL ATTENTION.

Cast iron pipe, hydrant and fire hydrant companies: Attention is called to notice in this paper of J. P. Hughes, chairman water works commission of Cordele, Ga., that bids are to be received to furnish 2,930 feet 8-inch cast iron pipe of standard make and guaranteed weight and thickness; 6,680 feet 6-inch; 2,956 feet 4-inch; 33 standard fire hydrants, 4 8-inch valves, 8 6-inch and 6 4-inch valves and about one ton of specials. Read the notice.

NO TRACE OF $2.500 NOTE MAILED TWO WEEKS AGO

Note Was Mailed at Maysville, Ga., on January 30 to S. Miles Berrong at Hiawassee.

Hiawassee, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—There is something greatly wrong with the mails between Atlanta and Hiawassee. The daily papers many times fail to reach Hiawassee on time. Sometimes papers are three to four days behind.

About the 30th day of January a note for $2,500 was mailed at Maysville, Ga., made payable to, and addressed to J. Miles Berrong, of Hiawassee. The note has not yet reached the party for which it was intended.

$3,000 DAMAGE DONE BY WATER

Water Main Bursts in the Western Electric Company's Plant.

Lives were endangered and property damaged by the bursting of a water main running to the hydraulic elevator at the Western Electric Company's plant, West End, yesterday morning. The damage done was $3,000.

The elevator used by the electric company is lifted by means of water. A large main runs into the building, under the first floor. Without the slightest warning this pipe sprung a leak, causing both confusion and fright on the part of the employees. The machinery was stopped at once, and all of the elevators discontinued operation.

In spite of the fact that many precautions were taken the water managed to flow over the building, bearing away nearly everything in its path. The result was that the building itself was damaged to the extent of $3,000, but the stock suffered a very small loss.

Later in the day the waterworks department had the pipe repaired. It is thought the sleet and ice of Sunday and Monday had something to do with the break in the main.

JOHN A. FOX MADE ADDRESS TO COLUMBUS AUDIENCE

Outlined the Policy of Waterway Improvement the Congress Is Striving to Inaugurate.

Columbus, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) John A. Fox, of Arkansas, special director of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, made an address in Columbus last night, under the auspices of the board of trade. He outlined the policy of waterway improvement that the congress is striving to have inaugurated, and said that the organization wanted the government to appropriate $500,000,000 for that purpose. He made a strong, able address, and it was received with appreciation by a representative audience.

He pointed out that Columbus, being at the head of navigation of an important river, should be vitally interested in the plan to so arouse public interest that the sentiment formed will force the national congress to give rivers and harbors the proper attention.

Today Mr. Fox met numbers of the leading business men in a personal way, being escorted over the city by a committee from the board. This city made a cash contribution to the fund being raised by the National Rivers and Harbors Congress for the prosecution of its campaign of education.

Suit Cases
$1.00
To
$35.00
H. W. Rountree & Bro.
Trunk and Bag Co.
W. Z. TURNER
77 Whitehall Street

CONVICT LABOR FOR RESERVOIR

County Makes an Agreement With City.

CITY TO FURNISH SHOVELS

At Conference County Commissioners Agree to Do Work on Reservoir With Convicts as Soon as City Makes Contract for Machinery.

At a conference between the board of county commissioners and the mayor and members of the city council yesterday afternoon it was agreed that the county would furnish the convict labor to finish the work on the new reservoir when the city was ready to make a contract for its part of the work.

Under the agreement the county will furnish between fifty and one hundred convicts, and the city will furnish steam shovels and cars for the removal of the dirt.

The cost to the city will be between $20,000 and $25,000, and the finance committee of council will try at once to find that much money.

Mayor Joyner believes that the city can rent the necessary apparatus at a much less cost than it would take to buy the machinery.

In the conference the county was represented by Commissioners Anderson, Palmer and Carter, while the mayor, City Engineer Clayton and Councilmen Grant and Mangum represented the city.

Reservoir Must Be Completed.

Mayor Joyner stated that the completion of the reservoir was necessary for the city's welfare, as a break in the old reservoir, a fire at the river station or a break in the mains might cut off the city's water supply entirely. It was also necessary, he said, to have a new reservoir so the old one could be drained off and cleaned out.

The city engineer stated that he had secured four tentative bids from a contractor merely to get some idea as to the cost of the work to be done on the new reservoir. He had four propositions to submit. First, a bid of $67,000 when the contractor was to furnish everything and the work with teams; second, a bid of $35,400 when the contractor would furnish the teams and the city the labor; third, a bid of $48,900 when the contractor was to furnish everything and do the work with steam shovels; fourth, a bid of $29,150 when the contractor was to furnish the steam shovels and the city the labor.

What Plan Will Be Adopted.

It was decided that the last bid was the best, and the work will be carried on under that plan, the city furnishing the steam shovels and the county the labor.

Commissioner Palmer made a motion for the county to furnish the convict labor as soon as the city was ready to give two weeks' notice that it was ready to make the contract for the steam shovels and cars.

This motion was adopted, and the conference adjourned.

Mayor Joyner and Councilman Grant, chairman of the finance committee of the city council, stated after the meeting that the city would try to rent the necessary machinery, and that instead of the work costing $29,000 it might be done at a greatly reduced price.

The matter will probably be laid before council next Monday afternoon, and steps taken at once to raise the money needed.

MANY WOMEN TO ATTEND LECTURE BY MR. KENYON

The number of requests from the wives and daughters of Atlanta business men and from women who are themselves engaged in business for tickets to the lecture at the Grand opera house tonight by J. D. Kenyon has steadily increased. So many applications have been made that the address on "The Science of Successful Salesmanship" is certain to have many interested hearers belonging to the feminine world. Incidentally, Mr. Kenyon believes that the wife should be a real power in her husband's business life, and his convictions regarding the business woman are sure to prove profitably entertaining.

St. Elmo Massengale, who secured the address for Atlanta, and who is playing the part of host for the occasion, again urges that every one who has not exchanged their orders for reserved seat coupons at the Grand box office, do so at the very earliest moment possible. Requests for tickets are still coming in at Mr. Massengale's offices in the Candler building, and these requests will continue to be filled as long as any seats remain in the Grand.

BEAUTIFUL VALENTINES.

The most beautiful valentines in the city of Atlanta can be found at Delbridge & Rice, 74 North Broad street. They are also holding an I. C. S. educational exhibit at their store. Visit the wonderful exhibition, and don't forget to buy your valentines.

WALTER G. PASCHALL DIES.

Deceased Came to Atlanta from Middle Tennessee 16 Years Ago.

After a two-weeks' illness with acute bronchitis Walter Goode Paschall died yesterday morning at 10 o'clock, at the residence, Augusta and Holland avenues.

The deceased came to Atlanta sixteen years ago from middle Tennessee, and has been connected since that time with a number of important commercial enterprises. He was born in Oxford, N. C., sixty-six years ago, and served in the Twentieth Alabama regiment during the civil war. Most of his life was spent in Tennessee, where he was engaged principally in educational lines.

Mr. Paschall was the father of John Paschall, city editor of The Atlanta Journal. He leaves the following relatives in addition: His wife, Mrs. Mattie McPherson Paschall; his daughters, Mrs. Charles T. Phillips, Atlanta; Mrs. Norman H. Davis, Cuba; Mrs. James A. McNeill, New York; the following sons, Walter Edwin Paschall and Reginald D. Paschall, both of this city; one sister, Mrs. Carrie Noland, of Tennessee and nine grandchildren.

Funeral services will probably take place Friday. Arrangements have been delayed, however, until the arrival of Mrs. James A. McNeill from New York city.



The methods of handling business in this bank, both at the windows where patrons come in direct contact with our working-force, and in the interior operations of the several departments, are of as accurate, prompt and painstaking a nature as we can make them.

And naturally this makes for good service.

Fourth National Bank

FOUGHT OVER SICK WOMAN; DARKTOWN CHARITY STORY

Darktown charity got a black eye Tuesday afternoon when Ida Allen and Mattie Mills had a fight and a hair-pulling match at the bedside of a sick woman.

Ida, Mattie and the patient all belong to the same Darktown church society and it is the duty of the members to nurse the sick and bury the dead. So Ida and Mattie went together to sit up with the sick woman.

As they sat over the fire talking about religion and charity, Ida noticed that Mattie had on a pair of new shoes, while her own were old and badly worn.

"I sees yer hez got on new shoes," remarked Ida, a trifle scornfully, "an' I hez knowed de time when yer wus wearin' er ol' shoe on one foot an' er ol' boot on de udder."

As quick as a flash Mattie yelled out: "Yer is 'er ol' good fer nuttin liar."

This was followed by the scum of Darktown reparte which called for wool.

The Sick Sister Groaned.

All the time this was going on the ill sister lay on her bed of sickness groaning with misery. But what cared the wool-pullers when they had a wrong to right? They felt like Rhoderick Dhu, who is credited with saying to James Fitz James:

"Heardst that shameful word and blow
Brought Rhoderick's vengeance on his foe?
What recked the chieftain if he stood
On highland heath or holy rood?
He rights such wrongs where they are given,
Aye, though 'twere in the court of heaven."

Mattie and Ida were arraigned in the police court yesterday morning and "Jedge Briles" was told the whole story about the fall of charity. He was informed that when Ida got an under holt on Mattie's wool Mattie picked up a kerosene can and battered it over Ida's head, while the keresone was spattered over the sick woman.

"Jedge Briles" remarked that it was his duty to "pour oil" on the troubled waters and fined each of the fighters $5.75.

The sick woman, it is said, has notified the church society that she believes she can get along without any nursing by the "sisters."

WHY BOND CASES ARE DELAYED

Solicitor Lowry Arnold Talks of Charges Against City Court.

When asked for a statement in regard to the attack made on the city court by City Detective Simpson, Solicitor Lowry Arnold said yesterday: "I would be more than glad to try all bond cases, but I cannot keep lawyers, witnesses for the state and defendants, as well as defendants themselves, from getting sick and postponing cases."

It appears that in many instances witnesses and osmetimes defendants have left the city when cases are called, this, with the fact that law demands that a case be postponed when attorneys involved are ill, has much to do with bond cases not coming up. It is true that there are a number of such hearings pending in the city court. The reason lies in postponements and the fact that some of them are not reached during the term in which they are called. Carrying them over for a month ofttimes means that they go on the dead docket as that length of time allows witnesses to leave, or worse still, die, and in that event the case cannot be tried.

It is the policy of the city court to hear jail cases before the bond cases, for the reason that prisoners are in jail at the expense of the county and the court desires to put them at work as early as possible if guilty and to free them if innocent. Bonded persons are at liberty and the court deems it best to try them after the jail is cleared.

As a rule city court is in session for about a week each term and the greater portion of this time is given to jail cases. Consequently not so many bond cases are disposed of as the time is insufficient.

The other three weeks of the term is spent by Judge Calhoun on the civil bench of the city court, but twice a year, in March and October, three weeks are devoted to criminal business.

While more jail than bond cases are tried, it is true that the court officials would profit if all bond cases were disposed of, for usually persons who are able to give bond can pay their fines and the fees are larger than where the accused have no money and have to do time.

It is understood that all criminal courts have like experiences in regard to bond cases.

It is inferred from Solicitor Arnold's explanation of the postponements that they are made because of conditions that lawfully demand them and are not brought about for the convenience of lawyers.

VALENTINE DAY NEXT FRIDAY

Store Windows Filled With Alluring Cards and "Comics."

Friday is cupid's birthday, valentine day.

On this date the mail will be swamped with billet-doux, sweet missives and "comics" enough to make the most optimistic mad when it is received.

Already young Atlanta, both master and miss, are making gala preparations for this event.

The down town store windows are full of those filigreed effects, with curlycue laces and sweet verses which begin:

"Roses red, violets blue
Sugar is sweet and so are you."

And in the opposite window are the comic valentines, those genuine delights to the young heart where for 2 cents, including the price of the stamp, "you can get even" for all past performances with anyone by sending a comic valentine.

Thursday night the mails of the city delivery will be more crowded than they have been since Christmas, or will be until Christmas comes again.

In the neighborhood it is easy enough to deliver either in person, but when it comes to "long distance" deliveries Uncle Sam has to be called upon for an accomplice.

It will be a gala time for the young folks, and they will make life both merry and miserable for others, according to the style of valentine selected.

FREDERICK GAEGLEY DEAD.

Was 81 Years Old, and a Prominent Odd Fellow.

Albany, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) Frederick Gaegley, 81 years old, died here today as the result of complications following the grip. He was a Pennsylvanian, but had lived in the south sixty years. The wife, whom he married fifty-seven years ago, survives him. When Mr. Gaegley left Montgomery, a year ago to come to Albany to make his home, he was the oldest Odd Fellow in Alabama.

Two Negroes Killed.

West Point, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—In a blacksmith's shop on the plantation of Paul Potts, near Gabbettville, two negroes, Strosier and Monroe Moss, were killed.

The cause of the quarrel was drinking and gambling. Strozier shot Monroe Moss and in turn was shot by Lawrence Moss.

Daniel Water For the Stomach

Recommended for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Inactivity of the liver, Constipation, Acidity and Catarrhal condition of the stomach. The analysis shows this water to contain in natural solution the minerals most often prescribed for disorders of the stomach and bowels, neutralizing the excess of acids, and dissolving the mucus from the glands of the stomach.

Daniel Water is a superior water for weak stomachs and poor digestion.

Delivered in cases of 6 half gallon bottles to any part of the city. Phone--2434.

SOCIETY

For the Boys' Club.

Two hundred members of the Atlanta Boys' Club will join in the chorus to be sung at the Grand Friday night when, under the auspices of the Order of Old-Fashioned Women, a brilliant entertainment will be presented.

Although the cast of the two plays to be presented will include the young people of the city, the nature of the plays will insure the pleasure of all who hear it, old or young.

"Pizarro," the play to be presented by the Marist college boys, is one of excellence, and abounds in wit and humor. The boys have studied their lines under expert direction, and rehearsals indicate that they will give a most finished performance.

Then the little folks to take part in "Limpy of Doll Land" are practicing faithfully each day.

They will sing and dance and recite, all wearing the quaintest and prettiest costumes, and will delight all who see them.

The stage management will see that fine stage effects will be well carried out, and those who attend are promised an entertainment that will come up to the professional standards. Among the box-holders are Mr. and Mrs. Eugene R. Black, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Spalding, Mr. J. J. Egan, Colonel and Mrs. Lowry, Dr. and Mrs. Nicolson, Mr. and Mrs. John Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Johnson, Dr. and Mrs. Floyd McRae, Mr. and Mrs. D. Woodward, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Peel.

The little Agricola children, who are so pretty, bright and talented, will have a special dance in the children's part of the program, and to see them will be worth the price of admission to the little folks.

Postponed.

The bridge party which Mrs. George Dexter was to give in honor of Mrs. Robinson, the guest of Mrs. Noble, has been indefinitely postponed on account of the death of Dr. Noble, of Anniston, Ala.

To Miss Westmoreland.

Miss Nettie C. Sergeant will entertain at cards on Saturday afternoon, the 22d, in compliment to Miss Caroline Westmoreland, whose marriage to Dr. C. E. Dowman, Jr., will take place late in March.

Church Supper.

The ladies of the Unitarian church, corner Caln and Spring, will have a supper this evening in the Sunday school rooms. Supper will be served at 6:30, and the price will be 25 cents. Tickets on sale at the doors. An entertainment has been planned for the amusement of the guests after supper, and a good time is promised to all who come.

Missionary Tea.

The missionary tea and musical to which the ladies of the Missionary Society of Payne Memorial church have issued invitations, promises to be a delightful affair of this afternoon at Mrs. George H. Sims', 408 Luckie street. Some of the best known musicians of the city will contribute selections during the calling hours, which are from 4 to 6, and Mrs. Sims will be assisted in receiving by several ladies of the society.

Clarke-Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Clarke, of Asheville, N. C., announce the marriage of their daughter, Marie Euphrozine, to Mr. Charles O. Hill, of Asheville, the wedding taking place Tuesday afternoon, February 11, at 2 o'clock at home.

The many Atlanta friends of Mrs. Hill will be interested in this announcement, she having resided in this city for two years.

Mr. Hill is a prominent citizen of Asheville, holding a responsible position with the Southern railway.

Home for Incurables.

The Home for Incurables' Association will hold an adjourned meeting Thursday morning at 10:30 in the assembly room, Carnegie library. All members are urgently requested to be present, as important business will be transacted.

In New York.

Southerners who were guests of the Prince George hotel, of New York city, this past week include the Baroness von Nordenflycht and family, Misses Olga and Gussy and Masters Hans and Karl, of New Orleans; Miss Rose Hortop, of Waco, Tex.; Miss E. Lowe, of Dallas, Tex.; D. M. Dremen and Haskins Williams, of Birmingham, Ala.; R. H. Scott and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ward, of Richmond, Va.; J. W. Valentine and Miss Switer, of Huntington, W. V.; J. B. Fallaize, of Atlanta, Ga.; Miss Tillie King and Messrs. Charles S. O'Mera, J. J. Middleton and Moritz Mayer, of Louisville, Ky.; Miss M. Radcliffe, of Memphis, Tenn.

The Baroness von Nordenflycht and family are en route for their home in New Orleans, where the baron is consul general from Berlin, Germany, to the United States of America. While the two elder sons were educated in Germany, one just finishing this year at the university and the eldest serving in the army, the four younger children are being educated at American schools of New Orleans in most democratic fashion. Miss Olga, the eldest daughter, graduates in June from the academy for young ladies and will make her debut in New Orleans next season, although they spend each summer on the Bosphorus, just outside of Constantinople in the diplomatic set which has a delightful colony there, and which they enjoy much better than on the Riviera or at Ostend. While the baron and his family are all Hochgeboren, they love their American home in New Orleans, and are raising their family in most democratic fashion.

Valentine Tea.

Circle No. 17 of Grace Methodist Episcopal church will give a valentine tea at 243 N. Boulevard Thursday afternoon and night from 3 to 10. There will be an admission fee of 10 cents. A program will be rendered and refreshments served free.

Bridge Tea.

Mrs. George Traylor's bridge tea yesterday was a delightful entertainment, and a compliment to Mrs. W. W. Thomason, of Pittsburg, the guest of Mrs. Arthur G. Hobbs, and to Mrs. Harrison Penn, one of the winter's brides.

The decorations of pink roses and jonquils gave the house a brightness in strong contrast to the gloom of the day outside, and besides these flowers in all the rooms there were handsome palms and ferns.

In the dining room Mrs. T. W. Leary served tea at a table artistic in yellow and white. The centerpiece was a basket of jonquils and narcissus, the silver candlesticks had silver and crystal shades, and the confections were in yellow and white.

The handsome prizes were won by Mrs. Wilmerding and Mrs. Harry Jackson, and the guests of honor were presented pretty growing plants.

Mrs. Traylor wore an empire gown of black lace.

Mrs. Thomason wore black poin d'esprit.

Mrs. Hobbs was gowned in white and black silk.

Mrs. Penn wore a princesse satin gown made empire.

To Mrs. Alexander.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. B. Thompson will give a box party at the Schumann-Heink concert Monday night in compliment to Mrs. Thornton Marye's guest, Mrs. Alexander.

Mr. J. Frank Meador and Mr. Robert Alston will also entertain for Mrs. Alexander.

Mrs. Kiser's Bridge.

Mrs. John Kiser will entertain at bridge Saturday afternoon, and the four tables of players will be joined by other guests for 5 o'clock tea.

Parties Postponed.

A telegram from Louisville, Ky., yesterday announced that Mrs. Benjamin Ridgely, of Barcelona, Spain, who, with Miss Louise Ridgely, was to arrive this week for a visit with Mrs. Frank L. Woodruff, is ill with grip in Louisville, and her coming to Atlanta is, therefore, deferred.

Mrs. Woodruff has recalled the invitations to the entertainments she was to give this week for her guests.

To Miss Stephens.

Miss Ellie Howard delightfully entertained at a pretty little euchre party one evening last week in honor of her guest, Miss Annabel Stephens, of Cartersville. Invited to meet Miss Stephens were: Miss Irene Silvey, Miss Elizabeth Silvey, Miss Emmie Lou Pagett, Mr. Ben Mattingly, Mr. Curry Moon, Mr. John Gossett, Mr. Julian Herndon and Mr. George Chandler.

Meetings.

This afternoon the Atlanta chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will hold their regular meeting in the Woman's Club rooms. Mrs. J. C. Olmsted, as chairman for the afternoon, has arranged a most interesting program. Mesdames John K. Ottley and R. E. Park to be the speakers. Mrs. Ottley is chairman of the Shiloh monument for Georgia, so will confine her talk to this subject. A musical number will be rendered, and aside from the enjoyable program the nominating committee will be elected. A large attendance is therefore urged.

An important meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association will be held at the Carnegie library this morning at 11 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Atlanta chapter, D. A. R., will be held at the residence of the regent, Mrs. S. W. Foster, 849 Peachtree street, Saturday, February 15, at 3 o'clock.

The Primary Union of Sunday School Teachers will meet at the First Baptist church at 3:30 p. m. this afternon. All primary workers are most cordially invited to this meeting and the members are urged to be present.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will hold its monthly meeting on Friday, February 14, at 3:30 p. m. The annual election of officers and other important business will claim the attention of every member. Also a social time after the regular session. All ladies interested in the Young Men's Christian Association will be welcomed.



MARJORIE WELDON.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weldon, Who Will Take Part in "King Limpy in Doll Land."

SIMMONS-McGHEE.

Rome, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—A pretty wedding was that which occurred this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Simmons home, on First avenue, when the second daugther of the house, Miss Eloise Simmons, plighted her troth to Mr. Elbert Pierce McGhee. The pastor of the young couple, Dr. Robbins, performed the nuptial ceremony.

The only attendant was little Miss Ella Simmons, serving as ring bearer.

After an informal reception Mr. and Mrs. Pierce McGhee left on a bridal tour, going south.

JOHNSTONE-BOWIE.

Rome, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—The brilliant event of the week was the wedding of Miss Mary Johnstone and Mr. Wurtz Bowie, solemnized in the First Methodist church at 8 o'clock this evening, the pastor, Dr. Robbins, officiating.

Mr. Howard Tinsley presided at the organ, and for a nuptial prelude Mrs. Ida Patton sang exquisitely.

Mrs. T. W. Walton, Jr., of Eatonton, acted as matron of honor, while Miss Kathleen Johnstone, sister of the bride, was maid of honor. The bridesmaids were: Miss Jannie Johnstone of Griffin, Miss Mary Winchester of Macon, Miss Love Johnstone of College Park, Miss Belle Vernon King and Mrs. Arthur Hull of this city.

Mr. Hal Gray Bowie was his brother's best man. Messrs. Barry Wright, Lang Bowie, Jr., Paul Johnstone, Caldwell Porter and E. B. Robinson of Atlanta, were groomsmen.

Following the nuptial scene at the church an informal reception was given at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Johnstone.

Social Items.

Miss Lizzie Lyon is visiting in Waynesboro.

Mr. L. P. Skeen, of Inman Park, is in Cuba.

Mrs. William Jennings returned yeterday from Sandersville.

Mrs. C. V. LeCraw and family have returned from Florida.

Miss Ella B. Rushton will entertain her bridge club Tuesday morning next.

Miss Nannie Nicolson will entertain the Tuesday Morning Bridge Club tomorrow.

The Inman Park Students' Club will meet Friday morning with Mrs. J. R. Dickey.

Miss Ruth Gardner, who is teaching in Lithonia, spent a few days at home last week.

Miss Gertrude McNally, of Mineral Bluff, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. R. Dickey, of Inman Park.

Ralph, the second son of the Hon. J. E. McClelland, is quite sick at his home in Stone Mountain, Ga.

Miss Mabel Martin, who has been visiting Miss Ethel Bloomfield, left yesterday for Lynchburg, Va.

The missionary tea of the Inman Park Methodist church will be held at Mrs. Lem Park's this afternoon.

The postponed meeting of the Monday Afternoon Bridge Club will take place next Monday with Miss Annie May Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Obear, Jr., announce the birth of a son, George S. Obear III, Tuesday, February 11, 1908.

Mrs. Claud Shewmake's tea will be a delightful event of this afternon in compliment to Miss Nona Johnston and Miss Charles Owens.

Miss Flora Baxley, of Talapoosa, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Tumlin, at 331 North Jackson street, and will be here several weeks.

Miss Constance Knowles leaves Friday for Pensacola, where she will be delightfully entertained as the guest of friends. She goes with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brumby, Jr.

Mrs. Thomas W. Luckette, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Lee Girardeau, of Baltimore, are the guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Girardeau, on Houston street.

Miss Edna Shull will be among those entertaining next week for Miss McLeod, of St. Louis, the guest of Mrs. Albert Collier. She will entertain at bridge luncheon, and Mrs. Samuel Smith will give a card party on Wednesday.

Miss Mary Thomas leaves next Thursday for New Orleans, where she will attend Mardi Gras. She will be the guest of the car party to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Ben Duke, Miss Duke and Mr. Angier Duke. After Mardi Gras the party will go to Florida.

TEN DAYS FOR CONTEMPT.

Judge Jones Sent Witness in Bankruptcy Case to Jail.

Montgomery, Ala., February 12.—(Special.)—Because Richard Bell, a merchant of Hartford, refused to answer questions in the bankruptcy court today, Judge Thomas G. Jones ordered him to jail for ten days for contempt.

The refusal to answer grew out of a desire to refrain from telling what became of certain goods of a bankrupt firm.

SOME RAIN, AND WARMER

Tendency of Conditions Is to Duplicate Weather of Yesterday.

The weather: Existing conditions favor continued cloudy weather, and a tendency toward warmness. Over the entire country rain has been falling. An era of low pressure is centered over Nebraska, while the eastern section of the United States is covered by a high area. A second high pressure is over the north Pacific states.



"I WOULD IF I COULD, BUT I CAN'T, FOR IT'S RAINING TODAY.

The weather bureau managed to get out a report yesterday. It was complete in every detail. If a cyclone or simoon should approach Atlanta in the near future the city will be able to hear the news before either one of them hits it. The mist was not at all encouraging, but on the other hand disheartening. The streets are still in a bad state, and will be today, since the mist is going to be present. There are no hopes for clearness just at this time.

Tomorrow is Valentine's. Boys will throw bricks at your door, chalk your overcoats, and raise cain in general. Valentine's is a serious proposition this year. Some of the pretty gifts will mean more than they did last year. Young men! Beware! Do not fail to take the slightest hint. If you don't just think—

The thermometer is staying over the forty point these days.

"SAUER'S", the name that guarantees Pure Flavoring Extracts. Be sure the name "SAUER'S" is on the bottle.

FUNERAL OF JAMES NOBLE.

Large Crowds Pay Tribute to Ex-Mayor of Anniston.

Anniston, Ala., February 12.—(Special.) Funeral services over the remains of Mr. James Noble, ex-mayor of Anniston, were held this afternoon, first by the Elks at the home, who attended in a body, the services being conducted by Dr. Blacklock, then at Grace church, where the church services were conducted by Rev. J. G. Glass.

Grace church, where the funeral was held, was crowded to overflowing with friends of the deceased. Among these were about fifty relatives. Mayor Thomas E. Kilby and the council attended in a body. After these services the remains were borne to Graveside, where they were laid to sleep among those of his distinguished kindred, who had joined him in his efforts for the establishing and upbuilding of his loved home city. He was the father of Dr. G. H. Noble, of Atlanta.

Roosevelt Names Collidge.

Washington, February 12.—The president sent to the senate today the nomination of Louis A. Coolidge, of Massachusetts, to be assistant secretary of the treasury to succeed J. H. Edwards, resigned.

Pearl White Teeth

a sweet breath, healthy gums are always assured with

Meade & Baker's Carbolic Mouth Wash

A perfect cleanser with an inviting after-taste.

At Druggist's, 25c, 50c, $1.00

"The Daylight Corner"



To have that perfect satisfaction the Raincoat must be all wool, proofed by the cravenette process and then tested, as is done to all our fabrics.

These Coats are never cheap, but we have put a cheap price this week on all our heavy weights.

$25.00 Rain and Overcoats, for ... $18.00
$20.00 Rain and Overcoats, for ... $14.00
$18.00 Rain and Overcoats, for ... $12.50
$15.00 Rain and Overcoats, for ... $11.00
$12.50 Rain and Overcoats, for ... $9.00
$10.00 Rain and Overcoats, for ... $7.00

Eiseman & Weil
1 Whitehall St.

MAY BE ANOTHER MISTRIAL.

Sensation Created at Trial of Thomas Anglin, Jr.

Savannah, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Thomas Anglin, Jr., was put on trial Monday for firing upon and wounding a policeman who sought to arrest him on New Year's Eve. Yesterday a mistrial was declared and today Anglin, who is a mere boy, was again placed on trial. There was a charge against him also of having aided in the robbery of a visiting physician a few weeks ago. This was while he was under bond for the alleged shooting of the policeman.

At a late hour tonight the jury was hung up and another mistrial may result. Something of a sensation was created when the case was called by a motion by Peter W. Meldrim that the case be continued because Judge Seabrook, the day before, he alleged, showed prejudice by a contemptuous manner in ordering the case for trial today. The jurors to serve in the second trial were present at the time, he said, and must have been prejudiced by the court's manner. Colonel Meldrim also attacked the constitutionality of the act creating the circuit over which Judge Seabrook presides.

AUGUSTA NAMES COMMITTEE.

Will Consider Meeting With National Council of Commerce.

Augusta, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) At a special meeting the Augusta cotton exchange has gone on record as favoring uniting with the national council of commerce, in line with the action taken at the meeting in Atlanta Friday. President E. F. Verdery was empowered to name a committee to consider the project, and appointed A. J. Betjeman, of the Albany Business League; Fielding Wallace, of the chamber of commerce, of Augusta, and J. R. Anderson, of the Savannah chamber of commerce.

These will consider the advisability of putting all the state commercial bodies in line with the movement inaugurated by Secretary Straus, of the department of labor and commerce.

Off on Hunting Trip.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—President Jordan Massee, of the Macon street railway, and a party of the leading business men of the city were off this afternoon for Ashburn, where tomorrow they will be hunting and dove shooting. The party consists of some of the best hunters in the community.

Gowns
$50.00
And Upwards
Corsets
"The Kind That Lace in Front"
KIRKCALDIE
241 Peachtree St.

You will subscribe later for

Uncle Remus's Magazine

WHY NOT NOW?

It is edited by

Joel Chandler Harris,

the leading literary man of the South. His magazine has won its way into homes of thousands throughout the country.

But to you the direct appeal is made. We want you to join the club of 100,000 subscribers. The magazine is worth $3.00 per year. A year's subscription will cost you only $1.00. Address

Uncle Remus's Magazine
ATLANTA, GA.

Krom Soap

Men often wonder why their hair gets thin and scraggly and falls out.

It's because they treat their scalps badly.

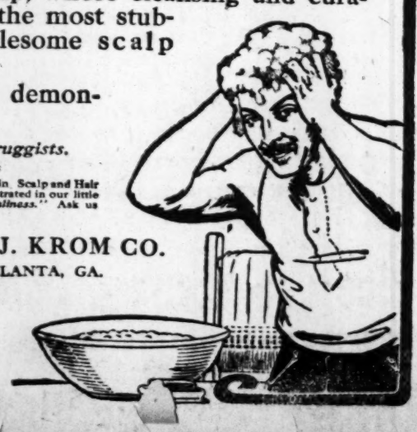
Hair health depends upon scalp health. *Krom Soap* puts the scalp in good condition and keeps it so. It is a scientifically medicated soap, whose cleansing and curative powers the most stubbornly troublesome scalp cannot resist.

One test demonstrates this.

25c cake, all druggists.

Correct treatment of the Skin, Scalp and Hair is helpfully discussed and illustrated in our little book, "*The Charm of Cleanliness.*" Ask us for a free copy.

DR. J. J. KROM CO.
ATLANTA, GA.



That CLEAN Feeling

Schumann-Heink

Sings Exclusively for

"The Victor"

Call at our sound-proof parlors and hear the songs she will sing here on

February 17th

With our compliments enjoy the perfect reproduction of her matchless voice. Schumann-Heink uses Steinway Piano exclusively.

Phillips & Crew Co.

Gold Crowns and Bridge Work



Per Tooth	$4.00
First-class Set of Teeth	$5.00
Broken Plates	$1.00
Repaired	$1.00
Made New	$3.00

All Plate Work Made and Delivered Same Day.

Extracting Teeth with the latest improved anaesthetics, without pain, a specialty.

GOLD, PORCELAIN AND AMALGAM FILLINGS, At Low Prices

All work done by graduates and men of experience.

Established in Atlanta 15 Years.

Remember the place: 24½ Whitehall St., Corner Alabama and Whitehall Sts., Over Brown & Allen's Drug Store.

DR. E. G. GRIFFIN'S GATE CITY DENTAL ROOMS

Hours: 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays: 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Bell Phone 1708. Lady Attendant

S. D. MULLINAX & COMPANY

345 PEACHTREE STREET

COMBINED GROCERY AND MEAT MARKET

The purest and best that can be had for my customers' tables.

Phones 362-563 North.

Southern Shorthand & Business University

And the ATLANTA SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, Atlanta, Ga.

Oldest and Largest South. Positions secured. Enter now. Catalog Free.

Diamonds

Stocks and bonds from dark deposit vaults yield you reluctant interest. Diamonds, with all their perennial brilliance, shine for you day and night. Safer than stocks and bonds, our diamonds are the finest—the investment class.

Davis & Freeman, Jewelers

GRAND Great Theatrical Attraction

That will be Enjoyed and Approved by Everyone.

Mayor Joyner and Dr. Broughton,
Dr. Kendrick and Dr. Elkin,
Hoke and Clark,
English and Brotherton,
Pittman and Chosewood,
Jim Woodward and Park Woodward,
Jim Mayson and Lon Livingston,
Dick Gray and Seely,
Arkwright and Jim Key,
Prohis and Antis,
Pump and Anti-Pump,
Trust-Busters and Ring-Rulers,
Hamp McWhorter, Tom Watson and Joe Hill Hall,
Can All Afford to Fraternize, Harmonize and Otherwise Pull Together for this Altruistic and Benevolent Enterprise in Behalf of

THE BOYS' CLUB OF ATLANTA

"King Limpy of Doll-Land"

The First and Only Truly Moral Ballet.

50---OF ATLANTA'S SOCIETY BELLES---50

(ALL UNDER 10 YEARS OF AGE)

The Sheridan's "PIZARRO" Presented by the Marist College Dramatic Society.

Only One Performance

The Grand Opera House, Friday Night, Feb. 14

SEATS, $1.00, 75c, and 50c.

DecoMura

The new sanitary wall finish "sets up" slowly, removing almost entirely the usual danger of showing laps.

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.

1881 PRIVATE SANITARIUM 1907

MRS. ROSA F. MONNISH, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Graduate and attendant of Gynecological Clinic, University of Giessen, Germany; Royal Saxon Infirmary for Women, Germany; Post-Graduate College and Hospital, New York; Georgia College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery, Atlanta; Royal Hospital for Women, Berlin, Germany.

First-class accommodations. Long distance telephone. 348 Peachtree, Atlanta, Ga.

DISEASES OF WOMEN

Of, For, By and About Women

Conducted by Isma Dooly

Alabama's Forestry Bill.

Mrs. A. O. Granger, who is a member of the forestry committee of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, is organizing the forces of the women of the state, that they may systematically cooperate in the movement to have created a forestry commision. At the recent extra session of the Alabama legislature a bill was passed providing for a state commission.

At the solicitation of a number of people a bill was introuduced for forestry perpetuation; the bill is herewith produced in full:

A bill to be entitled an act to provide for the protection of the forests of Alabama, to establish and create a state commission of forestry to consist of the governor, a member of the state tax commission, the state game and fish commissioner, the commissioner of agriculture and industries, one practical lumberman engaged in the manufacture of lumber in this state who shall be appointed by the governor to serve for a term of four years, a member of the United States forest service, the professor of forestry in the Alabama Polytechnic Institute and one practical lumberman, to declare the county game and fish wardens, forest wardens, to declare constables, justices of the peace, sheriffs and deputy sheriffs, ex-officio deputy forest wardens and to provide for the appointment of deputy forest wardens by the governor; to exempt from taxation for a period of ten years land which shall be planted in trees; to appropriate the sum of $500 annually for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act; to create a forest reserve fund, and to provide for the payment of all fines, forfeitures and penalties arising under the provisions of this act into said fund.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the legislature of Alabama, That there is hereby created and established a state commission of forestry to consist of the governor, a member of the state tax commission, the state game and fish commissioner, the commissioner of agriculture and industries, one practical lumberman engaged in the manufacture of lumber in this state who shall be appointed by the governor to serve for a term of four years, a member of the United States forest service, to be recommended by the forester of said forest service, and the professor of forestry in the Alabama Polytechnic institute. The members of said commission shall serve without compensation or expense to the state.

Sec. 2. That the governor as ex-officio chairman of the commission of forestry, shall call a meeting of said commission within thirty days after the approval of this act, at which meeting there shall be elected from their number a secretary, who shall perform the duties usually imposed upon such officer. The commission shall meet at least twice in each year in the city of Montgomery, and at such other times and places as the governor may designate.

Sec. 3. That it shall be the duty of the commission provided for in section 1 of this act, to inquire into, and publish annually a report upon the forest conditions in Alabama, with reference to the preservation of forests, the effects of the destruction of forests upon the welfare of the state, and all other matters pertaining to the subject of forestry, and to promote, so far as they may be able, a proper appreciation in this state of the benefits to be derived from forest preservation. It shall further be their duty to report to each session of the legislature the results of their investigations and to recommend desirable legislation with reference to forestry, and to perform such other duties as may be imposed upon them by this or other acts relating to forest preservation.

Sec. 4. That the commission of forestry shall have the power to purchase lands in the name of the state suitable for forest reserve, at a price, not to exceed $5 per acre, using for such purpose any moneys appropriated therefor by the legislature, and any surplus money not otherwise appropriated which may be standing to the credit of the forest reserve fund, and to make all rules and regulations governing forest reserves; and the governor is authorized, upon the recommendation of the said commission of forestry to accept gifts of land to the state, the same to be held and administered by the commission of forestry as state forest reserves and to be used so as to demonstrate the practical utility of timber culture. Such gifts must be absolute, except for the reservation of all mineral and mining rights over and under said land, and a stipulation that they shall be administered as state forest reserves; and the attorney general is hereby directed to see that all deeds of gifts or other grants to the state of lands mentioned above are properly executed before the gift is accepted.

Sec. 5. That in order to encourage the practice of forest culture in this state, when the owner or owners of any land which has been denuded of trees, or any other land the assessed value of which shall not at the time of application exceed the sum of $5 per acre, shall contract in writing with the commission of forestry to plant or grow upon the said land suitable and useful timber trees to the number of not less than 500 per acre, to protect the said land from fire, to permit no grazing of domestic animals upon it, and to maintain the trees so planted or grown upon it in a live and thrifty condition for a period of ten years and to cut or remove from the said land within that time no tree or trees such that the space between the trees that remain shall be increased to more than ten feet in any direction by said removal, excepting such trees as may be dead, which dead trees shall be placed by live ones when the distance between the remaining trees shall be more than ten feet as above specified in this section, it shall be lawful for the state tax commission and they are hereby authorized, upon the recommendation of the commission of forestry, to exempt such land from taxation for the period of ten years next thereafter, in which the said land is to be so maintained. At the end of remove from the said land within that period that the owner or owners of said land shall fail to maintain it in all respects according to the written agreement entered into by him and upon which the said land is exempted from taxation, the said land shall be restored to the tax roll and shall be taxed the same as other similar lands. And the tax assessors in this state are hereby required each year personally to examine the lands so listed and exempted within their several districts and note upon their returns whether said lands are being maintained in accordance with the agreements entered into by their owners and upon which the said lands shall have been exempted according to the provisions of this section.

Game and Fish Wardens.

Sec. 6. That the county game and fish wardens already provided for by existing laws, be and they are hereby declared and designated, forest wardens, whose duty it shall be to enforce the forest laws of this state and to carry out the provisions of this and other acts relating to forest preservation. They shall, while holding said office, possess and exercise all the authority held and exercised by constables under the statute of this state, so far as arresting and prosecuting persons for all violations of any of the laws, rules and regulations enacted for the protection of forests in this state, or for the protection of the game and fish contained therein.

Sec. 7. That all sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, constables, marshals, justices of the peace and other peace officers in this state, are hereby declared ex-officio deputy forest wardens, who shall enforce all forest laws of this state, and shall have the same powers vested in the forest wardens by the provisions of this act. And the governor may, on the recommendation of the commission of forestry, appoint as deputy forest wardens, any persons who may so desire to act without compensation, and the same, before assuming their official duties, shall give a bond in the sum of $500 acceptable to the secretary of state and payable to the state of Alabama, conditioned upon their faithful performance of all the duties and obligations enjoined upon them by law.

Sec. 8. That it shall be the duty of the forest wardens to enforce all forest laws of this state, to protect the state forest reserves, and to see that all forest laws, rules and regulations are enforced; to report any violation of law to the secretary of the commission of forestry as soon as practicable after its occurrence; to assist in apprehending and prosecuting offenders, and to make an annual report to him as to forest conditions in their respective counties. When any forest warden shall see or have reported to him, a forest fire, it shall be his duty to repair immediately to the scene of the fire, and to summons such persons and means as in his judement seem expedient and necessary to extinguish said fire.

Sec. 9. That the courts of county commissioners, or boards of revenue, of this state be and they are hereby authorized to appropriate a sum not exceeding $250 annually, to be paid quarterly as salary and compensation to the forest warden of the county in which said county commissioners or boards of revenue hold office.

Sec. 10. That every individual or corporation that carelessly, negligently, wilfully, maliciously or with intent, sets on fire, or causes or procures to be set on fire, any woods, brush, grass, grain or stubble on lands not their own; shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than $25 or more than $100, or imprisonment for not less than thirty days or more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 11. That it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation, as land owners, to set fire to, or procure another to set fire to, any woods, logs, brush, weeds, grass or clearing upon their own land unless they shall have taken all possible care and precaution against the spread of such fires to other lands not their own by previously having cut and piled the same, or carefully cleared around the land which is to be burned, so as to prevent the spread of such fire. The setting of fire contrary to the provisions of this section, or allowing it to escape to the injury of adjoining lands, shall be prima facie proof of wilfullness or neglect, and the land owner from whose fire the damage originated shall be liable in a civil action for damages for the injury resulting from such fire, and also the cost of fighting and extinguishing the same.

Sec. 12. That logging and railroad locomotives, donkey or threshing engines, and other engines and boilers operated in, through and near forest or brush, which do not burn oil as fuel, shall be provided with appliances to prevent the escape of fire, and sparks from the smokestacks thereof, and with devices to prevent the escape of fire from ash pans and fire boxes. Failure to comply with these requirements shall be a misdemeanor, punishable upon conviction by a fine of not less than $10 nor more than $100 for each and every offense thus committed.

Justices of Peace to Act.

Sec. 13. That justices of the peace shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine all cases and prosecutions originating under the provisions of this act, and to impose and collect fines, not exceeding the amount of $100, and of holding the offender, under proper bail if necessary for hearing before the circuit court or courts of concurrent jurisdiction, committing them to the county jail upon such hearing, if required bail is not furnished. It shall be the duty of the solicitors of the several counties to prosecute all violators of the provisions of this act.

Sec. 14. That it is hereby made unlawful for any electric lighting or power company to attach any wires or other lighting appliances to any trees along any street of any town or city in this state, and in towns and cities where such wires and lighting appliances are already attached to trees the persons, firm or corporation owning the same be and they are hereby required to remove the same within ninety days after the approval of this act. And it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to cut or mutilate any trees along any street in any town or city in this state without consent and approval of the mayor or of such authority as he may designate. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $100 for each and every offense so committed.

Sec. 15. That all moneys received as penalties from fines for violations of the provisions of this act, together with any money obtained from the state forest reserves, shall be paid into the state treasury and placed to the credit of the forest reserve fund, which fund is hereby created. And the moneys in said fund that may subsequently be paid in, are hereby appropriated for the purpose of forest protection, management, replacement and extension under the direction of the state commission of forestry.

Sec. 16. That all fines, forfeitures and penalties arising under the provisions of this act, shall be paid in cash, that is to say, in currency of the United States of America.

Sec. 17. That there is hereby appropriated the sum of $500 annually for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act and for the payment of the incidental expenses of the commission of forestry.

Sec. 18. That all laws and parts of laws, general, local or special, in conflict with the provisions of this act, be and they are hereby repealed.

Sec. 19. That this act shall take effect upon its passage and approval by the governor.

Mr. Mills' Views.

In reference to this bill Enos Mills, the scholarly government expert in forestry, said during his recent tour through Georgia and Alabama:

"There is imperative need of a head to the forest work who is salaried and whose sole business it shall be to specially see to the enforcement of the laws, to make reports stating what he has done each year, and to make recommendations for work that needs to be done. He should be a scientific man who can be consulted by private individuals desiring information about forestry.

"Better a small commission with active head than a large one without such a leader."

Evening Gowns.

There is little change in the fashion for evening gowns, for spring, the fashion pictures and letters from both Paris and London showing the same soft materials that have held for several seasons, applied trimmings in lace and embroidery, and tucks. As to fashion, the skirts are long, full and clinging, and the empire lines prevail. The favored cut for bodices seems still to be square front, and the deep V in the back. Sleeves are short and lacey, and cling to the arm rather than stand out from it.

For dinner gowns there is a favor for the kimona top sleeve falling over the under sleeve of tucked net or lisse and tight-fitting.



Two Attractive Designs for Evening Gowns.

Southern Cooking.

The art of coffee-making:

HOW TO PARCH COFFEE.

Pick, and wash well 10 pounds of green coffee. Put in sun until thoroughly dry. Put in a moderately warm oven; continue this heat until the coffee is a light brown. Increase the heat and stir constantly until the grains are brown through and through. Then put immediately into a jar and cover closely. This takes at least three and a half hours, and nothing should claim the attention of the cook during this time.

COFFEE FOR THREE.

Two tablespoonfuls of coffee; grind moderately fine; put in pot and add one and a half pints of cold water and one egg shell. Boil three minutes, remove from the fire and add a tablespoonful of cold water. This makes three teacupfuls. This is good.

COFFEE (AFTER DINNER.)

Take one quart of water, one even cupful of freshly ground coffee, wet with a half cupful of cold water; white and shell of one egg; stir into the wet coffee the white and shell, the latter broken up small. Put the mixture into the coffee pot, shake up and down six or seven times to insure the incorporation of the ingredients, and pour in the boiling water. Boil steadily twelve minutes, and pour in one-half cupful of cold water and remove instantly to the side to settle. Leave there five minutes. Lift and pour off gently the clear coffee. Serve in small cups. Put no sugar in coffee; lay a lump in each saucer, to be used as the drinker likes.

THEATERS

For the Boys' Club.

There will be many valentines sent on Friday, but the biggest and the best of them all promises to be the valentine party to be held at the Grand that evening, when the students of Marist College will give the much-praised performance "Pizarro," under the auspices of the Order of Old-Fashioned Women for the benefit of the Boys' Club.

Not that the Boys' Club intends to depend entirely on the students of the Marist College or the Order of Old-Fashioned Women, either. For believing firmly that to deserve help from others they must do some of the work themselves the members of this club are going to be out in force and form the chorus of the occasion. In addition a number of Atlanta children will give a play entitled "King Limpy in Doll Land."

This valentine party is going to be well attended. All doubt about that has been eliminated by the rush for seats at the Grand box office. It is going to be an informal party in a way. No special invitations are being sent out. Everybody is urged to come, and having secured invitations at the box office in the shape of tickets, they will be welcmed on the inside.

Th eproceeds of the evening will be turned over to the management of the Boys' Club and will be used toward the equipment of the club rooms, which at present are located in the Trinity church house.

Adelaide Thurston.

Pauline Phelps and Marion Short, who wrote "The Girl From Out Yonder," the play in which Adelaide Thurston will be seen at the Grand Saturday matinee and night, are both New England women and have lived all their lives on the coast of Maine, not far from Terry's Harbor, where the first act of the play is laid.

They have drawn their characters so true to life that it seems to be almost a certainty that they are real personages. The whole atmosphere of the piece is said to be permeated with the salt air of the sea.

The first act of the piece shows the broad veranda of the Country Club at Terry's Harbor, with a distant view of the ocean and of Great Reef lighthouse. The second act shows the wreck of the ship Hesper and a bit of the beach of the lighthouse island, while the last two acts show the interior of the lighthouse itself. Neither money nor expense has been spared in making the production the best possible.

A curtain-raiser entitled "The Philosopher" will precede "The Girl From Out Yonder."

At the Bijou.

Few attractions appearing in Atlanta this season have created the interest that has been accorded "The Ninety and Nine" this week at the Bijou. The story is one full of human interest, the comedy is wholesome and clean and the prettiest love story imaginable is unfolded during the four acts of the play. Miss Bayonne Whipple essays the principal role in a thoroughly charming and pleasing manner.

The brilliant young dramatic actor, S. Miller Kent, in the well-known English drama, "Raffles," is announced for next week's attraction at the Bijou. The success of this attraction over the Bijou circuit has been something phenomenal. He plays but six cities at popular prices, and Atlanta is fortunate in being one of them.

At the Orpheum.

It takes more than bad weather to keep real vaudeville lovers away from the Orpheum, and every performance this week, even when the cars were stopped, has been marked by big successes.

Mme. Herrmann, with her splendid stage setting and costuming, is the star act this week, but there are several others which are making real hits. Among these are the Misses Rennier and Gaudier, whose dancing and singing are worth while, and Johnny Johns, whose songs about John D. and Pierpont are making a frenized furore.

The accordion playing of Frosini is something really new in vaudeville, and another unique stunt is the novelty jumping of Louis Guerin and his partner, Lamb. The whole bill is proving one of the most attractive of the season. Vinie Daly is coming as the headliner next week.

TRIED TO KILL AMERICANS.

Dynamite Placed Under Houses by Mexicans.

Tucson, Ariz., February 12.—An attempt to kill every American at the Santa Rosa mine in Sonora, twenty miles south of Douglas, was made on Saturday last, when Mexican employees placed sticks of dynamite under a boarding house, the company store, and the foreman and superintendent's residence. The hour selected was during the evening meal.

The first explosion was at the boarding house. It was demolished; fifteen men sustaining broken legs and arms, but there were no fatalities.

Thomas Ragin, the foreman, and his wife were in their home, but the dynamite failed to ignite. The superintendent's office was demolished, but he was out of the building.

Governor Torres has been notified and rurales are already on the scene. Eighteen Mexicans are under arrest at the mine.

Macon Ready for Train.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Elaborate plans have been made for the coming of the educational train tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. There will be large numbers of people at the Southern depot, among them being pupils from the schools and college students and educators of the community will visit the train.

White Goods

Reduced Prices in Materials for Your Spring Sewing

The sewing-days are at their best now. The weather has precluded most of the out-of-door business for the past few days. Visiting and other social matters have been temporarily sidetracked. But the thrifty and nimble-fingered woman has been turning this shut-in time to her own advantage. She has been stitching away for dear life. The seamstress and the sewing machine have been active--and will be now for several weeks to come.

You'll be needing materials for shirtwaists and summer frocks, won't you?

Then note these reductions in white goods--the very things that you want:

40-in. White Lawn, sheer	12½c quality	10c
40-in. White Lawn, sheer	15c quality	12½c
40-in. White Lawn, sheer	17½c quality	15c
45-in. Persian Lawn, sheer	20c quality	15c
48-in. French Lawn	30c quality	25c
48-in. French Lawn	40c quality	35c
50-in. French Mull, for Waists	35c quality	25c
32-in. White Dotted Swiss	20c quality	15c
32-in. White Dotted Swiss	25c quality	20c
32-in. White Dotted Swiss	35c quality	25c
32-in. White Dotted Swiss	40c quality	30c
32-in. White Dotted Swiss	45c quality	35c
32-in. White Flowered Design Swiss	65c quality	45c
40-in. Waistings, Mercerized and Plain, Embroidered Flowers and Dots	75c quality	50c
40-in. Waistings, Mercerized and Plain, Embroidered Flowers and Dots	80c quality	60c
40-in. Waistings, Mercerized and Plain, Embroidered Flowers and Dots	90c quality	65c
40-in. Waistings, Mercerized and Plain, Embroidered Flowers and Dots	$1.00 quality	75c
40-in. Waistings, Mercerized and Plain, Embroidered Flowers and Dots	$1.50 quality	$1.00
40-in. Waistings, Mercerized and Plain, Embroidered Flowers and Dots	$1.75 quality	$1.25
36-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	40c quality	33c
36-in. All-Linen Cambric, sheer	40c quality	33c
40-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	60c quality	45c
36-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	65c quality	50c
36-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	75c quality	60c
36-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	80c quality	65c
36-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	$1.00 quality	75c
36-in. All-Linen Lawn, sheer	$1.25 quality	$1.00

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Company

'Twill Help You

Woman's Relief

Cardui, the woman's remedy, has been known for many years as "Woman's Relief," since it has positively proven its great value in the treatment of womanly diseases.

'Twill help you, if you are a sufferer from any of the ills peculiar to women which can be reached by medicine. Why? Because it has done that for many thousands of other sick women, as grateful letters from them, received every day, clearly describe. Because its ingredients are exclusively vegetable, and contain no mineral or poisonous drugs.

For headache, backache, pressing-down pains, nervousness, irritability, and other symptoms of general female weakness, Cardui has been found quick and safe relief.

Mrs. R. L. Denney, of Huntsville, Ala., writes: "I think Cardui is far ahead of anything for weak women. It does me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. I cannot praise it too highly. I think it is the best woman's medicine on earth." Sold everywhere. Try it.



MRS. R. L. DENNEY
Huntsville, Ala.

FREE BOOK FOR LADIES Write for Free 64-page Book for Women, giving symptoms, causes, home treatment and valuable hints on diet, exercises, etc. Sent free, on request, in plain wrapper, by mail prepaid. Address: Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Take CARDUI

G 148

GUANO MERCHANTS

WE import direct in cargo lots, the following agricultural chemicals, and can save you a tremendous amount of money in the aggregate if you buy direct from us, FIRST HAND, FIRST PRICE,

NITRATE OF SODA
18 per cent Ammonia
MURIATE OF POTASH
49 per cent Potash
KAINIT
12 per cent Potash
THOMAS PHOSPHATE
17 per cent Phosphoric Acid; 40 per cent Lime

DO NOT PLACE YOUR REQUIREMENTS before getting our prices. We know you can effect the greatest saving by this policy. We are also the sole importers of

GENUINE PERUVIAN GUANO

The Coe-Mortimer Company

35 Broad Street — Charleston, S. C.

Want Ads.

Ten cents per line each insertion.
Six average words make one line.
No ad. taken for less than the price of three lines.



If your name appears in either 'phone book, you can telephone your "ad." to

'Phone 109

and have it charged.

The bill will be mailed to you the following day for payment.

'Phone 109 is used exclusively for "want ads."

You are guaranteed a prompt, polite and efficient service.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—Licensed druggist. Address W. O. Cubbedge, 212 Broughton, West, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED—Five good solicitors; easiest money in Atlanta; guaranteed salary. Call at 89 Walton street. G. W. Carter.

YOUNG MEN for special night courses at Southern Shorthand and Business University, Steiner-Emery Bldg. Expert in charge. Investigate.

WANTED—High-class insurance agents for very best special proposition on the market. Write or call on T. F. Martin, gen. agent, 1102 Candler bldg.

YOUNG man for office work, one familiar with vertical filing system preferred. Address in own handwriting, stating age and experience, Filer, Constitution.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER. Prepare now. The Southern Shorthand and Business University, Atlanta, Ga., cannot supply demand. Catalog free.

WANTED—Students to learn a clean, well-paying occupation. For terms call or address Douglas School of Engraving, 812 Eng.-Amer. bldg.

WE NEED FOR PATRONS: Bookkeepers, stenographers, cashier and timekeeper, salesmen, collector and solicitor, young man experienced in drug business for out-of-town position, soda dispenser experienced in drug business, portrait salesmen and collector; other openings. Call or write us. National Employment Association, 1022-23 Century Bldg.

WANTED—At once, one first-class shaper hand, one four-side molder hand, one dovetailer hand, one bandsawyer, one casemaker; steady work, and none but experienced men wanted. Write stating wages wanted. Weems-Lockwood Furniture Co., Greenwood, Miss.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; few weeks completes; 60 chairs constantly busy; licensed instructors; tools given, diplomas granted; wages Saturdays; positions waiting; wonderful demand for graduates. Write for catalog. Moler Barber College, Hunter and Forsyth streets.

WE NEED FOR PATRONS: Bookkeepers, stenographers, cashier and timekeeper, salesmen, collector and solicitor, young man experienced in drug business for out-of-town position, soda dispenser experienced in drug business, portrait salesmen and collector; other openings. Call or write us. National Employment Association, 1022-23 Century Bldg.

AD WRITERS WANTED—There are many positions open for ad writers and advertising managers. Salaries run as high as $16,000 a year. We can teach you advertising in your spare time and at a low cost. Ability to read and write and ambition to succeed are all you need. Write today for "Two Hundred Million Dollar Advertising Booklet," which gives full particulars. I. C. S., Box 1647 A, Scranton, Pa.

A GIANT PROGRAM for 1908, of the best in literature and everything in best magazine making, will be unloaded on the readers of the new and only Uncle Remus's Magazine beginning immediately. It will cause dollars to flow our way in streams; but we are not greedy, as we want the agent to share. Ask for our offer to agents. Have the pleasure of handling some of this money, and possessing your big commissions. Hurry up. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED SITUATION—FEMALE.

WANTED—Place by northern young lady as companion; not afraid to work. Address A. N. S., care Constitution.

EXPERIENCED young lady stenographer desires position out of town. Best of references furnished. Address E. E. H., care Constitution.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, cashier, companion, saleslady, nurse, hotel maid, pantry woman, linen room manager, detective, matron, seamstress, teacher, governess; other openings. Call or write us. National Employment Association, 1022-23 Century Bldg.

WANTED—Stenographer and bookkeeper. Several ladies placed this week. Prepare at Southern Shorthand and Business University, Steiner building.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, cashier, companion, saleslady, nurse, hotel maid, pantry woman, linen room manager, detective, matron, seamstress, teacher, governess; other openings. Call or write us. National Employment Association, 1022-23 Century Bldg.

WANTED SITUATION—MALE.

WE SUPPLY competent help. No cost. Phone 3122. National Employment Association, 1022-23 Century bldg.

WANTED—AGENTS.

A FEW MONTHS AGO Uncle Remus's Magazine had no circulation; now it has 70,000 each month. Fifty thousand probably came from agents. At the high commission we give, our representatives have been given fortunes. But it's only beginning. Our system is prepared for, and yearns for one-half million. Be our agent; and share in these distributions. Can't say Uncle Remus's Magazine is not helping to circulate money. Get in our agents' circle, and rejoice. If we knew you, we would write you. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED HELP—MALE AND FEMALE

WANTED—BOOKKEEPERS—Banks get their bookkeepers from the Southern Shorthand and Business University. Enter now, Steiner-Emery building.

MAKE A TEN-STRIKE.
DON'T WAIT for the other fellow in your community to march away with our money making outfit. Perhaps fate has seemed against you, but try again. Get our great agents' offer, then our free outfit, and just two hours' solid work will demonstrate how popular this magazine is, and the surprising amount of money it will net you. Write a postal saying "Give me your proposition." Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Second-hand furniture, office and household goods. We buy, sell and exchange. A. Springer, 25 E. Pryor st., Bell 1529.

WANTED—A good line of ciders or soft drinks to carry as a side line in Georgia, Alabama and Florida; best of reference furnished. L. Simons, Columbus, Ga.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

A BIG FEAST AHEAD for the agents of Uncle Remus's Magazine. Our boost proposition cannot fail to bring you with us as our representative. Quite an honor, our agents regard it, to represent the first and only great magazine of the south. They are making money, and we are sticking together. You will miss a golden chance not to write. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

UP-TO-DATE mailing lists for sale. W. J. Dibble, Accountant, 1527 Candler bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Bell phone 3425.

PURE pork sausage, ground bone chicken feed. Enterprise Sausage Factory. Bell phone 1628.

FOR SALE—Hallwood cash registers. Cash register repairing a specialty. Howard Safe & Vault Co., 50 Marietta street.

LIGHT RUNNING sewing machines for sale or rent. All makes repaired. The Standard Sewing Machine Co., 58 South Broad street. Both phones 2105.

FOR SALE—Two car loads of 12,000 each average brick, on Southern railroad tracks, Atlanta, at $5 per thousand. Phone Main 3585.

FOR SALE—Victor spherical manganese screw door bank safes. Expert safe opening and repairing. Howard Safe & Vault Co., 50 Marietta street.

COTTON SEED HULLS and meal, bagging and ties, cowpeas; special prices delivered any point. J. Lindsay Wells Co., Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—STEEL SCRAP.
BOILER PLATE, 3-16 to 3-8-inch, different sie sheets; old boilers. Address Box 775, Ensley, Ala.

PIANO FOR SALE—Mathushek upright, fine tone, perfect order; will sell for $160; cost $400. Owner needs money. Call 180 Peachtree. Phone 4815-J.

ONE second-hand Skinner & Wood double engine, size 8x12, 45 horsepower, fly wheel 5 feet diameter, 10-inch face. 135 revolutions. Address Constitution.

EGGS, EGGS—R. C. R. I. Red eggs from first-class stock; satisfaction guaranteed in eggs; price $1.50, $2 and $2.50 per 15. Have a few cockerels to sell. R. T. Quillians, Commerce, Ga.

ONE COMPLETE gin outfit consisting of 4 60-saw gins, self-tramping press, engine and boiler, seed house; also warehouse 40x100 feet, all located on Central of Georgia R. R.; side track at depot. Address A. C. Kelley, care Constitution.

GRANDMOTHER'S PURE home-made tomato catsup and pickles; best made and manufactured by Mrs. W. R. Clairborne. Quick service. Telephone orders delivered. 420 Edgewood avenue. Atlanta phone 2660.

FOR SALE AT ONCE—One beautiful pointer dog puppy, six months old, very fine stock, just right for next season; worth $50, will sell now for $20. He is a beauty. G. W. Brown, Tuskegee, Ala.

FOR SALE.
HIGH-GRADE TENNESSEE PHOSPHATE LANDS.
Address New York Developing and Financing Co., 26-27-28 Steger building, Nashville, Tenn.

WANTED—ROOMS.

I CAN rent your furnished and unfurnished rooms and houses. List with me and save time, money and avoid publicity. Commission small and nothing required in advance. Phone 2296. N. H. Shivers, 141 Peachtree street, over Todd Drug Company.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES.

SEVEN rooms, new, well furnished; large, shady lot; attractive surroundings; good neighborhood; one block Peachtree. Juniper, Constitution.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

2 OR 3 FURNISHED ROOMS at 210 Spring street. Bell phone 3205 Main.

334 PEACHTREE ST.—Large furnished, newly papered room, with private bath. Table first-class.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for couple; also furnished room for two young men; excellent table board. Phone 5353-J. 117 Forrest avenue.

ARE you looking for furnished rooms or apartments? Let me save you the long, hard tramp about the city. If you are a stranger I can direct you to the neighborhood you desire to live in. N. H. Shivers, 141 Peachtree street, over Todd Drug Company. Phone 2296.

ROOMS WITH BOARD—Table Board.

16 EAST BAKER ST.—One door from Peachtree st., three blocks from Aragon hotel; furnace heat, all modern conveniences. For rent, with board, one beautiful front room, bath convenient, and one room with connecting bath. Excellent table board for a few people.

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

THE WELLINGTON, Ivy and Houston streets, one first floor apartment. W. J. Bialock.

TWO first-class 6-room lower floor apartments, steam heat, hot and cold water, gas range. 148 Forrest avenue. Phone 2583 Main.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Three nice rooms, new house, 217 Ira street, near Southern shops, $10.60. C. H. Girardeau, 201 Empire building.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—240 Jackson street, 8-room cottage; hot water furnace; large lot. Phone 2583 Main.

ELEGANT 7-room house at 553 Whitehall street, arranged for two families, all conveniences. S. C. Ray. Bell phone 2032 Main; Atlanta 797.

GET our Weekly Rent Bulletin, giving fairly good description of everything we have for rent. Phone 318. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 12 Auburn avenue.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of the city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS ROOMS.

TWO upstairs rooms, suitable for artist studio, in building occupied by women exclusively; leading modiste and manicure parlors already located. Apply 241 Peachtree st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOMES, lots, investments and acreage. See Hardin Realty Co., 202 Candler bldg., phone M. 2218.

ACRES OF DIAMONDS! That's what the want columns of The Atlanta Constitution are. Here you will find little three, four and five-line ads telling of something of interest to you. You may find something to satisfy your needs or that may be the basis of a fortune. Read today's want columns and look out for The Diamonds.

PERSONAL.

DAVID W. YARBROUGH,
MASTER PLUMBER,
Phones 1255. 20 E. Hunter st.

LADY, with home, to take charge of young lady with nervous and irritable disposition. Country preferred. Mr. H., Constitution.

LADIES—Use LaFranco's Compound, safe, speedy regulator, 25 cents, druggists or mail; booklet free. Dr. LaFranco., Philadelphia, Pa.

LARGEST STOCK new wall papers, moldings, etc., in Atlanta. Work guaranteed. Prices "away down." J. L. Burnett, 55 S. Pryor (opposite court house).

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED. The Atlanta School of Telegraphy is busy preparing operators for the unprecedented demand. Enter now, while special rates are in effect. Steiner-Emery building.

DISEASES OF MEN.
MEN in need of the best medical skill can consult me. No charge for consultation. Chronic troubles a specialty. Modern methods. Address Dr. W. M. Baird, 16½ Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for painful and suppressed menstruation, irregularities and similar obstruction. Trial box by mail, 50 cents. Frank Edmondson & Bro., manufacturing chemists, 14 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

DETECTIVE.
EXPERT SPECIALIST
In delicate and intricate matters. High-grade service. Unimpeachable character. Late U. S. government service. Solicits confidential commissions any section. Address
MORGAN BRADFORD, JR.,
COLORADO BUILDING,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

A GIANT PROGRAM for 1908, of the best in literature and everything in best magazine making, will be unloaded on the readers of the new and only Uncle Remus's Magazine beginning immediately. It will cause dollars to flow our way in streams; but we are not greedy, as we want the agent to share. Ask for our holiday offer to agents. Have the pleasure of handling some of this money, and possessing your big commissions. Hurry up. Uncle Remus's Magazine, Atlanta, Ga.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DISEASES OF MEN.
MEN in need of the best medical skill can consult me. No charge for consultation. Chronic troubles a specialty. Modern methods. Address Dr. W. M. Baird, 16½ Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE GIANT SUBSCRIPTION MONTHS of the year are with us. The great Uncle Remus's Magazine is experiencing its first season. Get our proposition and it will get you money for presents, or bread and butter. A lady agent of ours in Savannah bought her friends presents and started a bank account. Why not, when she can average $5 in two hours. Make others happy, and you will be the same acting as our agent. We want to write you all about it. UNCLE REMUS'S MAGAZINE, Atlanta, Ga.

MEDICAL.

DISEASES OF MEN.
MEN in need of the best medical skill can consult me. No charge for consultation. Chronic troubles a specialty. Modern methods. Address Dr. W. M. Baird, 16½ Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

LADIES! Ask your druggist for Chichesters Pills, the Diamond Brand. For 25 years known as best, safest, always reliable. Buy of your druggist. Take no other. Chichesters Diamond Brand Pills are sold by druggists everywhere.

WANTED—BOARDERS.

A FEW nice boarders wanted at 176 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 4576.

THE NEW ARLINGTON HOTEL offers excellent accommodations to permanent and transient boarders. American and European plan. Bell phone 3143 Main. 85 Marietta street.

HOTEL BON AIR, 384 Peachtree st., steam heat, thoroughly repaired, offers great inducements to permanent or transient guests.

16 EAST BAKER ST., one door from Peachtree street, three blocks from Aragon hotel. Front room with excellent board. Also room with connecting bath for two gentlemen; all conveniences. Furnace heat. Phone Main 3638.

LOST.

LOST—Scotch terrier male dog; short tail; black, with tan feet. Return to 59 Central avenue. Reward.

LOST—One liver and white-spotted pointer dog. Liberal reward if returned to 280 N. Jackson street.

LOST—Gold bracelet with name (Willie) in it. Hand engraved. Liberal reward if returned to 67 N. Forsyth street.

LOST—One white and black spotted setter dog, black head. Reward if returned to A. F. Norman, Mynatt Station, Decatur, Ga. Bell phone 414 Decatur.

$5 REWARD—Liver colored bob-tailed pointer dog; white strip in breast; collar marked F. L. Williams, 97 Decatur street. Return to 97 Decatur street.

LOST—Ladies' black hand-satchel, on Washington street car; contained one-dollar bill, one silver dollar and some small change; also some keys and check book on Fourth National bank; finder will please return to Mrs. L. G. McCarter, 364 Ormond street, and receive reward.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

HOTEL FOR SALE—Twelve rooms, 7 years' lease; two bars; well located; price $2,000; one-half cash. Wm. Washer, 601 East Lombard st., Baltimore, Md.

DISEASES OF MEN.
MEN in need of the best medical skill can consult me. No charge for consultation. Chronic troubles a specialty. Modern methods. Address Dr. W. M. Baird, 16½ Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE SOUTH HAS SPOKEN, and Uncle Remus's Magazine is the spokesman. When an agent in Brazil sends twenty-six from a little effort, what can't you do here in any part of this country? Try it; it's fun and money-making combined. Our offer is irresistible. Ask for it, the outfit, and give three references, at the same time. UNCLE REMUS'S MAGAZINE, Atlanta, Ga.

MUNICIPAL BONDS FOR SALE.

BIDS will be received until noon February 22 for $6,000 of school bonds of the town of Mansfield, Ga. Full particulars given on application. Address all inquiries to R. G. Franklin, Mayor, care Bank of Mansfield, Mansfield, Ga.

PALMISTRY.

MADAME DEL REY, psychic palmist, advises you on love, family, business affairs, lawsuits, investments, changes, lost articles, etc. If undecided, in doubt she will help you. 75 Trinity avenue, between Pryor and Central.

PALMIST
PROF. BYRON K.
STANLEY
RETURNED to Atlanta. Permanently located in his own home, 183 Ivy street, corner Cain. Reliable advisor on all affairs in life, business, love, marriage, divorce, sickness, journeys, separations, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hours: 10 a. m. to 8 p. m., except Sundays. 183 Ivy st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, EQUITABLE. ESTABLISHED 1890.
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate.

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE 3 TO 5 YEARS, 6 PER CENT. JOHN CAREY, 18 EAST ALABAMA STREET.

$20,000 TO LOAN on Atlanta and suburban real estate. $500 or more. Address "Money," 305 Peters bldg.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS to lend; any amount, 4 1-2, 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 24 South Broad.

WE make real estate loans at lowest current rates. No delay. Buy and sell purchase-money notes. Moore, Gaunt Co., 609-10 Century bldg.

ESTABLISHED since 1889. Mortgage loans made on real estate; purchase money notes bought and sold. S. B. Turman & Co., cor. Broad and Ala. sts.

MONEY advanced salaried people and others; easy payments; quick, confidential. American Investment Co., 704 Candler bldg.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others without security; easy payments; offices 63 principal cities. D. H. Tolman, room 524, Austell building.

THE Mortgage-Bond Co. of New York has resumed making loans on Atlanta real estate at usual rates. J. S. Slicer, Attorney, 1227 Empire Bldg.

HAVE some 6 per cent money in sums of $1,500 and up for loans on extra choice Atlanta property. Have plenty in hand at 7 per cent for ordinary loans. Moore-Gaunt Co., Century bldg.

MONEY LOANED to salaried people without assignment or mortgage. Short time notes discounted at reasonable rates. All business confidential. Commercial Discount Co., 715 Temple Court.

DANCING.

WANTED—By thoroughly competent teacher, ten pupils for select dancing class. Ages 3 to 17. Bell phone 1294-J North.

AUCTIONS.

B. BERNARD, the live auctioneer, at 20 South Pryor, will buy or sell you out. Phone Bell 2305. Special attention given to sales from premises.

TRUNK REPAIRING.

H. W. ROUNTREE & BRO., TRUNK AND BAG CO., retail and repairing 77 Whitehall street. Phone 1576.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

SOUTHERN Dye and Cleaning Works, main office 38 North Forsyth st. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

PIANO TUNING.

MR. CHAS. H. SMITH solicits your piano tuning and repairing; 26 years' experience; work guaranteed. Phone 4815-J, 180 Peachtree.

FOR RENT—BUSINESS ROOMS.

IDEAL location for millinery parlors; in building with Atlanta's leading modiste. Apply 241 Peachtree st.

ACCOUNTANTS.

A. J. HALTIWANGER & CO., Accountants and Auditors, 1527 Candler building. Bell phone 3425.

SEWING MACHINES RENTED.

WE RENT new Singer and Wheeler & Wilson machines with complete set of attachments for $2 per month; prompt delivery. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 79 Whitehall st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FAVER & BLACK,
315-316 Peters Bldg.

$600
FOR NICE LITTLE LOT ON DUNN, BETWEEN GORDON AND OAK, FIFTY FEET FRONT. REAL BARGAIN.

$2,500.
NEGRO INVESTMENT ON WEST SIDE, NEAR NELSON; RENTED (WE MEAN OCCUPIED, AND WE MEAN ALL THE TIME) AT $31.50 PER MONTH.

$7,200.
FOR THIS PRICE WE HAVE, BETWEEN EDGEWOOD AVENUE AND DECATUR STREET, SEVEN HOUSES, WHITE TENANTS, RENTED FOR $75 PER MONTH.

$90,000
WILL BUY TWO NEW NORTH-SIDE RESIDENCES, RENTED FOR EIGHTY DOLLARS A MONTH, OR WILL SELL ONE. MIGHTY GOOD.

U.
570 N. Boulevard
A BEAUTIFUL HOME of 8 rooms, right at Ponce de Leon aenue, between North avenue and Ponce de Leon avenue. Has reception hall, parlor, dining room, butler's pantry and store room down stairs; also servant's closet and 4 bed rooms upstairs, with large bath room; electric lights and every thing modern. Lot 47 by 175 feet; east front. Price was $7,500, but now $6,500; on easy terms. It's less than cost.

CARL H. FISCHER.
1114 Fourth National Bank Building.
Bell Phone 3860 Main.

WALKER DUNSON,
Real Estate, 409 Equitable. Phone 2187.
BARGAIN—Washington street home 1½ blocks capitol; fine location for physician.

TEN-ROOM, 2-story modern house, shaded lot, on Juniper st., at price which should interest you.

I AM glad to announce that Mr. T. B. Gay is with me now and he is ready to serve his friends who want to buy or sell real estate. We will be glad for real estate owners to list with us for sale all property they desire to sell.

$2,000
ELEVATED vacant lot, Washington, near Atlanta ave. Only lot left in this section that can be bought at price. Cash wanted. If desired will build house to suit purchaser. C. H. Girardeau, 201 Empire bldg.

EDUCATIONAL.

NIGHT SCHOOL
GEORGIA SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY.
TO ENABLE boys and men who are employed during the day to better prepare themselves for practical work, the Georgia School of Technology offers instruction in night classes. Tentative courses will be offered in Foundry, Carpentry Turning and Pattern making, Forging, Mechanical and Free Hand Drawing, Elementary Chemistry, Elementary Electricity, Textiles, Machine Shop Work, Pipe and Steam Fitting, English, Mathematics. The capacity is limited and students will be enrolled in the order of application. First term opens 7:30 p. m., March 2, 1908. Tuition free. Contingent fee $7.50 for term. Apply as soon as possible to President K. G. Matheson, Georgia School of Technology.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

THOROUGHBRED Buff Orpington $2.50 per 15. For information or orders telephone J. L. Ramspeck, Bell No. 68, Decatur.

PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

BELLINGRATH PLUMBING CO., 35 N. Forsyth st., Prudential bldg. Both phones.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

Soft and stiff felt hats cleaned and reshaped.. .. .. 50c
Bands, bindings or sweats (each extra).. .. .. 25c
Felt hats cleaned with new bands or sweats.. .. .. $1.00
Out-of-town orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS,
100 1-2 Whitehall Street.

We Buy Cow Peas.
GEORGE B. MATTHEWS & SONS,
223 Magazine Street,
New Orleans, Louisiana.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

M. L. THROWER,
39 N. Forsyth street, corner Walton.
Bell phone 1450; Standard phone 164.

WE HAVE for quick sale a nine-room, two-story modern house, large, elevated lot, best section north side; was $5,000. We now have a price of $4,250 for few days only. No information given over phone. Call in person.

THREE small houses on large lot, close in, rented to good white tenants for $23.50 per month; never vacant; owner anxious to sell; $2,150. Terms.

ONE of the prettiest nine-room, modern, two-story homes on Highland avenue, near Jackson st.; large lot; owner must sell; $4,500. We can arrange terms.

$500 CASH and $30 per month will buy a beautiful six-room cottage, large lot, close in, north side.

$6,000
BEAUTIFUL 8-room house, never occupied, Elizabeth street, best part of Inman Park. Will make terms. Take acreage near city or small renting property in part pay. If you want a high-class home surrounded by the very best citizenry, see me at once. C. H. Girardeau, 201 Empire bldg.

C. H. WELLS & CO.,
207 Fourth National Bank Building.

$700—Facing Edgewood ave. car line, just outside the city, beautiful, level, shady lot, 50 by 200 feet; fine place to build a home and a great big bargain; $200 cash, balance $10 per month.

$350—$100 cash and balance $5 per month, fine level lot at the new round house and new yards of the Central railroad. This is positively the best small investment around Atlanta; will double in value before you get it paid for. We cannot emphasize this too strongly. It's far better than any savings bank and absolutely safe.

$2,250—Near Grant park, good six-room cottage, water, gas and sewer, close to school and car line; $1,000 cash, balance 7 per cent. Good bargain.

$750 CASH—Two acres, fine lot for home, in town of Hapeville, 300 yards from depot on main chert street. It's worth every cent of $1,000. Act quickly if you want something good.

$3,000 CASH will buy half interest in north side acreage that will show very large profit in next twelve months. Owner knows the value of this property and wants good party to take interest with him and hold for the profit.

H. C. STOCKDELL. HENRY B. SCOTT.
STOCKDELL & SCOTT,
1009-11 PRUDENTIAL BLDG.

PEACHTREE STREET—We have one of the prettiest up-to-date Peachtree homes for sale on easy terms. It's worth your time to look at it.

10-ROOM house on Jackson, near Forrest avenue, for $6,000, on easy terms. Splendid neighborhood.

SEVEN-ROOM cottage on Spring street, near Pine. Will sell cheap.

FURNACE heated house on Piedmont avenue, north of Ponce de Leon, 9 rooms—$7,750.

EAST North avenue, 2-story house, 8 rooms, furnace and all modern improvements. Owner will sell furnished or unfurnished.

WASHINGTON STREET 2-story house, nearly new, 8 rooms, bath on each floor. Rents for $50 per month. Only $5,000.

TWO-STORY house on West North avenue, 8 rooms, good condition, $6,250.

Stockdell & Scott.

WILLIAM S. ANSLEY.
Real Estate,
217 CENTURY BUILDING.
Phones Main 288. Standard 295.

NORTH AVENUE—2 splendid homes on this splendid street, each has 8 rooms and is two-story with nice size lots; one of these places is near Spring street, $6,250, and the other is near the Tech school, and can be bought for $5,500. The price on both of these places has just been reduced and they are bargains for the money.

CLOSE IN HOME ON CAPITOL AVE.—9-room house, built for a home, bath rooms both up and downstairs, good stable on place and a nice lot. The owner of this place is especially anxious to sell and is willing to make a low price on this property. If you are interested in such a place for about $8,000, let me hear from you.

LOOK AT NO. 9 Hill street. This place is in 100 ft. of the railroad, between the railroad and Hunter street, and the owner has been offered as much as $3,000 for it, but is willing to take $1,500 for it, if sold quick. Lot is 30x123, and has an old 5-room house on it renting for $11 per month.

GEO. P. MOORE,
819 EMPIRE BLDG.
BOTH PHONES 5408.

$3,000—Auburn avenue home of 8 rooms; all conveniences; priced less than actual value, $1,500 cash, balance to suit.

$4,000—North avenue, near Jackson street, beautiful little cottage of 6 rooms, with every convenience. Some terms.

$4,650—Merritts avenue home, well built and in good condition; slate roof. Has servant's house and stable in rear; level lot. On terms of $500 cash, and $40 month.

L. A. WOODS,
413-414 Empire Building.
Bell Phone, 2099. Atlanta, 1771.

$2,000 FOR a beautiful 5-room cottage near Grant park, with all conveniences. This place can be bought on very reasonable terms. No loan to contend with. Buy this now and make a "speck."

LOOK at this brand new 2-story, 8-room dwelling; fine lot, 75x150; on the north side. This is where you can make $1,000 in six months if you buy now. Just sold house close to it for $7,000. I can arrange terms on this. Will sell this place next week for $4,500.

$3,750
WILL BUY two-story, 8-room house, lot 42 by 156, on Euclid ave., 5 minutes' schedule on cars; all conveniences; one-third cash, balance easy at 6 per cent. Get busy. C. H. Girardeau, 201 Empire bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HARDIN REALTY CO.,
202 Candler Bldg.,
Phone 2218.

PEACHTREE LOT—60 feet front, $5,100. This is $85 a foot, and is the only Peachtree front south of 14th street for less than $110 a foot. Fine for apartments or stores. Terms.

PONCE DE LEON AVE. LOT—70 feet front, $2,100. Only elevated shady lot between Peachtree and Moreland ave. at the price. Terms, $600 cash.

LINDEN ST. LOT—100 feet front, $1,600; near Peachtree; $600 cash. Fine building or rent proposition.

$750 FOR 2½ acres facing chert street, on a corner, near cars and depot, at Hapeville. Terms, $350 cash, balance 6 and 12 months.

$3,500—Ponce de Leon ave., between Jackson and Boulevard, 60 by 190, with alley; $1,000 cash, balance $250 a year, "on or before." Dead easy.

$2,700—Grant park for a front yard, 5-room cottage; $1,000 cash, balance easy.

$8,500—West Peachtree mansion, on top the hill near Tenth street, 8 rooms. Terms.

M. H. LUCAS & CO.,
501 Empire Bldg.
Bell Phone 3453.

ELEGANT LOT—50x250 to alley on the wide part of Jackson st., about 300 feet north of Ponce de Leon ave. Tile sidewalks, sewer and water on the 70-foot street in front. This is coming property and cheap at $2,000.

NORTH SIDE cottage, 7 rooms, close in, $3,000.

ONE BLOCK of Peachtree, 2-story house of 7 large rooms, furnace heated, double floored and sheathed. Worth the money at $6,000.

MODERN 6-room cottage, finest part of Ashby st., $3,000.

PEACHTREE PLACE, fine 10-room, furnace-heated home, big lot, elegant location, $10,000.

$100 TO $500 cash and balance monthly buys you a nice cottage at this office.

WE CAN suit you if you are looking for a nice lot cheap. Some extra good bargains just now.

SEE US for rent-paying investment snaps.

M. H. LUCAS & CO.

$950.00
EUCLID AVENUE—Vacant lot, 50 by 150; all improvements at door; splendid car service. C. H. Girardeau, 201 Empire bldg.

CLIFF W. ANSLEY,
Real Estate,
221 Century Bldg.
BOTH PHONES 5168.

$6,250 FOR 9-room house with furnace heat, and a large, beautiful lot. North side and splendid neighborhood. This is the latest and lowest price that has yet been named on this place and it's certainly a bargain.

$2,100 FOR lovely Ansley Park lot. Fine size and beautiful location. This is another specially reduced price, and it's a pick-up for somebody. I have a splendid list of Ansley Park lots and can suit you.

$13,500 FOR an elegant house on one of the best residence streets in the city. Eleven rooms and servant's room, with furnace heat, baths on both floors, and both gas and electric lights. Splendidly built and beautifully finished in hard wood. Fine stable and garage and large fine corner lot. Place cost about $24,000.

FOR $3,250 I have the best investment or speculation in two beautiful vacant lots that can be found on the north side of Atlanta. They are each 50 feet wide and fine depth. On one of the very best residence streets and in elegant nighborhood. Somebody is dead sure to make good money on them, as they are easily worth $2,000 each right now, and $3,250 has been refused for them.

$4,400 FOR nice, new 8-room house and corner lot, on first-class street and in fine neighborhood, north side; rented at $40 per month, and paying nearly 11 per cent interest.

$800 FOR pretty West End lot. On one of the best residence streets, in nice neighborhood and on car line. Water, gas, sewer and sidewalks.

I HAVE a splendid list of north side homes and residence lots and it will pay you to see me about them before buying; also a fine list of Ansley Park lots and nice homes and lots in Inman Park, West End and all good parts of the city. Also fine list of Decatur property.

$2,400
BRAND new 5-room cottage, No. 24 Morgan street, within 300 feet of Boulevard; one-fourth cash, balance easy; lot beautifully shaded, 50 by 150. C. H. Girardeau, 201 Empire bldg.

B. M. GRANT & CO.,
Second Floor Empire Bldg.
Bell Phones 4963-4964.
Atlanta, 1366.

Park Avenue Cottage.
FRONTING the park, between Hansel and Dabney streets, No. 206. This is the beautiful little home of Mr. Gay and the only reason he is selling is that the place is now too small for him. This house has 6 rooms, and was built by the Phoenix Planing mill some five years ago. Ask some one who lives in a house built by the Phoenix people and they will tell you there are no better houses erected in the city. The lot is 50x225, with a 20-foot alley in the rear. The house is well arranged, walls all beautifully tinted, very handsome mantels and the plumbing is strictly first class. Mr. Gay built this place for a home and not for speculation purposes. Price $4,500, on reasonable terms.
B. M. GRANT & CO.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

VICKERY'S Detective Service. Representatives everywhere. We throw light on the darkest mystery. Consultation free. Open all night. Local and long distance phone Bell 4709 Main. Vickery Bldg., 903 Marietta street, Atlanta.

FOR EXCHANGE—REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGES—See Chas. P. Glover, 6 Auburn avenue.

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS.

SHELDON AUDIT COMPANY, 20 Candler Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Both phones 2218. Audits, Systems, Examinations.

The Bell Telephone Co.--- The Sleet Storm

The sleet storm which came to Atlanta Sunday afternoon put out of service more than 1,000 telephone stations, felled over 200 poles and damaged our plant to the extent of many thousands of dollars. While the damage in Atlanta was heavy, it was only a small part of the loss we sustained throughout the storm area extending from Greenville, S. C., to West Point, Ga. Our long distance lines were prostrated and communication by this means was impossible.

As soon as the ice began to gather on the wires we sent for several hundreds of men. They came from Birmingham and Montgomery, Ala., Macon and Savannah, Ga., and Pensacola, Fla. Today they are here at work in the city and on the toll lines. It was a costly proposition, bringing these men here, but it was necessary. The material was already on hand in our Atlanta warehouses.

Perhaps your telephone is one of those that was disarranged by the storm. If you are not now able to get service you may rest assured that capable men are at work and that your telephone will be put in order at the first possible moment. We are working like Trojans—day and night—to reach you, and we feel that it is not unreasonable to ask you to be patient and depend upon our energies.

Sleet storms in this section are one of the most hazardous features of the telephone business. Such a storm can destroy an entire plant and wipe out the profit of years in a single day. We can not anticipate such a calamity or estimate in advance the expense to be involved in the repair work. Even science has not been able to produce a preventive for such ravages. Our effort is to be prepared for any emergency by having men and material within close call.

We provide for the natural deterioration of poles, wires and equipment that goes on day by day and this expense can readily be estimated, but the extraordinary and heavy expenses made necessary by these sleet storms can not be so estimated. We know they do occur and our patrons will recognize the fact that the business itself must stand the expense. The expense involved in repairing the damage wrought by such a storm as that of last Sunday represents absolutely a dead loss. It does not add to our equipment or increase the value of our plant. We are at the mercy of the elements at all times and in each instance our first effort is to fulfill our duty to the public.

We are sure that our subscribers in Atlanta and elsewhere will appreciate this phase of the matter and not chafe under any apparent delay in restoring their telephone service. Our operators and linemen are faithful to their tasks and are doing their part. With favorable weather the normal condition will be restored in a remarkably short time.

Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company

W. G. CHARLTON IS SWORN IN

Governor Smith Sits Up in Bed to Administer the Oath.

Hon. Walter G. Charlton, of Savannah, yesterday took the oath before Governor Smith, as judge of the superior court for the eastern circuit, where he succeeds Judge George T. Cann, whose resignation is effective Saturday.

Governor Smith, who is sick in bed with an attack of grip, sat up on pillows long enough to administer the oath and sign Judge Charlton's commission. The governor's attack is quite a serious one, and it is expected it will be several days before he will be able to return to his office at the capitol. His physicians now think he will be able to return to his office by next Monday.

Judge Charlton came to Atlanta for the purpose of appearing before the railroad commission as attorney for the Georgia Telephone Company, of Savannah. He had to transact that business before taking the oath and receiving his commission, as he is now, under the law, forbidden to practice. Judge Charlton will sit on the bench for the first time next Monday.

Bank Clerks Indicted.

New Orleans, La., February 12.—Indictments charging embezzlement were today returned by a federal grand jury against H. V. Ralston, former exchange clerk of the State National bank, and against his assistant, D. J. Collins. The amount alleged to have been embezzled is about $5,000. The State National bank is now in process of liquidation.

YOUTH KILLED ON HORSEBACK

Animal Stepped on a Live Wire With Fatal Results.

Thomson, Ga., February 12.—(Special.) Willie Richards, the eighteen-year-old son of John H. Richards of this county, was killed in a most horrible manner yesterday afternoon. The electric wire leading from the electric plant to the Smith Manufacturing Company fell to the ground early Monday morning, and was still on the ground in the afternoon, when young Richards came up the road on horseback, and the horse's feet struck the live wire, killing both horse and rider instantly.

EDISON TURNS PROPHET.

Only the Primary Stage Reached in Electrical Development.

Newark, N. J., February 12.—The second annual banquet of the heads of departments in the Edison works shops was given here last night in honor of the sixty-first birthday of Thomas A. Edison. The only toast was the one proposed to "The Old Man."

"The possibilities of the development of electricity are boundless," said Mr. Edison. "Today we have not developed this wonderful agency beyond its primary stage. We cannot now even comprehend its infinite possibilities. I have done little in comparison with what the wonderful future holds.

"Two hundred years from today the inhabitants of this planet will regard the achievements of the present day in electricity as the mere beginning of a master science."

S.S.S. DRIVES OUT RHEUMATISM

A good liniment or plaster, or some good home remedy will usually give temporary relief from the pain of Rheumatism, but the disease is more than skin deep and cannot be rubbed away, nor can it be drawn out with a plaster. Such treatment neither prevents nor cures; the excess of acid, which produces Rheumatism, is still in the blood and the disease can never be cured while the circulation remains saturated with this irritating, pain-producing uric acid poison. The trouble will shift from place to place, settling on the nerves and causing pain and inflammation at every exposure or after an attack of indigestion or other irregularity. When neglected or improperly treated, Rheumatism becomes chronic and does not depend upon climatic conditions to bring on an attack, but remains a constant, painful trouble. S. S. S. drives out Rheumatism by neutralizing and expelling the excess of acid from the blood. It purifies and invigorates the circulation so that instead of an acid-laden stream, constantly depositing uric acid in the joints, muscles, nerves and bones, the entire system is nourished and made healthy by rich, life-giving blood. Book on Rheumatism and any medical advice desired will be sent free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

HINTON HEADS FREIGHT BOARD

Popular Chairman of Southeastern Association Is Reelected.

At the annual meeting of the executive committee of the Southeastern Freight Association, held yesterday in the offices of this organization on the fourth floor of the Equitable building, E. H. Hinton was reelected chairman of the association without opposition.

W. L. McGill, the efficient secretary



E. H. HINTON,
Reelected Chairman of Southeastern Freight Association.

of the association, will continue in his same capacity as such for the ensuing year.

The meeting of the executive committee was presided over by S. F. Parrott, vice president of the Georgia Southern and Florida, who was again reelected chairman of the executive board for the ensuing year.

Than these three men there are none in the south better posted on freight rates and freight matters, and their continuance in office is taken as a deserved compliment by their railroad friends.

The railroads represented and the freight men representing them were as follows:

Atlanta and St. Andrews Bay railway, G. H. Purvis, vice president; Atlanta and West Point railway, E. T. Eckles, general freight agent; Atlantic Coast Line railroad, R. A. Brand, freight traffic manager; Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. Sevier, vice president; Central of Georgia Railway Company, W. A. Winburn, second vice president; Charleston and Western Carolina railway, R. A. Brand, traffic manager; Columbia, Newberry and Laurens railroad, R. A. Brand, traffic manager; Georgia railroad, A. G. Jackson, general freight agent; Georgia, Florida and Alabama railroad, J. C. Odell, general manager; Georgia Southern and Florida railway, S. F. Parrott, vice president and general manager; Louisville and Nashville railroad, A. R. Smith, third vice president; Macon and Birmingham railway, S. F. Parrott, receiver; Macon, Dublin and Savannah railroad, J. T. Wright, general manager, and J. A. Strever, general freight agent; Norfolk and Southern railroad, R. E. L. Bunch, traffic manager; Norfolk and Western railway, T. S. Davant, third vice president and traffic manager; Seaboard Air Line railway, L. Sevier, vice president; Southern Railway, J. M. Culp, vice president; Western and Atlantic railroad, H. F. Smith, vice president and traffic manager; Western Railway of Alabama, E. T. Eckles, general freight agent.

A conference was held during the morning in the convention hall of the Piedmont hotel, with a delegation of Atlantans, headed by Harry T. Moore, traffic manager of the Atlanta freight bureau, and composed of wholesale grocers and grain dealers. They asked for a reclassification of grain billings for car load and less than car load lots.

No decision was announced by the committee before adjournment during the afternoon.

INSTANT RELIEF FROM CATARRH.

Send for a Trial Sample of This Great Remedy, and Convince Yourself of Its Merit.

When we say that Eclipse Catarrh Cure gives instant relief from that disagreeable, offensive disease from which so many suffer, we are ready to prove this assertion to your entire satisfaction. No matter how long you have been afflicted, no matter how badly stopped up your head may be, the sample which we will send you will give immediate relief, clear up the clogged air passages, throw off the offensive accumulations, and soothe and heal the delicate, irritated membrane.

Eclipse Catarrh Cure is a vegtable preparation of wonderful curative powers. It promptly reaches the remotest air passages where the disease is located and effects a permanent cure in even the worst cases.

Robert L. Wiggins, Augusta, Ga., Writes:

"Some time ago I wrote you for sample package of your Catarrh Cure, which you sent me, and I will always thank you for it, for I have never used anything to give me so much relief in so short a time. It opened my nose and throat and gave me relief in every way. My throat was so sore that I could not sleep, but after using the first pipeful I went to bed and slept like a tired baby.

"Inclosed please find money order for $1.00, for which please send me a whole package, and oblige."

Send for Week's Treatment.

We are anxious for every sufferer to try this great remedy, and will send for twenty-five cents in stamps a liberal trial treatment and a pipe to all who will send us their name and address. We have hundreds of letters from grateful patients whom we have cured and will send you also our booklet containing these testimonials and full information about the disease. Do not delay, but write today. Address Eclipse Medicine and Manufacturing Company, Atlanta, Ga.

MET FIRST AT WEDDING HOUR.

Tennessee Lady and Georgian Marry as Result of Correspondence.

Macon, Ga., February 12.—(Special.)—Beech Grove, a little Tennessee village, and Herndon, Ga., furnished the parties to a romance that found its culmination in a happy wedding ceremony this morning in Macon. The groom, a merchant already past the prime of life, was Mr. I. Hart, of Herndon, Ga. The bride was Mrs. Mattie Keele, of Beech Grove, Tenn. A late train brought the lady this morning, and the Georgian who had been anxiously waiting, greeted her.

It was not long before a minister, Dr. E. C. Dargan, was sought out and the ceremony was performed. The affair grew out of a mail correspondence and their friends here said they had never seen each other before the hour they were wedded. The couple left on a morning train for the home of Mr. Hart. They were at the Brown House for the preparation.

The Kentucky Deadlock.

Frankfort, Ky., February 12.—The ballot for United States senator, taken today in joint session of the legislature, was without result. The ballot resulted as follows: Beckham, 59; Bradley, 58; Watterson, 1; Campbell, 5; Allen, 1.

Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed as the best of remedies, when required, are to assist nature and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally.

To get its beneficial effects, always buy the genuine

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna
manufactured by the
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY
SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS
one size only, regular price 50¢ per Bottle

LEWIS WANTS ANOTHER TERM

Third District Congressman Proposes to Retire If Re-elected This Time.

Washington, February 12.—(Special.)—Representative E. B. Lewis, of the third Georgia district, today gave out his formal announcement for reelection. He will make the race upon a platform of tariff revision and currency reform. At the close of another term Mr. Lewis proposes to retire from the public service. His announcement follows:

"To the voters of the third congressional district: After very thoughtful consideration I now announce my candidacy for the sixty-first congress. In doing so I am prompted by the following reasons. I have very great confidence that in the coming election the democrats will be successful in electing the president, and a democratic house of representatives.

"The tariff is the most important of any legislation that is to be considered, and the country is looking to the democratic party as the only party united in an honest effort to secure a proper revision of the present existing high and protective tariff. The tariff is and has ever been responsible for favoritism, and many evils in our industrial affairs.

"My constituents know that I have at all times honestly espoused tariff revision. Banking and currency will continue to be a conspicuous proposition, requiring corrective legislation. Having given this much study and at the present being the ranking democratic member of that committee, am justified in the belief that in a democratic house of representatives, I would very naturally be the chairman of banking and currency committee.

"I succeeded in passing through the last house a bill permitting the national banks to loan money on real estate, and will continue to urge the position that the good farm lands of the south and west are of the very best security, and that the farmer should not be denied the privilege of obtaining money at lowest competitive rates of interest from any and every loaning institution.

"I am also much concerned in securing the passage of pending bills for appropriations for several public buildings in the district, also a soldier's home to be located at Fitzgerald. Therefore, in the belief of coming democratic supremacy, I feel it a duty that I owe to my friend, as well as myself, to announce my candidacy. In making this announcement for the next congress I desire to heartily thank the people of the district who have always been so generous and good to me and now take this occasion to say that under no consideration will I be a candidate after the sixty-first congress. I will then have given fourteen of very best years of my life to the public service, and will, at the expiration of that time, retire and give my attention to my private business affairs, which have been subordinate to my public duties. Yours very respectfully,

"E. R. LEWIS."

Hundreds of Men Given Work.

St. Louis, February 12.—The Republican Iron and Steel Company in East St. Louis, Ill., put 900 men to work yesterday and today announcement was made by the National Enameling and Stamping Company that 400 extra men will be given employment at Granite City next Monday. Another number of other industries across the river are stated to be increasing their number of employees daily.

Cultivated Legs at Expense of Head.

Ithaca, N. Y., February 12.—Arthur Wellgoose, the Cornell long distance runner, has been found deficient in his studies and has been dropped by the university.

Vapo-Cresolene

(Established 1879.)
"Cures While You Sleep."

Whooping-Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Coughs, Diphtheria, Catarrh.

Confidence can be placed in a remedy, which for a quarter of a century has earned unqualified praise. Restful nights are assured at once.

Cresolene Is a Boon to Asthmatics
All Druggists

Send postal for descriptive booklet.

Cresolene Antiseptic Throat Tablets for the irritated throat, of your druggist or from us. 10c. in stamps.

The Vapo-Cresolene Co., 180 Fulton St., N. Y.



MEN'S DISEASES



Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility, Blood Poison, Stricture, Gleet and all other Private or Contracted Troubles are successfully treated and cured by me. Call and see me about your case if you want reliable treatment with prompt and permanent results. Consultation free. All transactions are satisfactory and confidential. Office hours, 9 to 1, 2 to 7. Sundays, 10 to 1.

DR. J. THOMAS GAULT,
412-13-14 Austell Bldg., (4th Floor)
ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON WAS DULL AND TRADING LIGHT

New Orleans Exchange Only One Doing Business.

Holiday in New York on Account of Lincoln's Birthday—Exchanges Closed—Cotton in New Orleans Closed Unchanged to 1 Point Advance.

New Orleans, February 12.—Cotton spots quiet and steady. Sales 1,525 bales. Low ordinary 7¾c, nominal; ordinary 9 1-16cc, nominal; good ordinary 10c; low middling 11c; middling 11¾c; good middling 12 3-16; middling fair 12 11-16; fair 13 5-16c. Receipts 5,872; stock 223,290. Futures opened dull, 1 to 4 points above the close yesterday, which was about due on the cables, Liverpool making a somewhat better showing than expected. The holiday in the New York market in observance of Lincoln's birthday aided in adding to the dullness which prevailed, and trading was in small volume. There was some evidence of a renewal of interest in spots and this proved one of the few bullish features of the day, checking the downward course which marked the active list. Although no serious factor of a bearish nature presented itself, dullness resulted in a gradual recession in values and at the close, which was quiet, the active months were unchanged to 1 point above the close yesterday.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Last Sale	Close	Prev. Close.
Feb ..	11.37	.....	.....	.....	11.36	11.35
March.	11.27	11.26	11.22	.....	.....	11.26
April .	11.20	.....	.....	.....	11.17	11.16
May . .	11.20	11.19	11.18	.....	11.16	11.16
June .	11.10	.....	.....	.....	11.08	11.08
July . .	11.07	11.07	11.02	.....	11.04	11.04
Oct ·..	11.10	.....	.....	.....	11.09	11.10
Dec ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	11.00	.....

Holiday on the Exchanges.

New Orleans had the only cotton exchange open yesterday. The stock, cotton, produce exchanges of New York, the Chicago board of trade, the exchanges of St. Louis, Boston and Baltimore, were closed on account of the anniversary of the birthday of Lincoln.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New Orleans, February 12.—Cotton seed oil: Prime 37c.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton, by wagons, 11 11-16c.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, February 12.—Closing: Cotton, spot, in limited demand; prices 2 points lower. American middling fair 6.91; good middling 6.55; middling 6.29; low middling 5.95; good ordinary 5.53; ordinary 5.03. The sales of the day were 5,090 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and include 4,700 American. Receipts 7,000 bales, including 4,900 American. Futures opened quiet and closed idle.

	Opening.	Close.
February..	5.85½-5.85	5.83
February-March..	.....	5.81½
March-April	5.82½-5.84	5.81½
April-May	5.81½-5.83	5.80½
May-June	5.80 -5.81½	5.79
June-July	5.76 -5.79	5.76½
July-August	5.72 -5.74	5.72
August-September ..	5.61½	5.62
September-October ..	5.49½-5.54	5.51½
October-November ..	5.40 -5.45	5.42
November-December.	5.38½-5.42	5.39½

London Stock Exchange.

London, February 12.—Consols for money 87 1-16; for account 87¼. Atchison 70½; do, preferred, 87½; Illinois Central 127; Louisville and Nashville 94½; Southern railway 10½; do, preferred, 31½.

Bar silver steady, 26 7-16d. Money 3½@3¾ per cent. Discount for short bills 3⅞ per cent; three months 3⅞@3 13-16d.

Paris, February 12.—Closing: Three per cent rentes 96 francs 87½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 17½ centimes for checks.

Berlin, February 12.—Exchange on London 20 marks 48¼ pfennigs for checks.

Discount rates, short bills 5 per cent; three months 4⅝ per cent.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, February 12.—Closing: Wheat, spot, easy; No. 2 red western winter 7s 5d. Futures steady; March 7s 7½d; aMy 7s 3½d; July 7s 4½d. Corn, spot, steady; prime mixed American new 5s 2½d; do, old, 5s 4¾d; new northern 5s 2¾d. Futures steady February nominal, March 5s 2⅝d.

Flour, winter patent dull, 30s.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, February 12.—Today's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance $268,007,675; gold coin and bullion $27,178,271; gold certificates $39,005,850.

Groceries.

(Corrected by Oglesby Grocery Co.)

Atlanta, Ga., February 12.—Coffee: Arbuckle's, per 100 pounds, $10; green, choice 10@11c; No. 7 Rio 9½c. Sugar, standard granulated 5.20c; yellow clarified 4⅝c; New York C 4⅜c. Salt, 100-pound sacks, 50c; barrel bulk $2.40, ice cream, 200-pound sacks, $1.00. Cheese, Alderny brand, $9.15. Crackers, soda, 6½c. Oysters, full weight, $2.10 case. White fish, 60-pound keg, $2.85; white fish, 100-pound keg, $4.25; macaroni, Ec. Potash, Giant, $3.25 case. Red Seal $3.80 case. Peanuts, Virginia handpicked 6½c; North Carolina handpicked 6½c. Rice, best new crop, 7c. Rope, 4-ply cotton, 22½c. Soap, ivory, $4.00 case; Polo $2.30 case; Lenox $3.65; Octagon $3.90 case; Red Wrapper $1.60 case. Snuff, 1-pound pars, Macaboy 48c; 10-cent jars Macaboy $6.00. Cheroots, Old Virginia, $12.00. Axle grease, Diamond, $1.75 case; Mica $3.25 case. Baking powder, 1-pound Royal, $4.30 case; ½-pound Royal $5.00 case; Good Luck $3.75 case. Beans, navy $2.75. Roast beef $2.75 case; corn beef $2.75 case; chipped beef $2.70 case. Van Camp's cream, small, case $3.05. Sardines, mustard $3.50 case. Salmon, pink, $4.50 case. Sardines, ¼-oil, $3.75 case; ¼ mustard $3.25 case. Tomatoes, 2-pound, $1.65 case; 3-pound, $2.25 case. Corn, 2-pound, New York, case $1.60. Milk, Eagle brand, $6.60 case; Winner brand $5.20 case; Dime brand $4.20 case. Grits, 98-pound bags, $1.90.

Flour and Grain.

(Corrected by A. P. Morgan Grain Co.)

Atlanta, Ga., February 12.—Flour: Diamond patent $6.25; Postelle Elegant $7.00; Massoutah Star $5.75; fancy patents $5.25; Red Eagle $5.60; Red Feather $5.35. No. 2 white corn, new 78c; mixed oats 64c. Pure white bran $1.55; cotton seed hulls $12.50 per ton. White clipped oats 68c; rust proof oats 80c; cotton seed meal $25.50 per ton. Hay, No. 1 large timothy, $1.25.

Cincinnati, February 12.—Flour quiet, oats firm, 98@98½. Corn firm, 56@57. Oats steady, 51@51½. Rye steady 87@88. Provisions steady.

Cincinnati, February 12.—Eggs steady and unchanged. Butter steady; creamery 35@36; creamery first 33½@34; dairy 21. Poultry steady; young chickens 11@14; hens 11; turkeys 11½@12½.

Live Stock.

Chicago, February 12.—Cattle: Receipts about 17,000; market steady. Beeves $3.75@6.00; cows and heifers $1.75@4.60; Texans $3.50@4.10; calves $5.00@7.00; westerners $3.75@4.60; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.65.

Hogs: Receipts about 35,000; market 5 cents higher. Lights $4.15@4.47 1-2; mixed 4.20@4.52 1-2; heavies $4.20@4.55; roughs $4.20@4.30; pigs $3.50@4.30; bulk of sales $4.40@4.45.

Sheep: Receipts about 14,000; market strong.

St. oLuis, Februany 12.—Cattle: Receipts 3,500, including 850 Texans; market steady and strong. Beef steers $3.50@6.00; stockers and feeders $2.40@4.60; cows and heifers $3.00@5.00; Texas steers $2.90@5.50; cows and heifers $1.75@3.75.

Hogs: Receipts 9,500; market steady. Pigs and lights $3.50@4.40; packers $4.00@4.45; butchers and best heavy $4.45@4.50.

Sheep: Receipts 500; market steady. Natives $3.20@5.25; lambs $4.50@4.85.

Kansas City, Mo., Februry 12.—Cattle: Receipts 7,000, including 300 southerns; market steady and strong. Native steers $4.40@5.80; southern steers $3.75@5.00; southern cows $2.50@3.60; native cows and heifers $2.40@5.00; stockers and feeders $3.25@4.80; western steers $4.25@5.40.

Hogs: Receipts 22,000; market higher; bulk of sales $4.25@4.45.

Sheep: Receipts 22,000; market steady. Muttons $4.50@5.50; lambs $6.00@6.80; range wethers $4.75@6.10; fed ewes $4.25@5.00.

Fruit and Vegetables.

Atlanta, Ga., February 12.—Bananas, straight, per bunch, $1.25; culls 65@75c. Tomatoes, fancy, $1.75@2.00; celery, choice, per dozen, 65@75c. Potatoes $1.00@1.15 per bushel. Florida oranges, fancy $2.25@2.50; navel $2.50@2.75. Grapefruit, $4.25@4.50. Okra $1.50@1.75.

Country Produce.

Atlanta Ga., February 12.—Eggs, No. 1, 24@25c. Butter, table, 25c; cooking butter 14@15c. Dressed poultry, fries, 20@22c per pound; hens 12½@13c per poultry, cocks 7@8c per pound; turkeys 15@18c per pound, demand slow. Live poultry, hens 40@42½c. Lettuce $1.75@2.00 drum. Beans $2.00@2.25. Cauliflower dull, 5@6c per pound. Cabbage 1½c. Peppers, fancy $1.50 per crate. Onions $1.25 bushel.

Provisions.

Atlanta Ga., February 12.—Dry salt extra ribs $7.07½; supreme lard, basis 9½c. Compound 7¾c. Supreme hams in it. Hand engraved. Liberal 13c; matchless hams 12c.

NOTICE

To Cast Iron Pipe, Hydrant and Fire Hydrant Companies

At a letting to be had at the City Hall in Cordele, Ga., on the 18th instant, bids are invited by Personal Representatives to furnish 2,930 feet 8-inch Cast Iron Pipe of standard make and guaranteed weight and thickness; 6,680 feet 6-inch, 2,956 feet 4-inch; 33 standard Fire Hydrants; 4 8-inch Valves, 8 6-inch and 6 4-inch Valves, and about one ton of specials.

Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

J. P. HUGHES,
Chairman Water Works Com.
February 13, 1908.

Municipal Bonds

Choice issues always on hand. Write for descriptive circulars.

The Robinson-Humphrey Co.
ATLANTA, GA.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Netting 3½ to 6½ Per Cent
Correspondence Invited
JOHN W. DICKEY
AUGUSTA, GA.

WILLIAM E. BUSH
Investment Securities.
Augusta, Ga.

Southern Exchange, Brokers
References: Fourth National Bank, Lowry National Bank, 237 A. Equitable Bldg., Baltimore, Md.
COTTON—STOCKS—GRAIN

THOMAS B. PAINE & COMPANY

STOCKS AND BONDS
Local Securities Bought and Sold.
Orders Executed on the New York Stock Exchange.
We make a specialty of Georgia Railway and Electric Company Stock.
Telephone 353 Main. 831 Equitable Building.

ROBERT MOORE & CO., Cotton Merchants

56 Beaver Street (Delmonico Bldg.) New York
Members New York Cotton Exchange and Liverpool Cotton Association
SOUTHERN SPOT COTTON OFFICE
1212 Fourth National Bank Building, ATLANTA, GA.
S. C. BAKER, Manager
Bell Phone 3358 Main Long Distance 39
CORRESPONDENCE WITH SOUTHERN MILLS ESPECIALLY INVITED

HUBBARD BROS. & CO., Cotton Merchants

HANOVER SQUARE, NEW YORK
Members New York Cotton Exchange, New Orleans Cotton Exchange, Liverpool Cotton Association, Chicago Board of Trade, New York Produce Exchange, New York Coffee Exchange.
Orders solicited for the purchase and sale of cotton for future delivery. Direct wire service. Correspondence invited.

H. L. Carpenter, J. N. Carpenter, Atmore L. Baggott, Sterrett Tate.
CARPENTER, BAGGOT & CO.
17-21 WILLIAM STREET (Ground Floor). NEW YORK.
MEMBERS:
N. Y. Stock Exchange, Philadelphia Stock Exchange,
N. Y. Cotton Exchange, N. O. Cotton Exchange,
N. Y. Coffee Exchange, Liverpool Cotton Association,
Chicago Board of Trade, N. Y. Produce Exchange.
DO A GENERAL BROKERAGE BUSINESS. CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.
HERBERT H. BROWN.

Alonzo Richardson & Co.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS AND BANK EXAMINERS
EMPIRE BUILDING ATLANTA, GA
A Staff of Thoroughly Trained and Qualified Accountants, Whose Experience Enables Them to Make a Critical Analysis of Books and Accounts.

THE AUDIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK

The Oldest and Foremost Corporation Engaged in Accounting
Bell Phone 3309 Main 1310 Candler Building
HARRY M. RICE SOUTHERN MANAGER

THE ATLANTA TRI-WEEKLY CONSTITUTION

OF NEXT WEEK
WILL GO INTO
350,000
OF THE BEST
RURAL HOMES
IN THE SOUTH

HAVEN'T you something to sell these people? Or do you not wish to buy something from them? You can insert a small Ad. that will be read by this vast throng of people.

Phone 836 and we will send a representative to see you.

Atlanta Constitution

AUR-MIN-O CURES
DRUNKENNESS
with or without the knowledge of patient. Destroys all desire for drink. Home remedy. Absolutely harmless. Cure effected or money refunded. BOOK FREE.
Guaranteed under Pure Food Law.
Aurmino A, powders, secret remedy.
Aurmino B, tablets, taken voluntarily.
Either form, $1 per box, 6 for $5.
Send for BOOK mailed FREE.
AURMINO CO., 110 W. 34th St., N. Y. FOR SALE BY
ELKIN-WATSON DRUG CO.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. T. Dorsey, P. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr., Hugh M. Dorsey and Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman, Attorneys at Law.
Offices 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209 and 210 Kiser building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long distance telephones 3023, 3024 and 3025, Atlanta, Ga.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOES FOR MEN

I make and sell more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, and wear longer than any other $3.50 shoes.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOE
CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.
W.L.Douglas Boys' Shoes $1.75 & $2
CAUTION W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute.
Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.
Catalog Free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas Shoe Store
11 Peachtree St., Atlanta.

OPIUM WHISKEY—ALL DRUG HABITS
Treated by us at your home, or at our Sanitarium. Book and particulars FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY & CO., Office, 104 N. Pryor St., ATLANTA, GA.

Save Your Money.
One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills
They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels
No Reckless Assertion
For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse
TUTT'S Liver PILLS

EXPERT SPECIALIST



For Men Only.
I guarantee to cure Varicocele, Lost Vigor, Piles, Blood and Skin Diseases, Kidney, Urinary and Bladder Trouble, Unnatural Discharges and all Nervous, Chronic, Contracted and Private Diseases of MEN ONLY.
Consultation, Examination and Advice free and invited.
My best reference and guarantee: PAY WHEN CURED. Call today or write. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.
DR. W. T. ELLISON,
206 Austell Bldg. No. 10 N. Forsyth St.
Atlanta, Ga.

Special Discount off
WINTER SUITS
A. SATZKY
116 N. Pryor St. Candler Building

CAPUDINE
CURES COLDS and GRIPP It Removes the Cause.
Relieves the aches and feverishness.
Contains No Acetanilide

KIRK'S ELEGANT SILVERWARE
Established Ninety Years.
Made and Sold only at 106-108 Balto. St.
BALTIMORE, MD.

20 MEALS $5.00
Splendid table board. Three minutes walk center of city.
ROOMS BY DAY OR NIGHT
Special rates to families.
THE BALLARD
MRS. F. A. VOORHEES



Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO. 44 East 23d Street, NEW YORK.
For Sale by Jacobs' Pharmacy.

WANTED
Have several
CASH CUSTOMERS
for homes in good residence sections. If you will sell at reasonable figure for cash, See
LIEBMAN
Real Estate—Renting,
28 Peachtree St.

ONLY MARSE ABE REWARDS TALENT

He Was Held at Prohibitive Odds of 1 to 3.

The Other Events at New Orleans Were Taken by Non-Favorites—Woodlane Takes the Mississippi Selling Stakes.

New Orleans, La., February 12.—Favorites did badly at the Fair Grounds today, only one winning. This winner was Marse Abe at 1 to 3, in the first race. Little money was bet, at the prohibitive odds as bookmakers would not take large bets.

The Mississippi selling stakes, $1,000 added, was won by Woodlane, in an exciting finish.

The filly Smart, of the Duryea stable, was shot today, having been badly cut down in a recent start.

Weather cloudy; track slow.

FIRST RACE—Three and a half furlongs: Marse Abe, 118 (Notter), 1 to 3, won; Tony W., 113 (Nicol), 12 to 1, second; Pocotaligo, 103 (Murphy), 40 to 1, third. Time, 44 3-5. Roseburg II, Lillian Ray, Grotto, Dispute, Jack Combs, Little Mose, Nigger Baby and Lady Chilton also ran.

SECOND RACE—Five and a half furlongs, selling: Tea Leaf, 112 (McDaniel), 12 to 1, won; My Love, 112 (Heidel), 6 to 1, second; Night Mist, 107 (Walsh), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:11 1-2. Mate Fletcher, Florence N., Frescati, Joyful Lady, Divorcee, Queen's Souvenir, Bitter Fair, Culture and Listerine also ran.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs, selling: Hasty Agnes, 112 (Notter), 5 to 1, won; Mae Hamilton, 112 (Koerner), 15 to 1, second; Lotus Brandt, 112 (Powers), 3 to 1 third. Time, 1:10 3-5. Tartar Maid, Inauguration, Linda Lake, Oroba, Javotte and Osmunda also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs, the Mississippi selling stakes: Woodlane, 99 (Sumter), 4 to 1, won; Aunt Rose, 95 (Henry) 5 to 1, second; Al Muller, 100 (McCahey), 3 to 5, third. Time, 1:17 1-5. Miss Delaney, Banrida, Thomas Calhoun and Lady Souffle also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Ralbert, 111 (Nicol), 3 to 1, won; French Nun, 101 (S. Flynn), 2½ to 1, second; Funiculaire, 108 (McDaniel), 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 2-5. Come on Sam, Granada, Diebold, Lady Maia, Tyrolian, Mafalda and Kiamesha II also ran.

SIXTH RACE—One and three-sixteenths miles, selling: Bright Boy, 97 (J. W. Murphy), 18 to 5, won; High Bear, 105 (V. Powers), 11 to 5, second; John McBride, 97 (Molesworth), 2 to 1, third. Time, 2:07. Lady Charade, First Mason, George Vivian, Red Coat and Gladiator also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—One and three sixteenth miles selling: John Smulski, 105 (S. Flynn), 15 to 1, won; Hooray, 97 (J. Sumter), 7 to 5, second; Paul, 107 (V. Powers), 3 to 1, third. Time 2:04 4-5. Lady Alicia, Sea Salt, Docile and Besterling also ran.

Fair Ground Entries for Today.

First Race—Three furlongs, selling: Eustacian, Columbus, 95; Budd, 100; Mique O'Brien, Excelsisis, Warden, Swing, 103; Trappe, 105; Edwin L., 106; Presfix, Servicence, Figgy Miller, Irrigator, Puddin, 108; Tyler 111.

Second Race—Six furlongs, selling: Task Master, 90; Milo, 93; Dick Rose, 95; Padrone, Prince Bowling, Floridaglen, 98; Sir Maurice, 99; Rifle Range, Orfano, 100; Bobbin Around, 103; Financier, Risk, 109; King's Plate, 115.

Third Race—Five furlongs, purse: Fryeshush, 92; The Thorn, E. T. Shipp, 94; The Bear, 101; Toy Boy, 106; Platoon, 110.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs, handicap: Bellwether, 93; Lens, 105; Sir Toddington, Pasedena, Hyperion II, 113; Jack Atkin, 138.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling: Pinsticker, 96; Artful Dodger, Mr. Peabody, 97; Etrena, De Reszke, 99; Floaway, 100; Tivolini, 101; Halbard, 104; Fred Mulholland, Royal Onyx, Comedienne, 108; Meadow Breeze, Adesso, Flaxman, 109; Keato, 114.

Sixth Race—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Apt, Melange, Javotto, 92; Arrow Swift, Pat Ornus, 94; Sainesaw, 95; Ethel Carr, Thomas Calhoun, 97; Gold Quest, Pedigree, 100; Apple Toddy, George H. White, 102; Rural Boy, 108.

Seventh Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Ferromiere, Rose of Pink, Wabash Queen, Sister Polly, 97; Lady Ethel, 99; Lemon Girl, Mazonia, Athena, Etta M, Lady Oakland, 102; Tyrolian, 107.

EVERHART BESTS GRAHAM

In Ten-Round Contest Before New Orleans Club.

New Orleans, La., February 12.—After several years' absence from the ring, Jack Everhart, formerly a well known fighter at the middleweight, came back tonight, and won the decision over Jack Graham, of Kansas City, in a ten-round contest, at the Southern Athletic Club. Graham was much the younger man.

Beveridge Speaks in Chicago.

Chicago, February 12.—Senator Albert J. Beveridge, of Indiana, was the principal speaker at the annual Lincoln day banquet of the Marquette Club, here, tonight. Another speaker was James H. Garfield, secretary of the interior, who spoke on "Special Privileges," reviewing the cases in which he has been interested in which rebating and other forms of corporate abuses have been alleged.

Your catalog is your sole representative to a host of your patrons. Upon its clarity and attractiveness depends its success. Upon its success depends an appreciable portion of your business.

Adopt the standard of catalog quality to which the American Bank Note Company has conformed for a century and you will realize to the utmost the earning power of your business literature.

Estimates on request.

American Bank Note Company
C. B. WYNKOOP, Dist. Sales Agt.
Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga.

CLEVER WORK WITH THE CUE

Joe Hood Will Give Exhibition at Samuels' Parlors Tonight.

Joe Hood, champion fancy pool and trick billiard player of the world, gave an exhibition at Case's poolroom last night, there being in attendance over 1,000 enthusiasts. Many were turned away, being unable to witness the event. In view of this fact a second exhibition will be given tonight, in order that those who did not have a chance to see may do so, at Sig Samuel's place, corner Mitchell and Forsyth streets.

Hood is the master of one hundred seemingly impossible shots. He does something no other player in the world has ever done, to shoot while blindfolded. Among the best tricks are: To pocket a ball placed in the triangle without disturbing the triangle; at one shot to pocket 14 balls in six pockets; to put three balls into one pocket at one shot; to put three balls into three pockets at one shot; to pocket six balls into six pockets at one shot while blindfolded. His stunts are numerous and bewildering.



JOE HOOD,
Pool and Billiard Expert.

Series on Saturday.

An exciting series of pool games will begin at Sig Samuel's parlors at 8:30 o'clock on Saturday night, when E. L. Prater and H. Kohan will meet in the first of five matches for the championship of Atlanta.

The five games will be distributed throughout the week, the last one to be played Saturday night week. Mr. Kohan now holds the title of city champion, having acquired it at a recent tourney. Prater is touted to be a wonder with the cue and a hot go is expected. The exhibitions are open to pool lovers.

At Oakland

Oakland, Cal., February 12.—Byron, a 25 to 1 chance, won the first race at Oakland over a slow track today in a hard drive, and by a narrow margin from Altair and Hose Cherry. Import made a runaway race of the fourth, and won as he pleased. The Englishman was close up all the way, but could not catch the winner, although he managed to hold the place safe from Mill Song, which was an easy third.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Byron, 95 (Gilbert), 25 to 1, won; Altair, 93 (Charboneau), 5 to 1, second; Rose Cherry, 104 (Coles), 11 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 2-5. Crigli, Peerless Lass, Ambitious, Patriotic, Bannatyne, Mattie H., Paladini and Royal Scot also ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Belle of Iroquois, 104 (W. Kelly), 18 to 5, won; Sophomore, 94 (Carroll), 30 to 1, second; Lord Provost, 109 (A. Kelly), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 1-5. Billy Meyer, Curriculum, Salvage, Banposal and Hal ran.

THIRD RACE—Three and a half furlongs, purse: Work Box, 108 (Musgrave), even, won; Pinola, 95 (Gilbert), 60 to 1, second; Ornate, 105 (Kirschbaum) 6 to 1, third. Time, 42 2-5. Hazlet, Opulent, Toll Box, Tom Hayward, Caronia and Tellary ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Import, 96 (Gilbert), even, won; The Englishman, 107 (Hayes), 14 to 5, second; Mill Song, 102 (Kirschbaum), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:54. Mandator, Jake Moose ran.

FIFTH RACE—One mile and seventy yards: Warning, 106 (Keogh), 16 to 5, won; Tarp, 98 (Sullivan), 12 to 5, second; Rotrou, 105 (Borel), 17 to 1, third. Time, 1:51 1-5. Arcourt, Elmdale, King of the Mist, Zick Abrams and Tancred ran.

SIXTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs, Pinola handicap: Bucolic, 95 (Charboneau), 9 to 2, won; Pajaroita, 103 (Rice), 9 to 10, second; Seven Full, (Kirschbaum), 16 to 1, third. Time, 1:08 4-5. Deutschland, Senator Warner and Blue Heron ran.

Silent and Dramatic.

The most dramatic of silent men was Wallenstein, the antagonist of Gustavus Adolphus and the commander of the emperor's armies in the thirty years war. He insisted that the deepest silence should reign about him. His officers took care that no loud conversation should disturb their general. They knew that a chamberlain had been hanged for waking him without orders and that an officer who would wear clanking spurs in the commander's presence had been secretly put to death. In the rooms of his palace the servants glided as if they were phantoms, and a dozen sentinels moved about his tent charged to secure the silence the general demanded. Chains were stretched across the streets in order to guard him against the disturbance of sounds. Wallenstein's taciturnity, which made him shun speech, and his love of silence, which caused him to be irritated at the slightest noise, were due to his constitutional temperament. He never smiled, he never asked advice from any one, and he could not endure to be gazed at, even when giving an order. The soldiers, when he crossed the camp, pretended not to see him, knowing that a curious look would bring them punishment.

SIX AUTOS RACE GOTHAM TO PARIS

Machines That Are Contesting Left New York Wednesday.

THOUSANDS SAW THE START

Each Car Bears the Flag of Its Own Nation and That of the United States—The Contesting Cars Are Queer Looking Machines.

New York, February 12.—The six automobiles contesting in the New York to Paris race started from Times square, Forty-second street and Broadway, at 11:15 a. m., today, cheered by a throng of several thousand people.

Accompanied by more than 200 motors of all descriptions, the racing machines made their way up Broadway and Riverside drive to the city limits, where they turned north on the road to Albany. From that city the route to San Francisco, which is the objective point of the first stage of the trip, lies across New York to Buffalo, thence through Cleveland to Toledo, and Chicago to Omaha, Cheyenne, Ogden, Reno, Goldfield, San Luis, Obispo and San Francisco.

Great Gathering of Autos.

Mayor McClellan was to have given the word to start, but was delayed, and Colgate Hoyt, of the Automobile Club of America, took his place. All traffic in the neighborhood of Times square was stopped a half-hour before the start. Automobiles clogged the intersecting streets and lined the route for many blocks up Broadway. No such aggregation of machines has been seen in or about New York since the last Vanderbilt cup race was run. A band in the grand stand played the anthems of the nation as the cars lined up for the start. A pistol shot sent the contestants away amid the cheering of the people and the hoarse tooting of hundreds of automobile horns.

Queer Looking Machines.

The contesting cars are the queerest looking machines ever devised for motoring purposes. With their heavy equipment of stores and camp utensils, several of them were a modern representation of the old prairie schooner.

One resembled a hook and ladder truck with long running boards on either side, equipped with axes, shovels, ropes and a dozen other articles. The clothing of the drivers varied from black bearskin to a pure white fur outfit and head dress worn by a French team.

Three French cars, one German, one Italian and one American started in the race. Each machine carried the flag of its own nation and that of the United States. They were plentifully decorated with signs and placards so there could be no mistaking their identity. The buildings surrounding Times square were decorated with flags and bunting, and the start was quite spectacular. Estimates vary as to the length of time the race will require. From six to nine months, it is believed, will be consumed.

FALL FROM WINDOW
Old soft, stiff and silk hats cleaned, reshaped. Bussey, 28½ Whitehall street.

AT SANTA ANITA

Los Angeles, Cal., February 12.—But one favorite won at Santa Anita Park today, the other races being captured by three outsiders and two second choices.

FIRST RACE—One mile: Toupee, 106 (Shriner), 7 to 1, won; Pal, 106 (W. Miller), 5 to 1, second; Wexford, 106 (Schilling), 4 to 5, third. Time 1:39 3-5. Meddling Daisy, Cinnibar, Columbia Girl and Adoration ran.

SECOND RACE—Four furlongs: Marion Delorne, 107 (Schilling), 7 to 1, won; Lucky Mate, 110 (Shriner), 7 to 2, second; High Ormonde, 110 (Moriarity), 5 to 1, third. Time 48 1-5. Gana Dinro, Harry Stanhope, Bennis S, King of the Camp, Ollie Ward, Chinquapin, Annie Wells ran.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Lord Nelson, 101 (Buxton), 7 to 1, won; La Gloria, 101 (Martin), 7 to 10, second; Billy Bowlegs, 96 (Dugan), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:13. Lady Vashti, Diamond, Bonito, Han de Oro, Godfather also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs: Colonel Bob, 110 (Taylor), 11 to 5, won; Rose Gal, 105 (Dugan), 2 to 1, second; Bambro, 107 (Boland), 20 to 1, third. Time 1:06 1-5. Turnaway, C. W. Burt, All Alone and Hidden Hand also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and three-sixteenths: Marster, 106 (W. Miller), 5 to 2, won; Frank Flittner, 109 (Harty), 5 to 2, second; E. T. Fryer, 99 (Ross), 4 to 5, third. Time 2:00 2-5. Three starters.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and three-sixteenths: La Chata, 117 (Schilling), 7 to 10, won; Vivant, 117 (Harty), 6 to 1, second; Ben Ellen, 117 (Ross), 4 to 1, third. Time 1:00 2-5. Oconomoqoc, Vindicta, Queen of the Camp, Princess Marie and Brigetta also ran.

Yawning.

There can be little doubt that one of the objects of yawning is the exercise of muscles which have been for a long time quiescent and the acceleration of the blood and lymph flow which has in consequence of this quiescence become sluggish; hence its frequency after one has remained for some time in the same position—e. g., when waking in the morning. Co-operating with this cause is sleepiness and the shallow breathing which it entails. This factor as well as muscle quiescence is apt to attend the sense of boredom which one experiences in listening to a dull sermon; hence it is that the bored individual is apt to yawn. As in the case of sighing, the deep breath which accompanies the act of yawning compensates for the shallow breathing which is so apt to excite it.—"Therapeutic Aspects of Talking," by Dr. H. Campbell.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
During the past 35 years no remedy has proven more prompt or more effectual in its cures of
Coughs, Colds and Croup
than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. In many homes it is relied upon as implicitly as the family physician. It contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. Price 25c; large size 50c

Wanted Furnished House

We have a customer—only two in family—who wishes to rent on lease to Sept. 1st, a furnished house in best North Side locality. Prefers a place of not over 6 or 7 rooms. Must be strictly modern.

Forrest & George Adair

EXCHANGE COLLEGE PARK HOME

Good, well built, six-room house, on lot 100x190 feet, now renting for $25 per month. This is a very desirable home, being two blocks east of Cox College and car line. Plenty of shade. Owner will exchange for vacant North Side lot or part payment on home. What have you? Call at office.

S. B. TURMAN & CO.

Real Estate Bargains

2 Good Houses, rent $18.50 month	$1,650
6-Room Cottage, leased $17.50 month	$1,750
6-Room, 2-Story House, rent $18.50 month	$1,800
2 Houses, rent $10.00 month	$850
5-Room Grant Park Cottage, rent $15.60 month	$1,400
Large Corner House and Store, rent $20.50 month	$1,600
3 Double Houses, rent $36.00 month	$3,000

All in good condition. Terms can be arranged.

LOGAN & ROSE
Phones: 2102 Main, 676 Standard
301 Peters Building

PIEDMONT AVENUE LOT
SWAP OR SALE.

Corner lot, 78x204 feet. Best lot in the city and a bargain, for $6,750. Say, I can sell 8 feet on inside for $750; you can cut off a lot on other street, 50x78, and sell for $1,000; it would be mighty cheap at that. Will sell for cash or swap for renting property.

2 BRICK STORES—rents $75 month, in fine renting section, $6,500.

CARL H. FISCHER,
1114 4th National Bank Building. Bell Phone 3860.

Best For All Ordinary Uses
Our XX Good Quality Envelopes
Size 6 3-4 { 10,000 for $12.50; 25,000 for $27.50; 50,000 for $52.50
Printed with corner card or address in one color
ATLANTA ENVELOPE CO.
Bell Phone 668; Atlanta Phone 271. 109 S. Forsyth St., ATLANTA, GA.

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the six months ending December 31, 1907, of the condition of the

Cosmopolitan Fire Insurance Co. of New York,

organized under the laws of the State of New York, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State.
Principal office 95 William Street.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Whole amount of capital stock		$300,000
2. Amount paid up in cash		300,000—$300,000 00

II. ASSETS.

3. Stocks and bonds owned absolutely by the company, par value, $748,000		$669,775 00
6. Cash belonging to the company deposited in bank	$38,570.26	
7. Cash in hands of agents and in course of transmission	110,523.53	
Total cash items (carried out)		149,093 79
9. Amount of interest actually due and accrued and unpaid		6,433 68
Total assets of the company, actual cash market value		$825,302 47

III. LIABILITIES.

1. Losses adjusted and unpaid	$25,520.45	
2. Gross losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses	39,162.00	
3. Losses resisted, including interest, cost and all other expenses thereon	3,830.00	
4. Total amount of claims for losses	$70,512.45	
5. Deduct reinsurance thereon	5,647.56	
6. Net amount of unpaid losses (carried out)		$64,864 89
10. The amount of reserve for reinsurance		414,156 32
12. Joint stock capital actually paid up in cash		300,000 00
13. Surplus beyond all liabilities		46,281 26
14. Total liabilities		$825,302 47

IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1907.

1. Amount of cash premiums received	$322,987 37
2. Received for interest	13,749 35
4. Income received from all other sources	581 94
6. Total income actually received during the last six months in cash	$337,318 66

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1907.

1. Amount of losses paid	$170,086 58
3. Amount of expenses paid, including fees, salaries and commissions to agents and officers of the company	145,211 45
4. Paid for state, national and local taxes in this and other states	6,417 40
Total expenditures during the last six months of the year in cash	$321,715 44
Greatest amount insured in any one risk	$20,000
Total amount of insurance oustanding	49,267,863

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Personally appeared before the undersigned William Wood, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Secretary of Cosmopolitan Fire Insurance Company and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.
WM. WOOD, Secretary.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 31st day of January, 1908.
E. S. INNET.
Notary Public, New York County.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.

L. B. Young, executrix, et al. v. Georgia Home Insurance Company, from Muscogee. Argument concluded.

Reynolds Banking Company v. H. H. Neisler, from Taylor. Argued.

E. C. Pierce et al. v. Middle Georgia Land and Lumber Company, from Taylor. Argued.

C. W. Lowe, admr., et al. v. W. D. Crawford, from Marion. Submitted.

PATAULA CIRCUIT.

Green Littleton v. C. W. Green et al., from Clay. Submitted.

Flowers Lumber Company v. Tom Brown, from Early. Argued.

C. T. Lowrey et al. v. W. B. Cheatham, ordinary, from Terrell. Submitted.

D. W. James et al. v. W. D. Ray et al., from Early. Argued.

Mrs. W. A. Buchanan v. D. W. James et al., from Early. Argued.

S. H. McCord v. P. H. Thompson, from Clay. Submitted.

M. L. Green v. Babcock Brothers Lumber Company, from Miller. Argued.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

Bank of Commerce v. New York Life Insurance Company, from Sumter. Argued.

DR. KING
SPECIALIST
NO 7 MARIETTA ST. ATLANTA, GA.



OUR BEST REFERENCE IS. NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED

Young, middle-aged and old, single and married men and all who suffer with Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, also Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Swellings, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life. Both sexes treated confidentially and privately. Piles, Fistula, Fissure and Rupture, Nervous Debility, Failing Memory. If you cannot call write regarding home treatment.
Hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday 9 to 1 only.
DR. KING MEDICAL CO.,
7 Marietta St., Atlanta.

CRICHTON'S Business College
Shorthand Department, R. G. Crichton. Business Department, D. M. Shumaker, Taurasse & Co., successful graduates. For catalog, address R. G. Crichton, Pres., Kiser Institute, Atlanta, Ga.

Advertise for whatever you want to buy, or what you have to sell, in The Tri-Weekly Constitution. You will reach just the people you want to reach. A three line ad week of February 17 will cost you only $2.25, and your ad will appear in 350,000 copies.

Special Notices.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

GILLESPIE—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Early Gillespie, Mrs. Sarah J. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Harnesberger, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Smith and Rev. and Mrs. I. J. Van Ness are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Early Gillespie today, Thursday, at 2 p. m., from the Capitol avenue Baptist church. The following gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son at 1 p. m.: Messrs. W. W. Orr, Geo. H. Jones, W. W. Gaines, T. A. Teasdale, Chas. M. Coyne, J. M. Selkirk.

HODGE—The friends and relatives of Mrs. Mary Hodge, Mrs. R. E. Woodbury, Mrs. John T. White, Mrs. W. S. Withers, Mrs. D. Hoyt, Mrs. J. B. Hudson, Mrs. John Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Woodbury, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Woodbury, Mrs. L. O. Mayo, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Woodbury, and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Withers are invited to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mary Hodge from the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son, 96 N. Forsyth street, at 3:30 p. m., Thursday, February 13, 1908. Remains will be sent for interment to Mount Zion church, Douglas county, Friday morning at 6:20.

MEETING NOTICE.

A regular communication of Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, Free and Accepted Masons, will be held in Masonic hall, corner of Mitchell and Forsyth streets, at 7:30 o'clock sharp this (Thursday) evening. The Fellow Craft degree is to be conferred, and Entered Apprentices and Fellow Crafts will be examined for advancement. Brethren of good standing are fraternally invited.
THOMAS EVANS,
Worshipful Master.
ZADOC B. MOON, Secretary.

CLOCKS
615 Temple Court | OF ALL KINDS REPAIRED BY | B. PHONE 582 WEST
JOHN W. LIVELY

THE GRAND
Saturday Next—Matinee and Night.
ADELAIDE THURSTON
And her company in THE PHILOSOPHER
And last season's success,
THE GIRL FROM OUT YONDER
Night prices, 25c. to $1. Matinee, 25c. to 75c.

Monday Eve., **FEB. 17th**
Engagement Extraordinary!!!
Schumann-Heink
The Greatest Singer of the Age.
Grand Opera Selections and Songs.
Prices 50c to $2.
SEATS NOW SELLING.

Thursday Night, February 20.
Daniel Frohman Presents
JAN KUBELIK
The eminent violinist and other artists.
Prices, 50c. to $2. Sale now on.

THE BIJOU
THIS WEEK.
Matinee Tues. Thurs. and Sat
James D. Barton and Company offer Ramsay Morris' Rural Play,
THE NINETY and NINE
NEXT WEEK, "RAFFLES."

The Orpheum
THE ORPHEUM MAKES ATLANTA WORTH WHILE.
MME. HERRMAN THE GREAT.
Guerin and Lamb, champion jumpers. Eight Feature Acts.
Matinees every day but Monday.
Uptown ticket office, Jacobs' Pharmacy. Phones, Bell 3146, Atlanta 1764.
NEXT WEEK, VINIE DALY.

RAILWAY SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains of the Following Roads, for information only, but not Guaranteed.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.
UNION STATION.
SCHEDULE EFFECTIVE SUNDAY JANUARY 5, 1908.
Schedule effective Sunday, January 5, 1908:

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
41 New York	8:40 am	87 Memphis	6:30 am
32 Memphis	12:25 pm	52 Richmond	7:00 am
35 New York	4:30 pm	32 New York	12:35 pm
52 Richmond	8:40 pm	33 Memphis	4:45 pm
36 Memphis	9:45 pm	36 New York	7:10 pm
34 Birm'ham	9:45 pm	37 Birm'ham	6:30 am
33 Birm'ham	12:25 pm	33 Birm'ham	4:45 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
UNION STATION.
NEW SCHEDULES EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, JANUARY 12, 1908.

No. Arrive From—		No. Depart To—	
95 Chicago	8:42 pm	94 Chicago	8:35 am
1 Nashville	7:55 pm	2 Nashville	8:35 am
71 Chat'n'ga	11:45 am	70 Chat'n'ga	4:50 pm
73 Rome	9:50 am	72 Rome	5:10 pm
93 Chicago	10:34 am	92 Chicago	7:13 pm
5 Nashville	7:10 am	4 Nashville	8:50 pm

North German Lloyd.
Fast Express Service

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN—10 A. M.	
Cecilie (new)	Feb. 18
Kaiser Wm. II	Mar. 3
Cecilie (new)	Mar. 17
Kronprinz Wm.	Mar. 24
Kaiser Wm. II	Mar. 31
Kaiser d. Gr.	Apr. 7
Cecilie (new)	Apr. 14
Kronprinz Wm.	Apr. 21
Kaiser Wm. II.	Apr. 28
Kaiser d. Gr.	May 5
Cecilie (new)	May 12
Kronprinz Wm.	May 19
Kaiser Wm. II.	May 26
Kaiser d. Gr.	June 2
Cecilie (new)	June 9
Kronprinz Wm.	June 16

Twin-Screw Passenger Service

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN—10 A. M.	
*Rhein	Feb. 27
*Seydlitz	Mar. 12
*Breslau	Mar. 26
*Barbarossa	Apr. 9
Seydlitz	Apr. 23
Luetzow	Apr. 30
*Kurfuerst	May 7
Main	May 14
*Rhein	May 21
*Seydlitz	May 28
*Neckar	May 30
Luetzow	June 4
Kurfuerst	June 11
Bremen	June 18
Friedrich	June 20
Friedrich Wm.	June 25

*Bremen direct.

Mediterranean Service
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA. AT 11 A. M. CONNECTING AT GIBRALTAR FOR ALGIERS.

*Neckar	Mar. 21
K. Alber	Mar. 28
P. Irene	Apr. 4
Friedrich	Apr. 11

*Omits Genoa.

North German Lloyd Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Oelrichs & Co., Agents, 5 Broadway, N. Y.
Wm. A. Stokes, Robt. B. Toy, Herman J. Haas
504 Century Building.

SEVEN LIMITED PARTIES TO EUROPE in April, May, June, July.
SPRING TOUR TO JAPAN.
Superior conductorship. Everything first-class
De Potter Tours, 32 B'way N. Y. (29th year)